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# STUDY OF FSA STANDARD LOAN RR BORROWERS: REGION II

## Part I. Characteristics of Borrowers, Progress of Borrowers, and Action for Rehabilitation

Tabulated Data for Administrative Use Only

Washington, D. C.

December 1941

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS  
WASHINGTON, D. C.  
GENERAL STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
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## INTRODUCTION

This set of tabular data with brief explanatory text is intended to make available for administrative use the results of certain tabulations from the study of Farm Security Administration standard loan rural rehabilitation borrowers. It is planned to make the results of additional tabulations available in a comparable form, prior to a more complete analysis and any formal report for general distribution. The tables in this set contain more detailed data than presented in the administrative memoranda which have been prepared to present the results of the study for all Regions combined. This study was made in each of the 12 FSA Regions by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics with the assistance of a Nation-wide WPA project and was initiated at the request of the Farm Security Administration.

Purpose of study.--The study was designed to utilize existing records for standard loan rural rehabilitation borrowers: (1) to determine the characteristics of borrowers at the time of entering the RR program, their experience during the year before entry, and the trends in types of borrowers selected, (2) to determine the progress of the borrowers since entering the RR program, (3) to analyze the action taken to facilitate rehabilitation, and (4) to analyze the factors associated with success or failure in rehabilitation.

The sample.--In Region II, 2,480 borrowers were studied. The sample represents approximately 20 percent of all standard loan RR borrowers in the Region whose first standard RR loan was authorized between March 1, 1936 and February 28, 1939, and who, in addition, had not received an emergency loan before March 1, 1936.

Source of data.--All data were obtained from records already available in the regional FSA office; there were no personal interviews with borrowers nor was there any checking back to the county offices. Records consulted included the following: Kardex, application for initial loan; farm and home plans, including "report of last year's business"; leases; debt-adjustment forms; and grant, loan, and collection records, including loan agreements and extensions or renewals, and correspondence.

To the extent that the available records permitted for the period covered by the study, data were obtained for both plan and performance for each year after the borrower's entry on the standard RR program as well as for performance during the year before entry on the program. No record of performance for the farm and home activities after entry on the program was available for 61.8 percent of the sample borrowers in Region II for whom such a record was expected; this percentage excludes those for whom no record was expected because the borrower received the first loan too late to complete a crop year before the end of the period covered by this study.





about the same change as those for whom records of change were available for this study. In contrast, the progress reports secure a record of performance after entry on the program for all borrowers sampled because the data are secured by the county offices.

Farm Security Administration policy, administrative procedures, changes in price levels and "acts of God" such as drought are all reflected in the tabulated data.

Types of tables presented.--This set of tabulated data includes the following subjects: Social characteristics, tenure, size of farm and crop production, receipts, expenditures, net worth, assets, liabilities, loans, repayments, grants, and debt adjustment. These tables show what the borrowers were like and what they did before entering the standard RR program, what they did after entry on the program and how they progressed, and what aid of a financial nature was given by FSA to implement the rehabilitation process.

Most of the tables showing what the borrowers were like and what they did before entering the program were tabulated by Areas or by the period in which the borrowers received their first standard loan or by both Areas and periods. Tables showing what the borrowers did after entry on the program and how they changed were tabulated for the Region as a whole, and by the number of crop years between the first standard loan and the time of the last record after entry on the program.

This study was directed by Olaf F. Larson. Data were transcribed in Region II by WPA workers supervised by R. A. Danielson, project supervisor, and by Roy L. Roberts, regional supervisor, who also assisted in the analysis of the data. Tabulations were supervised by Franklin M. Aaronson, assisted by Dorothy F. McCamman. Fred L. Garlock and George Y. Jarvis collaborated in the analysis of certain tables on financial items.

The first part of the report deals with the general situation of the country and the progress of the work of the Commission. It is followed by a chapter on the work of the Commission in the various fields of its activity.

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- 1/ "By periods" refers to period during which borrowers received first standard RR loan.
- 2/ "By number of crop years" refers to number of crop years between first standard RR loan and last available record of performance after entry on standard RR program.

Note: A table is for the Region, without a breakdown by States, periods, crop years or other controls unless the title indicates otherwise.

THE HISTORY OF THE  
CITY OF BOSTON

1790

CHAPTER I

1. The city of Boston, situated on a neck of land between the harbor and the bay, is one of the most important cities in the United States. It is the seat of government, and the center of commerce and industry. The city is bounded by the harbor to the south, the bay to the east, and the city of Cambridge to the north. The city is divided into several wards, and is governed by a mayor and a city council.

CHAPTER II

2. The city of Boston has a long and illustrious history. It was first settled by the English in 1630, and has since that time been a center of population and commerce. The city has been the scene of many important events, and has played a prominent part in the history of the United States. The city is famous for its harbor, its ships, and its merchants. It is also famous for its universities, its churches, and its public buildings. The city is a beautiful and interesting place to visit, and is well worth a day's journey.

CHAPTER III

3. The city of Boston is a city of many contrasts. It is a city of old and new, of rich and poor, of high and low. It is a city of many different people, of many different languages, and of many different customs. The city is a city of many different interests, and of many different opinions. The city is a city of many different problems, and of many different solutions. The city is a city of many different dreams, and of many different hopes.

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SUMMARY - SELECTED STATISTICS

Number of borrowers in sample: 2,480

Number of borrowers with a record of performance after entry on RR: 81%

Borrowers still active two to three years after first loan: 77 percent

Persons under 16 years of age as percent of all persons in households of borrowers: 43 percent

Median number of persons in household: 4.5

Most common family composition: (1) husband, wife, and 3 or more children under 16 and (2) husband, wife, 2 or more children under 16 and 1 or more 16 or older

Median age of household head: 39

Median grade finished by household head: 8.5

Households including male youths (nonstudents) aged 16 to 24: 21 percent

Borrowers living less than 1 year on the farm to be operated during crop year of first standard RR loan: 48 percent

Borrowers who were full or part owners during year before first loan: 33 percent

Borrowers who were full or part owners during last year of record: 33 percent

Borrowers who were not farm operators during major part of crop year before first loan: 30 percent

Median size of farm during year before first loan for borrowers having farms: 106 acres

Median size of farm during last year of record: 119 acres

Median acres in crops during year before first loan for borrowers who had land in crops: 52 acres

Median acres in crops during last year of record: 57 acres

Borrowers reporting gardens during year before first loan: 30 percent

Borrowers reporting gardens during last year of record: 43 percent

Median cash receipts during year before first loan: \$573





Median change in cash receipts: \$202

Borrowers reporting an increase in cash receipts: 72 percent

Median cash receipts from farm during year before first loan for borrowers with such receipts: \$496

Median change in cash receipts from farm for borrowers who had such receipts during year before first loan: \$175

Most common major source of receipts during year before first loan: (1) livestock and produce, (2) off-farm work

Most common major source of receipts during last year of record: livestock and produce

Borrowers with some receipts from off-farm work during year before first loan: 59 percent

Borrowers with some receipts from off-farm work during last year of record: 45 percent

Borrowers who were farm operators during year before first loan who reported receipts from AAA during year before first loan: 11 percent

Borrowers with receipts from AAA during last year of record: 32 percent

Median cash family operating expenditures planned during first year on standard RR program: \$325

Median net worth at time of first loan: \$929

Median net worth, excluding equity in farm real estate, at time of first loan: \$704

Median change in net worth: \$182

Median change in net worth, excluding equity in farm real estate: \$149

Borrowers reporting an increase in net worth: 64 percent

Borrowers reporting an increase in net worth, excluding equity in farm real estate: 64 percent

Median value of assets at time of first loan: \$1,500

Median liabilities at time of first loan: \$392

Median change in liabilities: \$539



Borrowers with no cows or other cattle at time of first loan: 29 percent  
Borrowers with no cows or other cattle at time of last record: 3 percent  
Borrowers with no hens or other poultry at time of first loan: 33 percent  
Borrowers with no hens or other poultry at time of last record: 18 percent  
Borrowers with no sows or other hogs at time of first loan: 55 percent  
Borrowers with no sows or other hogs at time of last record: 25 percent  
Borrowers with no workstock at time of first loan: 44 percent  
Borrowers with no workstock at time of last record: 6 percent  
Borrowers with a tractor at time of first loan: 15 percent  
Borrowers with a tractor at time of last record: 16 percent  
Borrowers on program from two to three years receiving more than 1 standard loan: 42 percent  
Most important major purposes of loans: (1) livestock and poultry, (2) debt settlement and refinancing, (3) machinery and equipment  
Borrowers receiving some grants sometime between March 1936 and February 1939: 38 percent  
Borrowers having debts reduced through FSA: 10 percent





Of the 2,430 borrowers in the sample studied, more than one-third lived in Minnesota and slightly less than one-third lived in each of the other 2 States - Wisconsin and Michigan. There were more than twice as many borrowers in the Commercial and Out-over Area; however there was considerable variation by State as only one-fifth of the Minnesota borrowers were located in the Out-over Area as compared with one-fifth of the Wisconsin and Michigan borrowers.

About two-fifths of the borrowers entered the standard RR program during the first period covered by the study (March 1, 1935 to February 28, 1937), one-third entered the program during the second period (March 1, 1937 to February 28, 1938), and one-third entered during the third period (March 1, 1938 to February 28, 1939).

Of the borrowers for whom some record of performance in farm and home ownership after entry on the program was expected, a record was not available for 8 percent. The last available record of performance during the period covered by the study applied to the first crop year after the first standard loan for 20 percent of the borrowers, to the second crop year after the first standard loan for 18 percent, and to the third crop year after the first standard loan for 8 percent.

The relation between the period of first standard loan and the crop year after the first loan to which the last record of performance applies is shown in Table 1. For example, only borrowers entering the program during the first period have a record of performance applying to the third crop year after the first loan. Although some of the first-period borrowers have a last record applying to the first or second crop year after the first loan or have no record of performance after entry on the program. Borrowers entering the program during the third period have a record of performance except for the first crop year after the first standard loan.

All of the 170 borrowers with records for the third crop year after the first standard loan had entered the program during the first period and the performance record covers the 1938 crop. From table 3 and supplementary data it is known that of the 170 borrowers with last records for the second crop year after the first loan, 124 entered the program during the first period - the performance of 106 of these 124 covers the 1937 crop and the performance of 24 covers the 1938 crop; another 39 entered during the second period and their performance covers the 1938 crop. Of the 124 borrowers whose last records applied to the first crop year after the first standard loan, 180 entered the program during the first period and of these, 180 have records covering the 1936 crop and 18 have records for the 1937 crop; 133 entered during the second period, and 99 during the third period. Performance of the second-period borrowers covers the 1937 crop for 84 borrowers and the 1938 crop for 49 while the records of the 99 third-period borrowers necessarily pertain to the 1938 crop.

Thus of the 818 borrowers with a record of performance after entry on the standard loan program, the last record covers the 1938 crop for 430 or 53 percent, the 1937 crop for 208 or 25 percent, and the 1936 crop for 180 or 22 percent.





Number and percent of loans  
of first standard in loan, by

Borrowers' Area of residence at time of first standard loan	Total	Borrowers receiving first standard loan between		
		3/1/35-	3/1/37-	3/1/38-
		3/1/38-	3/1/40-	3/1/41-
Calaveras	712	328	195	289
Calaveras	1,670	400	440	830
Wis. Cut.	232	116	83	33
Wis. Com.	479	199	124	156
Mich. Cut.	371	196	72	103
Mich. Com.	551	228	113	210
Minn. Cut.	128	36	40	52
Minn. Com.	638	208	225	225
Wisconsin	762	315	207	240
Michigan	922	424	185	313
Minnesota	786	244	265	277
Total, all Areas	2,480	933	657	840
	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Calaveras	100.0	44.5	24.9	30.6
Calaveras	100.0	23.9	26.4	33.7
Wis. Cut.	100.0	50.0	29.3	20.7
Wis. Com.	100.0	41.5	25.9	32.6
Mich. Cut.	100.0	52.8	19.4	27.8
Mich. Com.	100.0	40.7	20.1	39.2
Minn. Cut.	100.0	28.1	31.3	40.6
Minn. Com.	100.0	32.6	35.3	32.1
Wisconsin	100.0	41.3	27.2	31.5
Michigan	100.0	45.5	19.8	34.7
Minnesota	100.0	30.9	33.7	35.4
Total, all Areas	100.0	37.6	26.5	33.9

1/ Period of first standard loan is the period during which first standard  
in loan was authorized.

Note: In the explanatory text the periods of first standard loan are referred  
to as the first, second, and third periods, respectively. (LHC)



in of one year between first loan  
to record of performance after entry on

Borrowers by number of crop years between first loan and last record						
	No record					
	after first loan					
	On program: On program:					
Total	less than: 1 crop					
	1 crop : year or					
Total	year 2/ : more 3/					
	1 year : 2 years : 3 years					
	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number
Cut-over	782	80	432	140	72	52
Commercial	1,896	182	555	282	146	72
Min. Cut.	283	27	153	58	25	20
Min. Com.	479	55	238	187	63	35
Mich. Cut.	371	35	215	41	38	18
Mich. Com.	381	79	309	35	21	18
Wisc. Cut.	133	28	40	11	15	10
Wisc. Com.	620	123	308	148	58	30
Disconsin	761	61	261	145	46	28
Michigan	932	104	554	136	59	79
Minnesota	766	153	378	149	71	35
Total, all areas	2,453	359	1,721	482	218	112





Table 2 (continued)

Borrowers: Area of residence at time of first standard loan	Borrowers by number of crop years between first loan and last record					
	No record					
	after first loan					
	On program: On program:					
Total	less than 1 crop					
	1 crop year or					
Cut-over	100.0	XXX	61.5	19.9	10.3	8.3
Commercial	100.0	XXX	61.9	20.2	10.1	7.8
Wis. Cut.	100.0	XXX	59.7	23.7	9.8	7.8
Wis. Com.	100.0	XXX	56.1	20.5	14.9	8.5
Mich. Cut.	100.0	XXX	63.4	17.6	9.2	9.8
Mich. Com.	100.0	XXX	59.5	15.6	5.6	9.3
Minn. Cut.	100.0	XXX	60.0	21.0	15.0	4.0
Minn. Com.	100.0	XXX	59.7	24.0	10.5	5.8
Wisconsin	100.0	XXX	57.6	21.3	12.9	8.2
Michigan	100.0	XXX	67.0	16.4	7.1	9.1
Minnesota	100.0	XXX	59.8	23.5	11.2	5.5
Total, all Areas	100.0	XXX	61.8	20.1	10.2	7.9

1/ Number of crop years is determined by the interval between the date of the first and last plan loan. For example, a borrower who applied for the first standard RR loan and the date of the last plan loan was 100.0. If the borrower applied for the first standard RR loan and the date of the last plan loan was 100.0. If the borrower applied for the first standard RR loan and the date of the last plan loan was 100.0. For example, a borrower whose first plan was dated between March 1, 1937 and August 31, 1937 was considered as having the first record 1 crop year after the first loan. If the borrower's first plan was dated between September 1, 1937 and August 31, 1938 was considered as having the first record 2 crop years after the first loan and if the last plan was dated between September 1, 1939 and August 31, 1940, the last record was 1 crop year after the first loan.

2/ No record after first loan expected because first standard loan was received after August 31, 1938.

3/ Includes all borrowers whose status was "paid up" or "discharged" by end of period of first standard loan and who were not subsequently authorized another loan before February 28, 1939.





Table 3.-BORROWERS IN SAMPLE: Number and percentage of borrowers in sample classified by period of first standard RR loan and by number of crop years between first standard loan and last available record of performance after entry on standard RR program, by Areas

Borrowers Area of residence at time of first standard loan	No.	Borrowers receiving first standard loan between 3/1/36 and 2/28/37				3/1/37 and 2/28/38				3/1/38 and 2/28/39			
		Crop years between first loan and last record		No. record: after: first		Crop years between first loan and last record		No. record: after: first		Crop years between 1st pro- gram loan and last record, 1938		No. than 1 year after: first	
		1	2	3	Total	1	2	3	Total	1	2	3	Total
Commercial	2,698	635:100.0	48.7	20.0	13.7	17.6:462:100.0	65.8:21.4:12.8	342:100.0	81.3:16.7	259			
Wisconsin	283	116:100.0	46.6	24.1	12.1	17.2	83:100.0	65.0:21.7:13.3	57:100.0	78.9:21.1	27		
Commercial	479	199:100.0	37.2	25.6	18.1	18.1:124:100.0	62.9:16.9:20.2	101:100.0	85.1:14.9	55			
Michigan	371	196:100.0	54.1	18.4	10.2	17.3	72:100.0	72.2:11.1:16.7	78:100.0	76.2:21.8	25		
Commercial	561	228:100.0	62.3	10.5	7.5	19.7:113:100.0	70.8:20.4	8.8	141:100.0	80.1:19.9	79		
Minnesota	128	36	*	*	*	40	*	*	24	*	28		
Commercial	658	208:100.0	44.7	25.0	15.4	14.9:225:100.0	64.9:24.4:10.7	100:100.0	79.0:21.0	125			
Wisconsin	762	315:100.0	40.6	25.1	16.5	17.8:207:100.0	63.8:18.8:17.4	158:100.0	82.9:17.1	82			
Michigan	932	424:100.0	58.5	14.2	8.7	18.6:185:100.0	71.3:16.8:11.9	219:100.0	79.5:20.5	104			
Minnesota	786	244:100.0	45.1	24.2	16.4	14.3:265:100.0	64.5:23.8:11.7	124:100.0	78.2:21.8	153			
Total	2,480	983:100.0	49.5	20.1	13.1	17.3:657:100.0	66.3:20.2:13.5	501:100.0	80.2:19.8	339			

\* Percentage not computed on a base of fewer than 50 cases.  
1/ No record after first loan expected because first standard loan was received after August 31, 1938.



STATUS OF BORROWERS  
in February 28, 1939

	Number	Amount	Percentage	Number	Amount	Percentage
Active	2,378	107.8	7.3	2,014	7.3	
Paid up	175	7.1	1.3	1.6	2.0	
Inactive	32	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.1	
Discontinued	342	5.8	1.3	1.1		
Partially paid	127	5.5	1.6	2.0	2.0	
Total	2,952	126.0	100.0	2,952		

A borrower was considered active if the amount repaid was less than the amount received from FSA and the case was not classified by FSA as inactive.

A borrower was considered paid up if the amount repaid to FSA equaled or exceeded the amount received from FSA.

A borrower was considered inactive if classified as such by FSA.

A comparable table is also available for the period 1938-1939.

Eighty-eight percent of the borrowers were still active at the close of the period of study (February 28, 1939); 7 percent were paid up and the balance of 5 percent were inactive. The majority of the paid-up and inactive borrowers had entered the program during the first period. One percent paid up during the same period the first loan was received and did not come back for another loan.

Forty-one of the 175 paid-up borrowers and 87 of the 127 inactive borrowers were liquidated by a public sale.



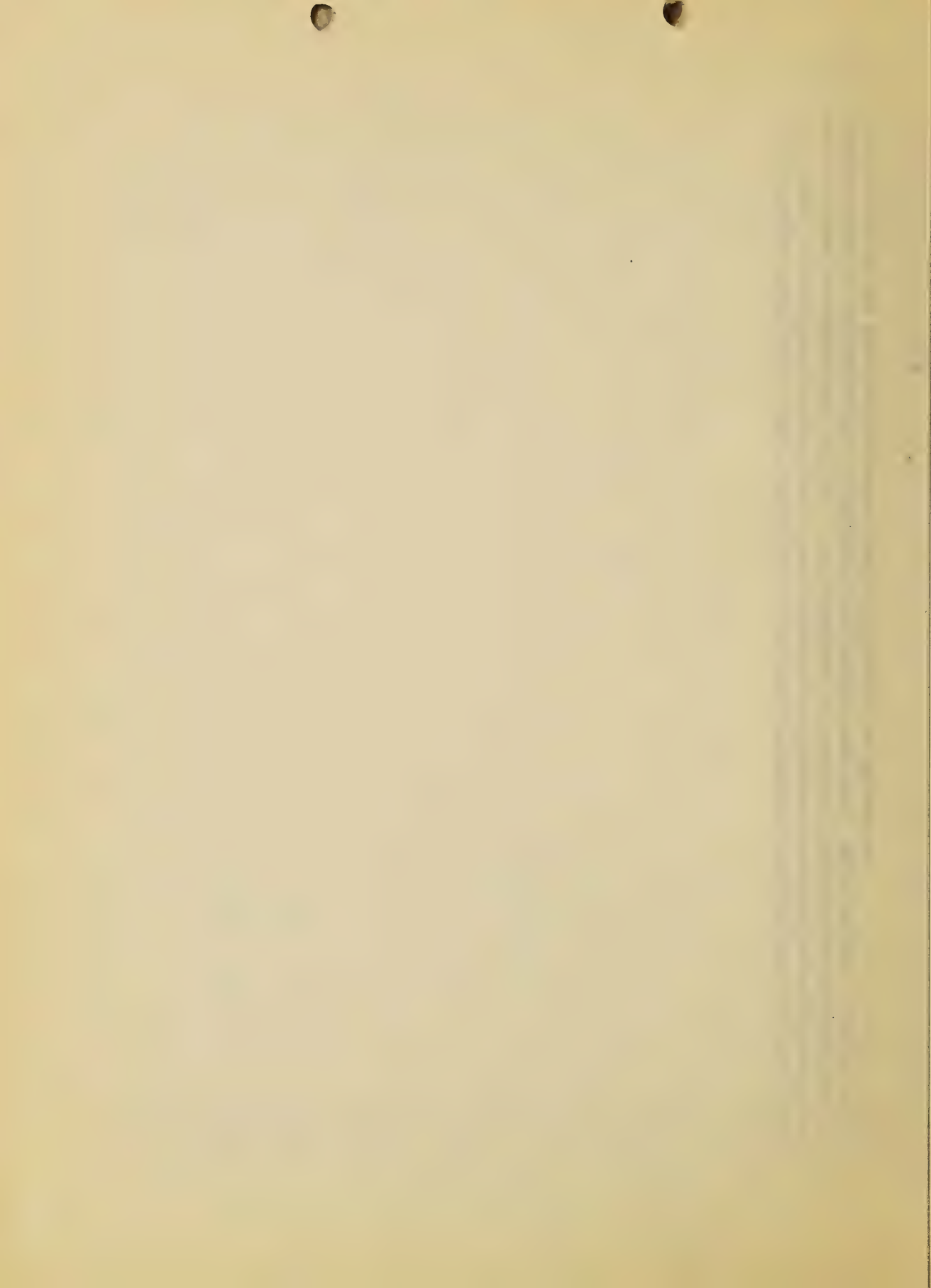


A borrower was considered active if the borrower had a loan that the money received from the sale of the property was used to pay the loan.

State	Total	Active	Inactive	Percentage Active
Alabama	1,000	750	250	75%
Arkansas	1,000	750	250	75%
California	1,000	750	250	75%
Colorado	1,000	750	250	75%
Connecticut	1,000	750	250	75%
Delaware	1,000	750	250	75%
Florida	1,000	750	250	75%
Georgia	1,000	750	250	75%
Idaho	1,000	750	250	75%
Illinois	1,000	750	250	75%
Indiana	1,000	750	250	75%
Iowa	1,000	750	250	75%
Kansas	1,000	750	250	75%
Kentucky	1,000	750	250	75%
Louisiana	1,000	750	250	75%
Maine	1,000	750	250	75%
Maryland	1,000	750	250	75%
Massachusetts	1,000	750	250	75%
Michigan	1,000	750	250	75%
Minnesota	1,000	750	250	75%
Mississippi	1,000	750	250	75%
Missouri	1,000	750	250	75%
Montana	1,000	750	250	75%
Nebraska	1,000	750	250	75%
Nevada	1,000	750	250	75%
New Hampshire	1,000	750	250	75%
New Jersey	1,000	750	250	75%
New Mexico	1,000	750	250	75%
New York	1,000	750	250	75%
North Carolina	1,000	750	250	75%
North Dakota	1,000	750	250	75%
Ohio	1,000	750	250	75%
Oklahoma	1,000	750	250	75%
Oregon	1,000	750	250	75%
Pennsylvania	1,000	750	250	75%
Rhode Island	1,000	750	250	75%
South Carolina	1,000	750	250	75%
South Dakota	1,000	750	250	75%
Tennessee	1,000	750	250	75%
Texas	1,000	750	250	75%
Vermont	1,000	750	250	75%
Virginia	1,000	750	250	75%
Washington	1,000	750	250	75%
West Virginia	1,000	750	250	75%
Wisconsin	1,000	750	250	75%
Wyoming	1,000	750	250	75%

For the Region there was a larger percentage of paid-up borrowers in the Cut-over Area than in the Commercial Area; this difference was found in each State except Wisconsin where a larger proportion of the Commercial Area borrowers were paid up. The percentage of inactive borrowers was slightly larger in the Commercial Area of the Region but in Minnesota the reverse was true. Michigan had a larger proportion of both paid-up and inactive borrowers than had Wisconsin or Minnesota.

Of the 41 paid-up borrowers liquidated by public sale, 11 were in Wisconsin, 14 in Minnesota and 16 in Michigan; 13 were in the Cut-over and 28 in the Commercial Area. Of the 87 inactive borrowers 30 liquidated 19 were in Wisconsin, 23 in Minnesota, and 45 in Michigan; 20 were in the Cut-over and 67 in the Commercial Area.









and at age of first borrower. The percentages of persons in each age group are at age of first borrower. The percentages of persons in each age group are at age of first borrower.

Age of first borrower	Total persons		Persons in household		of residence at age		Wisconsin		Michigan		Illinois	
	Total:	1/ Male	Total:	1/ Male	Total:	1/ Male	Total:	1/ Male	Total:	1/ Male	Total:	1/ Male
Age	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
16 to 24	12.8	6.7	6.1	12.4	6.4	6.0	13.4	7.1	6.3	12.6	6.8	6.2
25 to 34	12.3	6.5	5.8	11.9	6.4	5.5	12.3	6.5	6.2	12.2	6.7	6.1
35 to 44	14.8	8.0	6.8	15.7	8.4	7.3	12.6	6.7	5.9	16.3	8.2	7.1
45 to 54	18.2	8.6	7.9	16.6	8.2	8.4	15.7	8.8	6.9	17.6	8.1	7.4
55 to 64	10.8	5.3	4.9	10.3	5.0	4.8	9.4	5.3	4.1	9.2	4.9	4.3
65 and over	2.8	2.3	1.5	2.3	1.6	1.2	5.3	3.2	2.1	2.9	1.4	1.1
Total	100.0	53.1	46.9	100.0	53.1	46.9	100.0	53.1	46.9	100.0	53.1	46.9
Percentage of persons	2/ 10.531		2/ 10.531		2/ 10.531		2/ 10.531		2/ 10.531		2/ 10.531	

Total includes all persons for whom age was known, regardless of whether they were borrowers or not.

1/ Inclusive of 91 persons whose age was unknown.

2/ Based upon 2,472 borrowers reporting age data for household members, not on all persons in the study.

Differences among States were not marked for the percentage of persons 65 and over or for males aged 16 to 64. Wisconsin had the largest proportion of persons under 16 in households of borrowers and Minnesota had the largest percentage in the youth group 16 to 24. Michigan had a considerably smaller proportion of people aged 25 to 34 than the other 2 States, but had a much larger proportion aged 45 to 64.



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Region II

Table 7B.-AGE AND SEX DISTRIBUTION: Number and percentage of all persons in households of borrowers at time of first standard RR loan, by age and sex, by Area

Age at time of first standard loan	Cut-over				Cut-over				Cut-over				Cut-over			
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Under 5	13.9	7.2	6.6	14.7	8.9	7.8	12.8	7.1	5.7	15.0	8.0	6.7	13.6	7.4	6.2	12.9
5 to 9	13.6	7.4	6.2	12.9	7.6	5.3	14.6	7.1	7.5	12.0	7.6	4.4	15.6	7.2	6.4	13.1
10 to 14	15.6	7.2	6.4	13.1	6.9	6.2	14.5	7.9	6.6	12.1	6.0	6.1	2.4	1.2	1.2	2.7
15	2.4	1.2	1.2	2.7	1.6	1.1	1.9	0.9	1.0	3.1	1.1	2.0	43.5	23.0	20.4	43.4
Total under 15	43.5	23.0	20.4	43.4	23.0	20.4	45.8	23.0	20.8	42.2	22.7	19.2	16.4	8.4	7.0	15.2
16 to 24	16.4	8.4	7.0	15.2	8.0	7.2	15.8	8.9	6.9	14.7	7.6	7.1	13.9	7.3	6.6	15.0
25 to 34	13.9	7.3	6.6	15.0	7.8	7.2	12.6	6.9	7.2	15.8	7.6	8.2	12.7	6.9	5.8	11.9
35 to 44	12.7	6.9	5.8	11.9	6.6	5.3	13.2	7.0	6.2	13.2	7.6	5.6	9.0	5.4	3.6	9.4
45 to 54	9.0	5.4	3.6	9.4	5.8	3.6	8.7	5.0	3.5	9.2	5.6	3.6	3.8	2.3	1.5	3.3
55 to 64	3.8	2.3	1.5	3.3	1.7	1.6	4.2	2.6	1.6	3.8	2.4	1.4	1.7	1.1	0.6	1.8
65 and over	1.7	1.1	0.6	1.8	1.1	0.7	1.7	1.2	0.5	1.1	0.5	0.6	100.0	54.4	45.5	100.0
Total	100.0	54.4	45.5	100.0	54.0	46.0	100.0	54.6	45.2	100.0	54.0	45.7	3	3	3	3
Number of persons reporting age 2/	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	3,467			1,194			1,721			552						

- 1/ Total includes all persons for whom age was known, regardless of whether sex was known.
- 2/ Exclusive of persons whose age was unknown.
- 3/ Based upon borrowers reporting age data for household members.





Table 7B.- (continued) AGE SEX DISTRIBUTION: Number and percentage of all persons in households of borrowers at time of first standard RR loan, by age and sex, by Areas

Age at time of first standard loan	Commercial				Wisconsin				Michigan				Minnesota			
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Under 5	14.8	7.4	7.3	16.4	8.2	8.1	13.1	6.8	6.3	15.1	7.4	7.6	14.8	7.4	7.3	16.4
5 to 9	13.0	6.3	6.7	13.6	6.8	6.8	13.3	6.2	7.1	12.3	6.1	6.2	13.0	6.3	6.7	13.6
10 to 14	12.4	6.5	5.9	12.0	6.1	5.9	12.6	6.5	6.1	12.7	6.9	5.8	12.4	6.5	5.9	12.0
15	2.1	1.2	0.9	2.2	1.2	1.0	2.4	1.4	1.0	1.8	1.0	0.8	2.1	1.2	0.9	2.2
Total under 16	42.3	21.4	20.9	44.2	22.3	21.8	41.4	20.9	20.5	41.9	21.4	20.4	42.3	21.4	20.9	44.2
16 to 24	17.1	8.7	8.4	17.4	8.3	9.1	16.7	8.8	6.8	18.1	8.9	9.2	17.1	8.7	8.4	17.4
25 to 34	15.3	8.4	6.9	16.1	8.8	7.3	12.7	6.6	6.0	17.0	9.6	7.4	15.3	8.4	6.9	16.1
35 to 44	12.1	6.3	5.8	11.8	6.2	5.6	12.6	6.2	6.4	12.0	6.6	5.4	12.1	6.3	5.8	11.8
45 to 54	8.0	4.6	3.4	7.2	4.3	2.9	9.9	5.4	4.5	6.8	4.1	2.7	8.0	4.6	3.4	7.2
55 to 64	3.8	2.3	1.5	2.5	1.5	1.0	6.0	3.6	2.4	2.7	1.7	1.0	3.8	2.3	1.5	2.5
65 and over	1.4	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.4	0.4	1.7	1.1	0.6	1.5	0.9	0.6	1.4	0.8	0.6	0.8
Total	100.0	52.5	47.4	100.0	51.8	48.1	100.0	52.6	47.2	100.0	53.2	46.7	100.0	52.5	47.4	100.0
Number of persons reporting age 2/	5/	7,244			2,076			2,445			2,723					

- 1/ Total includes all persons for whom age was known, regardless of whether sex was known.
- 2/ Exclusive of persons whose age was unknown.
- 3/ Based upon borrowers reporting age data for household members.

The Out-over had relatively more males than the Commercial Area of each State.





Table 3.—SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD: Borrowers receiving first standard RR loan, by period of first standard loan

Number of persons in household at time of first standard loan	Total borrowers	Borrowers receiving first standard loan between			
		3/1/36- 2/28/37	3/1/37- 2/28/38	3/1/38- 2/28/39	3/1/39- 2/28/40
1	80	3.2	3.0	3.4	2.2
2	42	17.3	16.7	18.3	17.0
3	49	20.2	18.4	19.6	21.7
4	45	18.8	19.3	17.6	18.1
5	35	14.4	14.6	12.1	15.1
6	27	11.1	10.8	11.2	11.4
7	10	5.7	3.9	7.3	4.1
8	13	4.7	5.7	4.7	1.7
9	5	2.0	2.9	7.1	0.0
10	3	1.2	1.8	1.2	0.0
11 and over	23	9.4	8.9	11.8	7.8
Total	425	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	2,400	577	654	837	
Number not reporting	11	0	0	0	0
Median number of persons in household	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5

Note: A comparable table is also available for each Area in the Region.

The median size of household was 4.5 persons. The median was largest for first-period borrowers, 4.6 persons, and lowest for third-period borrowers, 4.4 persons. Families of 3, 4, and 5 persons made up 59 percent of the total, while those of 1 and 2 persons were 20.5 percent and those of 6 or more, 20.5 percent.





Number of persons

The median size of household for homeowners in the city was 2.64 persons, compared with 2.54 for the nonowner-occupied units in each sector. In the low-rental buildings, owner-occupied units averaged 2.64 persons, compared with 2.54 for the nonowner-occupied units.



OF COMPOSING: And the family composition  
Family composition at time of first standard loan

Family composition at time of first standard loan	Total borrowers	
	Number	Percentage
Normal families	2,272	100.0
Husband - wife; 2 persons	373	15.6
Husband - wife, 1 child under 16; 3 persons	343	14.0
Husband - wife, 2 children under 16; 4 persons	298	12.1
Husband - wife, 3 or more children under 16; 5 or more persons	503	20.5
Husband - wife, 1 or more persons 16 or older		
Husband - wife, 1 child under 16 and 1 or more persons 16 or older; 4 or more persons		
Husband - wife, 2 or more children under 16 and 1 or more persons 16 or older; 5 or more persons	382	15.6
Broken families 1/	138	5.6
Single head only 2/		
Total reporting	2,456	100.0
Number not reporting	24	

1/ Male or female without spouse but with 1 or more children.

2/ Single head only or single head and another person or persons of same sex.

Normal families, those with husband and wife, were characteristic of these standard loan borrowers, as only 10 percent were not of this type. Two-thirds, 68 percent, of the families were normal families and had one or more children under 16. Twenty-eight percent of the families had one or more persons 16 or older in addition to the husband and wife. About one-fifth, 11 percent, contained a husband and wife, children under 16 and also persons - usually children - 16 and older. Fifteen percent of the families consisted of only husband and wife.





# Section II

Table 11.-AGE OF HEAD: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by age of household head at time of first standard RR loan, by Area

Household	Total	Borrowers' Area of residence at time of first standard loan											
		No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.
Under 25	201	9.0		63	11.8	66	11.8	92	16.7	107	19.2	105	19.0
25-34	756	30.8	27.4	32.5	28.5	15.9	2.9	26.4	23.1	25.6	22.2	25.0	25.3
35-44	687	28.0	30.5	26.8	28.5	27.1	3.6	26.7	22.1	26.7	27.5	28.6	27.6
45-54	507	20.3	20.8	29.1	26.2	18.9	3.2	29.0	23.6	16.7	20.7	23.1	17.8
55-64	238	9.7	10.0	9.6	8.7	5.7	11.4	15.6	8.7	7.3	6.8	14.0	7.5
65 and over	43	1.8	2.5	1.4	1.8	0.8	3.3	1.1	1.0	0.5	1.2	1.1	0.6
Total	222	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	2,452	771	1,681	277	453	367	557	127	648	751	924	775	
Number not reporting	21	11	17	6	3	4	4	1	10	0	8	11	
Median age of household head	38.6	40.4	37.7	39.6	35.9	41.2	41.0	40.0	35.4	37.3	41.6	36.3	

The median age of borrowers was 39 years. Nine percent were under 25 and 12 percent were aged 55 and over.

In the Out-over Area, 6 percent of the borrowers were under 25 as compared with 10 percent in the Commercial Area. In each State the proportion of borrowers under 25 was smaller in the Out-over Area than in the Commercial Area. Michigan was the only State having a larger proportion of borrowers aged 25 and under than the Out-over Area. Michigan borrowers averaged the oldest age.



Table 12

About one-fourth of the household heads failed to complete the eighth grade, 53 percent stopped at the end of the eighth grade or stopped before completing the ninth grade, 9 percent completed the twelfth grade. Two percent completed 1 or more years of college. The median grade finished was 8.5.

The borrowers in the Commercial Area had an advantage in education over borrowers in the Cut-over Area, with 79 percent completing at least the eighth grade as compared with 69 percent for the Cut-over Area. The median grade finished in the Commercial Area was equal to or higher than that of the Cut-over Area in each State. In all of the States, too, the proportion of borrowers completing the eighth grade was larger in the Commercial Area than in the Cut-over Area.

Wisconsin had a larger proportion of borrowers finishing high school than had either Michigan or Minnesota, although all 3 States had the same median grade finished, 8.5.









12.-EDUCATION AND AGE OF HEAD: Number of borrowers classified by highest grade of school finished and by age of household head at time of first standard RR loan

Grade finished by household head	Age of head							
	Total borrowers	15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 and over	
None	9	1	1	2	2	2	1	---
1	39	---	2	10	17	7	3	---
2	180	3	23	62	56	21	5	---
3	133	2	28	36	37	26	4	---
4	196	7	66	88	19	11	---	---
5	1,228	117	407	361	225	99	18	1
6	125	20	43	39	15	7	1	---
7	179	15	67	79	28	9	---	---
8	63	13	29	12	6	3	---	---
9	154	34	62	35	22	10	3	---
10 or more	48	1	17	9	11	4	---	---
Unknown	163	4	29	30	44	20	8	2
Total	2,480	221	746	687	507	238	43	3
Median grade finished by household head	8.5	8.8	8.6	8.4	8.3	8.3	*	*

\* Median not computed on a base of fewer than 50 cases.

Note: A comparable table is also available for each Area in the Region.

This table shows the relation between age and education. The median grade finished is highest for the youngest heads and lowest for the oldest.





classified by number of male youths aged 16 to 24 in household at time of loan, by period of first standard loan

male youths aged 16 to 24	Total borrowers	Borrowers receiving first standard loan between			
		2/28/37	2/23/38	2/28/39	
	Number : Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
0	1,238 : 73.7	77.6	77.3	61.3	
1	373 : 15.2	16.1	15.6	13.0	
2	76 : 3.1	5.0	5.0	4.4	
3 or more	24 : 1.0	1.3	1.1	0.3	
Total	XXX : 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	2,456			833	
Number not reporting	22				

Note: A comparable table is also available for each Area in the Region.

Over one-fifth of the households had 1 or more male youths (other than the household head) aged 16 to 24. Fifteen percent of the borrowers had 1 male youth in the household, 5 percent had 2 male youths, and 1 percent had 3 or more male youths.



6. 15. SUMMARY OF MALE YOUTHS IN HOUSEHOLD: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by number of male youths (members) aged 16 to 24 in household at time of first standard RR loan, by Areas

Male youths in household	BORROWERS IN AREAS OF EQUITY AT TIME OF FIRST STANDARD RR LOAN													
	Total	Ill.	Wisconsin	Mich.	Ill.	Wis.	Mich.	Ill.	Wis.	Mich.	Ill.	Wis.	Mich.	Ill.
No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.
1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
3	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
4	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
5	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
6	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
7	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
8	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
9	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
10	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
11	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
12	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
13	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
14	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
15	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
16	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
17	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
18	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
19	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
20	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
21	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
22	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1

The Cut-over Area had a larger proportion of households with male youths, other than the household head, than had the Commercial Area. Wisconsin was the only State which had about the same proportion of households with male youths in both Areas. Michigan had the largest proportion of households with male youths aged 16 to 24 and Minnesota had the smallest proportion.





(1) and (2)  
 were classified by number of years  
 on farm to be operated during the year of  
 first standard loan

Years on farm to be operated	Number	Percent
Less than 1	669	66.9
1 but less than 2	311	31.1
2 or more	669	66.9
Total reporting	1,000	
Number not reporting	341	

Sixty-one percent had lived less than 2 years on  
 the farm to be operated during the crop year in which  
 they received their first standard loan, almost one-half  
 of the borrowers had been on this farm less than 1 year.  
 A considerable part of what appears to be a high rate  
 of mobility is due to the fact that nearly one-third of  
 the borrowers were starting in as farm operators; during  
 the major part of the year before the first loan they  
 were farm laborers or tenants. Information on the years  
 resident on the farm to be operated was known for only  
 about two-thirds of the borrowers in the study.



2. Number of times changed farms: Borrowers are classified by number of times changed farms since first standard RR loan and before February 28, 1939, by period of first standard loan 1/

Number of times changed farms	Borrowers receiving first standard loan between		
	3/1/36- 2/28/37	3/1/37- 2/26/38	3/1/38- 2/26/39
	Percent	Percent	Percent
0	84.7	85.1	87.2
1	13.0	14.1	11.3
2	1.1	1.2	—
3	0.1	0.1	—
4 or more	0.1	—	—
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	967	651	837
Number not reporting	16	6	3

1/ Inasmuch as the last available record for a large proportion of the borrowers was filled out before February 28, 1939, the number of changes reported in this table is an underestimation of the total times between the time of receiving the first standard RR loan and February 28, 1939.

Note: A comparable table is also available for each Area in the Region.

Nearly one-fourth of the first-period borrowers changed farms 1 or more times during the period and before February 28, 1939; most frequently there was just 1 change. Thirteen percent of the second-period and only 3 percent of the third-period borrowers had changed farms.





TABLE 1. BORROWERS RECEIVING FIRST STANDARD RR LOAN: PERIOD OF FIRST STANDARD RR LOAN, BY PERIOD OF FIRST STANDARD RR LOAN

Year before first standard loan	Total borrowers	Borrowers receiving first standard loan between			
		3/1/36-2/28/37	3/1/37-2/28/38	3/1/38-2/28/39	3/1/39-2/28/40
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All owner	134	26.6	29.6	29.6	29.6
Part owner 2/	347	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0
Tenant	701	70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9
Cropper	2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Hired or unpaid farm laborer	484	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7
Nonfarm	24	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	1,627	973	65	803	
Number not reporting	22	10	6	7	

1/ Income shown is part of the total income of the borrower before first standard RR loan.

2/ A part owner rents part and owns part of the farm operated.

Note: A comparable table is also available for each Area in the Region; a table showing the type and length of lease is available for 114 borrowers reporting lease data out of the 1,055 borrowers who rented land.

One-third of the borrowers owned all or part of the farm operated during the year before entry on RR. Thirty-seven percent were tenants, 20 percent were farm laborers, and 11 percent were not in agriculture during the major part of the crop year. The percentage of borrowers who were tenants was smaller in the first period than in the second or third periods. The percentage of borrowers who were owners and farm laborers were higher in the first period than in the second or third periods. The proportion of borrowers who had been "nonfarm" increased slightly from period to period.

No other Region accounted such a large proportion of borrowers who had been farm laborers during the year before the first standard loan.



2/ A part owner rents part and owns part of the farm operated.

Farm ownership was much more frequent among, out-over than among Commercial Area borrowers; this applies to all 3 States. In each State the Commercial Area had a larger percentage of tenants and also of borrowers who had been farm borrowers. The two groups differed but little in the proportion of borrowers who had been "nonfarmers." Michigan had the largest proportion of owners and the smallest proportion of farm borrowers. Minnesota had the largest percentage of tenants. Wisconsin had the largest proportion of borrowers who had been farm borrowers but Minnesota had nearly as many.





20.-TENURE STATUS LAST RR RECORD: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by tenure status during last year of record after entry on standard RR program, by number of crop years after first loan 1/

Tenure status : during last year : of record after : entry on RR :	Borrowers by number of crop years after first loan				
	Total borrowers	1 year	2 years	3 years	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Full owner	201	25.2	23.6	23.0	28.4
Part owner 2/	64	8.0	8.6	1.7	5.1
Tenants	532	66.8	67.8	75.3	66.5
None	—	—	—	—	—
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	797		428	269	160
Number not reporting 3/	21		2	9	10

- 1/ Tenure status is that held during major part of last crop year of record.
- 2/ A part owner rents part and owns part of the farm operated.
- 3/ May include an occasional borrower with other than farm-operator status but exclusive of 1,662 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

Note: A table showing the type and length of lease is available for the 230 borrowers reporting lease data out of the 596 borrowers who rented land, exclusive of the borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

One-third of the borrowers were owners during the last crop year for which a record was available after entry on the RR program; all the rest were tenants. The percentage of tenants was largest for the borrowers who had been on the program 2 years and smallest for those on the program 3 years.



NURE STATUS YEAR BEFORE RE AND LAST RE BORROWERS :  
classified by tenure status during year before first standard loan  
and during last year of record after entry on standard RR program 1

Tenure status year before first standard loan	Borrowers by tenure status during last year of record after entry on RR					
	Total	owner	owner 2/	Tenant	Cropper	known 3/
	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number
Full owner	195	195	25	7	—	—
Part owner 2/	37	6	26	3	—	2
Tenant	311	10	—	292	—	—
Cropper	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hired or unpaid farm laborer	176	8	3	—	—	—
Nonfarm	—	—	6	63	—	—
Unknown	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total 4/	618	201	64	322	—	2

- 1/ Tenure status is that held during major part of crop year.  
2/ - part owner rents part and owns part of the farm operated.  
3/ Includes, in addition to borrowers whose tenure status was unknown, an occasional borrower with other than farm-operator status  
4/ Exclusive of 1,662 borrowers with no record after entry on RR.

Note: A comparable table is also available with borrowers classified by number of years (1, 2, or 3) after first standard loan.

Most of the borrowers who had been farm laborers before RR became tenants. Three-fourths of those in the "nonfarm" status changed to a tenant status. The shifts in status were not striking for other tenure groups. Only 10 out of the 232 owners and part owners were known to have dropped to a tenant status while only 14 of the 311 who had been tenants had changed to an owner status.



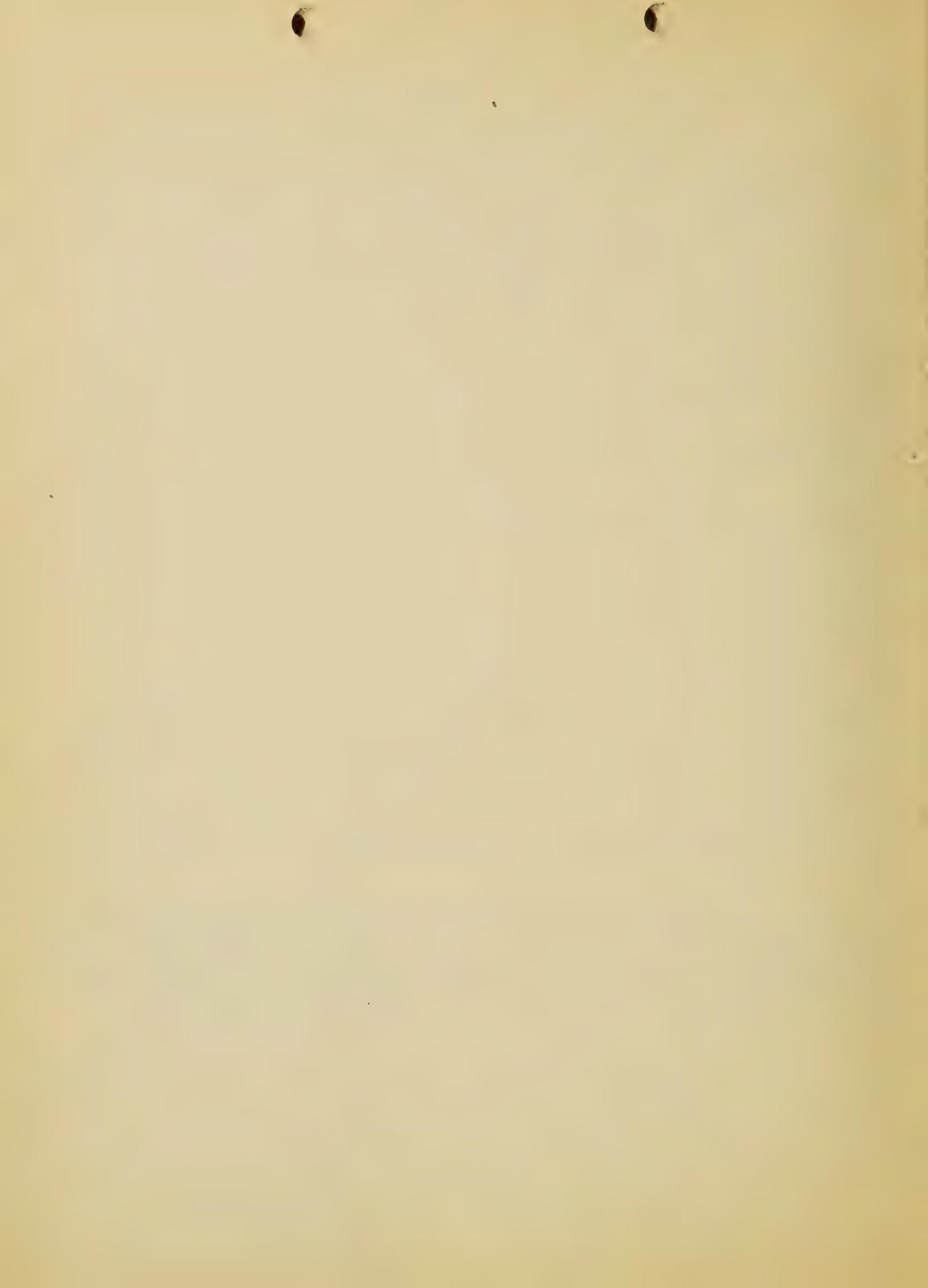


TABLE 1. Number of borrowers classified by tenure status during year of first standard RR loan and by number of male youths (nonfarm) 16 to 24 in household at time of first standard RR loan

Tenure status year before first standard loan	Number of male youth aged 16 to 24					
	Total borrowers	0	1	2	3 or more	Unknown
All owner	654	467	125	43	14	5
Part owner	148	106	31	10	1	—
Renter	904	685	152	46	14	7
Stopper	3	2	1	—	—	—
Unemployed farm laborer	434	439	32	9	3	1
Nonfarm	254	223	30	7	1	3
Stopper	23	13	2	1	1	6
Total	2,400	1,905	340	110	43	22

Note: A comparable table is also available for (a) each area in the Region, (b) for each of the three periods of first standard loan, and (c) for each Area by each of the three periods of first standard loan.

Fewer of the borrowers who had been farm laborers or nonfarm had male youths in their households than of the borrowers in the owner or tenant status. These differences were probably due to the fact that the farm operator families were older families.



Table 1. SIZE OF FARM WHEN BEFORE RR: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by acres in farm during year before first standard RR loan, by period of first standard loan

Acres in farm year before first standard loan	Total		Borrowers receiving first standard loan between			
	borrowers		3/1/36- 2/28/37	3/1/37- 2/28/38	3/1/38- 2/28/39	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
Less than 20	31	1.8	3.2	2.7	2.1	
20 to 49	213	12.6	14.1	14.6	10.7	
50 to 99	351	32.6	33.1	31.8	24.9	
100 to 174	307	34.6	34.1	33.1	30.3	
175 to 259	143	11.2	11.1	10.9	11.1	
260 to 499	97	5.1	4.3	6.2	1.7	
500 to 999	9	0.4	1.6	0.9	0.2	
1,000 and over	—	—	—	—	—	
Total	1,689	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	1,689		666	467	556	
Number not reporting	49		23	16	10	
Median acres in farm	106		97	111	115	

1/ Exclusive of 74 borrowers reporting no farm during any year before first standard RR loan.

Note: A comparable table is also available for each area in the Region.

The median size of farm during the year before the first loan for borrowers operating farms was 106 acres. Forty-seven percent of the farms were under 100 acres and 36 percent were 100 to 174 acres. Only 37 percent of the farms were 175 acres or larger in size. Two-thirds of the borrowers had farms between 50 and 174 acres in size, thus including 80-acre, 120-acre, and 160-acre farms. There was a shift in the median size from 97 acres in the first period to 115 acres in the third period.









borrowers classified by acres in farm in last year of record after entry on standard RR program, by number of crop years after first loan

Acres in farm during last year of record after entry on RR	Borrowers by number of crop years after first loan				
	Total				
	Borrowers	1 year	2 years	3 years	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Less than 20 1/	10	1.3	0.9	1.9	1.2
20 to 49	49	6.2	6.4	3.8	8.5
50 to 99	254	32.3	33.4	24.1	31.7
100 to 174	301	37.8	37.2	39.3	37.9
175 to 259	117	14.7	15.2	13.3	15.2
260 to 499	45	5.7	6.0	5.7	4.9
500 to 999	7	0.9	0.7	1.9	---
1,000 and over	2	0.3	0.2	---	0.6
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	795		420	211	154
Number not reporting 2/	23		12	7	6
Median acres in farm	119		119	119	117

1/ May include an occasional borrower reporting no farm.

2/ Exclusive of 1,662 borrowers with no record after entry on RR record.

The median size of farm in the last year of record, 119 acres, varied but little with the length of time borrowers had been on the program. Two-fifths of the borrowers had farms under 100 acres and nearly two-fifths more had farms between 100 and 174 acres. About one-fifth had farms of 175 acres or larger.









Table 27. ACRES IN CROPS YEAR BEFORE RR: Number and per cent of borrowers classified by acres in crops during year before first standard RR loan 1/

Acres in crops during year before first standard loan	Total borrowers	
	Number	Percent
Less than 10	81	4.8
10 to 19	143	8.4
20 to 29	202	11.9
30 to 59	568	33.6
60 to 99	390	23.0
100 to 149	204	12.1
150 to 199	59	3.5
200 to 399	43	2.5
400 to 599	1	0.1
600 and over	2	0.1
Total reporting	1,693	100.0
Number not reporting	32	
Median acres in crops	52	

1/ Exclusive of 755 borrowers reporting no land in crops during crop year before first standard RR loan.

The median number of acres in crops during the year before the first loan was 52. One-fourth of the borrowers had less than 30 acres in crops. Nearly three-fifths had less than 60 acres. Few borrowers had more than 150 acres in crops.





23. ACRES IN CROPS LAST YEAR RECORDED: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by acres in crops during last year of record after entry on standard RR program, by number of crop years after first loan

Acres in crops during last year of record after entry on RR	Total borrowers		Borrowers by number of crop years after first loan			
			1 year	2 years	3 years	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
Less than 10 1/2	14	1.7	1.2	2.3	2.4	
10 to 19	25	3.1	2.8	3.3	3.6	
20 to 29	79	9.8	9.7	7.5	13.2	
30 to 59	319	39.8	29.2	41.1	59.1	
60 to 99	215	26.8	27.7	27.6	23.5	
100 to 149	92	11.5	10.4	11.2	14.5	
150 to 199	35	4.4	5.4	3.7	2.4	
200 to 399	21	2.6	3.1	2.8	1.2	
400 to 599	2	0.2	0.5	—	—	
600 and over	1	0.1	—	0.5	—	
Total	803	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	803		423	214	166	
Number not reporting 2/	15		7	4	4	
Median acres in crops	57		58	57	56	

1/ May include an occasional borrower reporting no land in crops.

2/ Exclusive of 1,662 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

The median number of acres in crops after entry on RR was 57. There was but little difference in the median by number of years on the program. One-seventh had less than 10 acres in crops and over one-half had less than 60 acres in crops. Better than one-fourth of the borrowers had from 10 to 99 acres in crops.



Table 1. Land in crops during year before first loan and during year of record after entry on standard IR program.

Land in crops during year before first loan	Borrowers by acres in crops during last year of record after entry on IR program											
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Less than 10	29	1	3	8	13	15	20	12	7			
10 to 19	46		2	5	15	15	9					
20 to 29	67			6	29	27	3	1				1
30 to 39	173	1		3	11	116	34	11		1		
40 to 49	102	1		1	1	28	50	15	3			2
50 to 59	71					6	22	30	8	3		2
60 to 69	27						8		3	2		
70 to 79	25						1	2	4	7		1
80 to 89	1										1	
90 and over	1						1					
Known	10					4	4	2				
Total	519	2	11	23	73	209	215	71	25	21	2	1

1/ Includes borrowers with no land and borrowers with land but with no land in crops.

2/ Exclusive of 1,662 borrowers with no record after entry on IR program.

Note: A comparable table is also available with borrowers classified by number of acres (1, 2 or 3) after first standard loan.

This table brings out the tendency to have more land in crops after entry on the program than during the year before '71. This tendency is particularly evident in those with under 60 acres in cropland year before first loan. Of the 515 borrowers who had crops both before and after entry on IR and for whom the acres in crops was known both times, 102 shifted to a smaller and 173 to a larger acreage-in-crops class after coming on the program. Those who had no acres in cropland year before first loan had about the same land in crops during the last year of record as did the other borrowers.





of borrowers identified as having  
production for home use before the  
first standard RR loan 1/

Garden or crop production for home	:		
use year before first standard loan	:		
	:	Number	Percent
No garden and no crop	:		
production for home use	:	1,778	72.7
	:		
Garden	:	721	29.6
No garden, but crop	:		
production for home use	:	411	17.1
	:		
Total reporting	:	2,436	100.0
Number not reporting	:		

1/ Crop production for home use includes any crops  
commonly used for food by farm families in the Region.

Before entry on the RR program, 53 percent of the  
borrowers were reported as having neither a garden nor  
crops which could be used for food. Only 30 percent  
had a garden and 17 percent had no garden but did grow  
crops which might be used for food. Although over half  
of the borrowers had neither a garden nor crop produc-  
tion for home use, it must be remembered that nearly one-  
third of the borrowers had not been operating a farm the  
major part of the crop year before the first loan.



GARDEN LAST RR RECORD: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by garden or crop production for home use during last year of record after entry on standard RR program, by number of crop years after first loan 1/

Garden or crop production :		Borrowers by number of crop			
for home use during		years after entry on RR			
last year of record		Total			
after entry on RR			Number	Percent	Percent
No garden and no crop					
production for home use	295	75.4		38.5	43.1
Garden	339	42.7	43.6	40.1	43.4
No garden, but crop	191	21.7	23.2	21.1	22.7
production for home use					
Total	724	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	794		419	209	166
Number not reporting 2/	74		31	15	10

1/ Crop production for home use includes any crops commonly used for food by farm families in the Region.

2/ Exclusive of 1,662 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

After entry on the RR program, more than one-third, 36 percent, of the borrowers with a record of previous years did not report a garden or crop production for home use during their last year of record. Forty-three percent reported a garden and 22 percent reported no garden but did grow crops that might be used for food. There are no marked differences according to the length of time borrowers had been on the program.





1/ BORROWERS BY GARDEN OR CROP PRODUCTION FOR HOME USE DURING YEAR BEFORE FIRST STANDARD LOAN AND DURING LAST YEAR OF RECORD AFTER ENTRY ON STANDARD RR PROGRAM 1/

Garden or crop	:		:	Borrowers by garden or crop production for home	:	
production for	:		:	use during last year of record after entry on RR	:	
home use	:		:	No garden and	:	No garden, but
year before	:		:	no crop pro-	:	crop production:
first standard	:	Total	:	duction for	:	for home
loan	:	borrowers:	:	home use	:	Garden
	:	Number	:	Number	:	Number
No garden and no	:		:		:	
crop production:	:		:		:	
for home use	:	447	:	214	:	344
	:		:		:	77
Garden	:	228	:	33	:	145
No garden, but	:		:		:	47
crop production:	:		:		:	
for home use	:	129	:	27	:	46
	:		:		:	49
None	:	14	:	7	:	4
	:		:		:	1
Total	:	816	:	281	:	339
	:		:		:	174

2/ Crop production for home use includes any crop currently used for food by farm families in the Region.

3/ Exclusive of 1,662 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

Note: A comparable table is also available with borrowers classified by number of crop years (1, 2 or 3) after first standard loan.

Half of the borrowers who had no garden and no crop production for home use before RR still had none or reported none during their last year of record. Nearly one-third of those who previously had a garden and 23 percent of those who had crops for home use slipped back or failed to report either garden or crops for home use during the last year of record.



Tables 33, 34, 35

The median cash receipts during the year before the first loan increased 43 percent between the first and second periods - from \$453 to \$656 - and was the same in the third as in the second period. The median was \$573 for all periods. There was a decrease in the proportion of borrowers with cash receipts of less than \$500 from 57 percent in the first period to 33 percent in the second and third periods. A larger proportion of borrowers in the second and third periods than in the first period had cash receipts of more than \$1,000, the percentages being 12, 22, and 24 for the first, second, and third periods, respectively.

The median change in cash receipts for the borrowers for whom there was a record of change was an increase of \$202. The median change for borrowers on the program 1 year was an increase of \$143, for those on 2 years an increase of \$241, and for those on 3 years an increase of \$302.

Twenty-eight percent reported their cash receipts were less during the last year of record than before entry on RR. Such a decrease was reported by 33 percent of those who had been on the program 1 year at the time of their last record, 24 percent of those who had been on 2 years, and 21 percent of those who had been on 3 years.

Six percent had a decrease of \$500 or more but 22 percent had an increase of \$500 or more. The longer the time on the program the smaller was the percentage of borrowers with a \$500 or more decrease and the larger the percentage with a \$500 or more increase. The decrease was reported by 7, 5, and 4 percent of the borrowers on the program 1, 2, and 3 years, respectively, while the \$500 or more gain in cash receipts was reported by 18, 24, and 29 percent of those on RR 1, 2, and 3 years, respectively, at the time of the last record.

Fifty-eight percent of the borrowers who had receipts of \$750 or more during the year before RR reported a decrease for the last year of record on RR but a decrease was reported by only 16 percent of the borrowers whose receipts before entry on RR had been less than \$750.





CASH RECEIPTS YEAR BEFORE: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by cash receipts, excluding loans, during year before first standard RR loan, by period of first standard loan

Cash receipts year before first standard loan	Total	Borrowers receiving first standard loan between			
		3/2/36- 2/28/37	3/1/37- 2/28/38	3/1/38- 2/28/39	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent
\$0	33	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.2
\$1 to \$249	33	1.4	2.6	0.9	0.6
\$250 to \$499	173	7.5	12.1	4.9	4.2
\$500 to \$749	163	15.5	22.3	11.1	11.1
\$750 to \$999	402	16.9	13.6	15.2	16.4
\$1,000 to \$1,499	580	24.6	21.6	26.5	26.3
\$1,500 to \$1,999	323	13.3	9.5	17.7	13.8
\$2,000 to \$2,499	283	11.9	7.9	13.1	15.7
\$2,500 to \$2,999	103	4.3	2.8	5.5	5.2
\$3,000 to \$3,499	33	1.4	0.5	2.1	1.9
\$3,500 and over	31	1.3	0.4	1.8	1.2
Total	1,000	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	2,372	975	632	804	
Number not reporting	108	87	25	25	
Median cash receipts year: before first standard loan:	\$573	\$453	\$656	\$656	













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Tables 36, 37, 38, 39

The median cash receipts derived from the farm during the year before entry on RR was \$496 for those borrowers who had such receipts. About 3 out of 10 had received less than \$300 from their farms and 18 percent received \$1,000 or more. These data exclude all those with no farm receipts the year before RR because most of such borrowers had not been farm operators during this time.

For an analysis of change in farm receipts, table 38 rather than 37 should be studied because the data in the latter include those borrowers who had no farm receipts during the year before entry on the program and so must show an increase in receipts from the farm.

Table 38 shows change only for those borrowers who had farm receipts during the year before entry on the program. This group had a median increase of \$175. The median change for those on the program 1 year was an increase of \$151, for those on 2 years an increase of \$207, and for those on 3 years a gain of \$205. However, 30 percent had less farm receipts in their last year of record than before coming on the RR program. The longer the borrowers were on the program, the smaller was the proportion reporting such a decrease. Eight percent had a decrease of \$500 or more and 12 percent had an increase of \$500 or more. The \$500 or more decrease was reported by 9, 7, and 6 percent of those on the program 1, 2, and 3 years, respectively, while the \$500 or more gain was reported by 16, 19, and 20 percent of those on the program a comparable length of time.

The borrowers who had no farm receipts the year before the first loan had a median of \$601 for the last year of record after entry on RR, according to the data in table 39. This same table shows the tendency of borrowers who previously had relatively large farm receipts, particularly those having \$1,000 or more, to report a decrease in such receipts after entry on RR.



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Table 36.—FARM RECEIPTS YEAR BEFORE RE: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by cash farm receipts during year before first standard RR loan 1/

Cash farm receipts	Total	
year before first standard loan	Borrowers	
	Number	Percent
\$1 to \$49	139	8.0
\$100 to \$199	132	10.5
\$200 to \$299	135	10.7
\$300 to \$399	135	10.7
\$400 to \$499	132	10.5
\$500 to \$749	345	19.8
\$750 to \$999	201	11.5
\$1,000 to \$1,499	109	11.5
\$1,500 to \$1,999	69	4.0
\$2,000 and over	47	2.7
Total	XXX	100.0
Number reporting	1,727	
Number not reporting	32	
Median cash farm receipts	\$ 496	

1/ Exclusive of 711 borrowers reporting no cash farm receipts during year before first standard RR loan.



TABLE J. BORROWERS IN FARM PROGRAMS: Number and percentage of borrowers in each farm program from year before first stand to year of first stand record after entry on standard H. program, by number of crop years after first stand

	Borrowers by number of crop years									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1-1999 to -2000	63	5.4	6.1	6.5	5.1	8.4	10.3	20.3	8.4	10.3
2000 to -2001	34	4.3	3.6	7.2	1.2	8.4	3.6	3.6	10.3	10.3
2002 to -2003	74	4.3	5.3	1.4	4.1	6.1	1.6	9.1	1.6	1.6
2004 to -2005	52	6.5	6.0	4.5	7.1	7.1	8.2	8.9	7.5	5.9
2006 to -2007	81	10.3	11.3	3.9	13.4	9.3	8.7	10.9	6.5	9.4
2008 to -2009	104	13.1	12.9	13.4	10.2	14.3	14.8	14.9	15.0	17.3
2010 to -2011	85	10.7	12.2	14.5	8.2	12.1	8.2	5.0	11.2	10.0
2012 to -2013	121	16.5	15.6	13.8	11.1	11.1	14.8	15.1	15.1	15.1
2014 to -2015	49	7.8	5.2	6.7	6.1	4.3	11.1	16.7	1.1	1.1
2016 and over	62	7.8	5.2	6.7	6.1	4.3	11.1	16.7	1.1	1.1
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
Number not	23	13	1	4	3	10	5	5	5	5
2016 to -2017	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2018 to -2019	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2020 to -2021	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2022 to -2023	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2024 to -2025	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2026 to -2027	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2028 to -2029	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2030 to -2031	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2032 to -2033	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2034 to -2035	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2036 to -2037	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2038 to -2039	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2040 to -2041	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2042 to -2043	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2044 to -2045	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2046 to -2047	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2048 to -2049	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2050 to -2051	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2052 to -2053	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2054 to -2055	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2056 to -2057	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2058 to -2059	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2060 to -2061	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2062 to -2063	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2064 to -2065	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2066 to -2067	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2068 to -2069	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2070 to -2071	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2072 to -2073	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2074 to -2075	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2076 to -2077	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2078 to -2079	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2080 to -2081	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2082 to -2083	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2084 to -2085	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2086 to -2087	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2088 to -2089	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2090 to -2091	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2092 to -2093	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2094 to -2095	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2096 to -2097	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2098 to -2099	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2100 to -2101	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2102 to -2103	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2104 to -2105	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2106 to -2107	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2108 to -2109	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2110 to -2111	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2112 to -2113	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2114 to -2115	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2116 to -2117	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2118 to -2119	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2120 to -2121	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2122 to -2123	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2124 to -2125	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2126 to -2127	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2128 to -2129	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2130 to -2131	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2132 to -2133	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2134 to -2135	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2136 to -2137	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2138 to -2139	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2140 to -2141	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2142 to -2143	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2144 to -2145	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2146 to -2147	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2148 to -2149	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2150 to -2151	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2152 to -2153	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2154 to -2155	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2156 to -2157	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2158 to -2159	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2160 to -2161	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2162 to -2163	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2164 to -2165	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2166 to -2167	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2168 to -2169	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2170 to -2171	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2172 to -2173	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2174 to -2175	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2176 to -2177	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2178 to -2179	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2180 to -2181	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2182 to -2183	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2184 to -2185	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2186 to -2187	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2188 to -2189	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2190 to -2191	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2192 to -2193	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2194 to -2195	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2196 to -2197	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2198 to -2199	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2200 to -2201	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2202 to -2203	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2204 to -2205	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2206 to -2207	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2208 to -2209	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2210 to -2211	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2212 to -2213	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2214 to -2215	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2216 to -2217	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2218 to -2219	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2220 to -2221	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2222 to -2223	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2224 to -2225	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2226 to -2227	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2228 to -2229	104	104	104	104	104					





Table 38. CHANGE IN FARM RECEIPTS: Number and percentage of borrowers having cash farm receipts during year before first standard RR loan classified by change in cash farm receipts from year before first standard loan to last year of record after entry on standard RR program, by number of crop years after first loan

Change in cash farm receipts	Total		Borrowers by number of crop years after first loan			
	borrowers		1 year	2 years	3 years	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
-\$500 or more	43	7.9	9.0	7.4	6.0	
-\$499 to -\$250	34	6.3	5.4	8.1	6.0	
-\$249 to -\$125	34	6.3	7.9	2.7	6.9	
-\$124 to -\$1	52	9.6	9.0	11.4	8.6	
\$0 to \$124	71	13.1	14.7	12.1	10.3	
\$125 to \$249	94	17.2	19.1	12.8	19.1	
\$250 to \$374	74	13.6	11.5	16.7	14.7	
\$375 to \$499	46	8.5	7.9	9.4	8.6	
\$500 to \$749	59	10.9	9.4	11.4	13.8	
\$750 to \$999	17	3.1	3.2	4.0	1.7	
\$1,000 and over	19	3.5	2.9	4.0	4.3	
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	543		278	149	116	
Number not reporting 1/	18		10	8		
Median change in cash farm receipts	\$175		\$151	\$207	\$205	

1/ Exclusive of 1,662 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program and exclusive of 257 borrowers with a record who had no cash farm receipts during year before first standard RR loan.



3





Table 40.—FARM RECEIPTS AS PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL FARMER'S INCOME BEFORE RR: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by cash farm receipts as a percentage of total cash receipts during year before first standard RR loan, by period of first standard loan 1/

Cash farm receipts as percentage of total cash receipts year before first standard loan	First standard loan between		Second standard loan between		Third standard loan between	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Less than 10	46	2.7	2.7	1.9	3.3	
10.0 to 19.9	65	3.3	3.3	4.1	4.0	
20.0 to 29.9	69	3.6	4.0	3.1	3.6	
30.0 to 39.9	77	4.4	5.7	4.1	3.3	
40.0 to 49.9	73	4.2	5.2	3.3	4.0	
50.0 to 59.9	106	6.3	7.7	5.8	5.0	
60.0 to 69.9	95	5.5	6.4	5.0	4.3	
70.0 to 79.9	112	5.8	5.8	7.3	4.8	
80.0 to 89.9	121	6.4	6.3	7.8	5.1	
90.0 to 100.0	920	53.6	51.2	54.0	56.1	
Total	1,000	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Borrowers reporting no cash farm receipts during year before first standard loan	33	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	
Borrowers not reporting	36	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	

1/ Excludes 91 borrowers reporting no cash farm receipts during year before first standard loan.

Half or more of the total cash receipts were derived from the farm during the year before the first loan for 81 percent of the borrowers who had any farm receipts; the corresponding percentages were 79, 83, and 82 for first-, second-, and third-period borrowers, respectively. At least 9 dollars out of every 10 received came from the farm for 54 percent of the borrowers.



41.-FARM RECEIPTS AS PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL RECEIPTS, LAST YEAR RECORD: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by cash farm receipts as a percentage of total cash receipts during last year of record after entry on standard RR program by number of crop years after first loan

Farm receipts as percentage of total cash receipts during last year of record	Total		Borrowers by number of crop years after first loan			
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
No farm receipts	2	0.3	---	---	---	1.2
Less than 10	3	0.4	0.5	---	---	0.5
10.0 to 19.9	8	1.0	0.5	1.0	---	2.4
20.0 to 29.9	9	1.1	1.2	1.4	---	3.3
30.0 to 39.9	11	1.3	1.1	2.4	---	4.8
40.0 to 49.9	29	3.6	3.6	4.3	---	2.3
50.0 to 59.9	27	4.6	4.3	4.3	---	5.2
60.0 to 69.9	50	6.3	7.6	5.7	---	3.3
70.0 to 79.9	79	9.9	11.5	6.2	---	10.5
80.0 to 89.9	117	14.6	16.0	12.9	---	13.5
90.0 to 100.0	445	55.7	53.1	61.8	---	54.2
Total	100	100.0	100.0	100.0	---	100.0
Number reporting	99		719	210	---	170
Number not reporting 1/	19		11	8	---	---

1/ Exclusive of 1,662 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

Half or more of the total cash receipts during the last year of record on RR were from the farm for 91 percent of the borrowers. The percentages for those on the program 1, 2, and 3 years were 93, 91, and 88, respectively. Ninety percent or more of the receipts were from the farm for 56 percent of the borrowers.





TABLE 1. Cash receipts from crop and livestock sales, 1939-1940. Number of borrowers classified by cash farm receipts as a percentage of total cash receipts, excluding loans, during year before first standard loan and during last year of record after entry on standard RA program

Cash farm receipts as percentage of :		Borrowers by cash farm receipts as percentage of total cash receipts during last year of record after entry year before first home-											
		Total cash receipts: Total : loss : 10.0 : 20.0 : 30.0 : 40.0 : 50.0 : 60.0 : 70.0 : 80.0 : 90.0 :											
		than : to : to : to : to : to : to : to : to : to :											
		11 : 20 : 29 : 38 : 47 : 56 : 65 : 74 : 83 : 92 :											
No farm receipts :	257 :	1 :	2 :	3 :	2 :	3 :	11 :	13 :	14 :	20 :	46 :	138 :	4 :
10.0 to 19.9 :	18 :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	1 :	1 :	1 :	2 :	3 :	3 :	2 :
20.0 to 29.9 :	20 :	— :	2 :	1 :	— :	— :	3 :	— :	4 :	2 :	8 :	— :	— :
30.0 to 39.9 :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :
40.0 to 49.9 :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :
50.0 to 59.9 :	36 :	— :	— :	— :	— :	2 :	2 :	— :	3 :	3 :	9 :	16 :	— :
60.0 to 69.9 :	36 :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :
70.0 to 79.9 :	38 :	— :	— :	— :	1 :	2 :	1 :	4 :	3 :	8 :	14 :	— :	— :
80.0 to 89.9 :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :
90.0 to 99.9 :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :
100.0 :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :	— :
Total :	339 :	2 :	2 :	3 :	3 :	3 :	11 :	13 :	14 :	20 :	46 :	138 :	4 :

Inclusive of 1,662 borrowers with no record after entry on RA program.

Number of borrowers with no record after entry on RA program.

Number of borrowers with no record after entry on RA program.









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Tables 44, 45

Data on net cash income during the year before the first loan was available for only 7 percent of the borrowers. The median net cash income for this limited number of borrowers was \$424. Less than 1 percent did not have enough cash receipts to pay farm operating expenses. About two-thirds had less than \$500 left after paying farm operating expenses. About one-third had a net cash income of \$500 or more.

Data on net cash income during the last year of record after acceptance were available for only 44 percent of the borrowers who reported other types of information. Of the borrowers who did report, 57 percent had less than \$500 net cash income. Only 7 percent had a net income of \$1,000 or more. Over one-fourth, 28 percent, had net cash incomes between \$500 and \$749. The median for the limited number of borrowers reporting was \$463.

The Cut-over Area had a larger percentage of borrowers with a net income of less than \$500 than did the Commercial and had a median of \$434 as compared with \$479 for the Commercial. Michigan borrowers had the smallest median net cash income, \$441, while Wisconsin with \$503 had the largest median. In Wisconsin half of the borrowers had a net income of \$500 or more during the last year of record after acceptance on PR but both Michigan and Minnesota had a larger percentage of borrowers with net incomes of \$1,000 and over.





Table 44.—NET CASH INCOME YEAR BEFORE RR: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by net cash income during year before first standard RR loan 1/

Net cash income year be- fore first standard loan :	Total borrowers	
	Number	Percent
-\$100 and over :	1	0.5
-\$100 to -\$1 :	—	—
0 :	2	1.1
\$1 to \$99 :	2	1.1
\$100 to \$199 :	10	5.2
\$200 to \$399 :	29	15.4
\$400 to \$599 :	32	16.5
\$600 to \$799 :	42	21.3
\$800 to \$999 :	30	15.5
\$1,000 to \$999 :	11	5.7
\$1,000 and over :	14	7.1
Total reporting :	173	100.0
Number not reporting :	2,571	
Median net cash income year before first standard loan :	\$443	

1/ Net cash income is cash receipts, ex-  
cluding loans, minus cash farm opera-  
ting expenditures.



During last year of record after entry on standard RR program, by Areas 1/

Actual income during last year of record after entry on RR	Total	Percentage of residents at base of 1944 standard loan											
		Alaska	Ariz.	Calif.	Col.	Conn.	Del.	Fla.	Ill.	Ind.	Iowa	Mich.	Minn.
\$0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$1 to \$99	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$100 to \$199	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$200 to \$299	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$300 to \$399	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$400 to \$499	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$500 to \$599	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$600 to \$699	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$700 to \$799	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$800 to \$899	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$900 to \$999	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$1,000 and over	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number reporting	357	213	228	14	77	30	79	15	82	121	139	97	
Number not reporting 2/	461	151	461	59	109	67	68	25	133	168	135	158	
Median net cash income last year of record	\$153	\$434	\$479	**	\$560	\$462	\$423	**	\$467	\$503	\$441	\$455	

\* Percentages not computed on a base of fewer than 50 cases.

2/ Excludes of 1944 borrowers who on record after entry on RR program.





Tables 46, 47, 48, 49

Some major farm source or combination of farm sources was the major source of cash receipts for 59 percent of all borrowers during the year before the first loan. The second-period borrowers had a larger percentage of borrowers depending upon the farm as a major source than did either the first- or third-period borrowers. Off-farm work, the second most important major source, was the source for over one-third of the borrowers and was slightly more important in the third period than in either the first or second periods. Livestock and livestock products was the most important single source for the total, 45 percent, and in all of the periods. Neither grants nor AAA was of any significance as a major source of receipts during the year before the first loan.

The Commercial Area exceeded the Cut-over Area in the proportion of borrowers classified as having crop sales or livestock and livestock produce as a major source of receipts.

During the year before the first loan, farm source of farm income was the major source for 51 percent of the Wisconsin, 46 percent of the Michigan, and 41 percent of the Minnesota borrowers. Crop sales were less and livestock sales more important for Wisconsin borrowers than for those in the other two States. In each State, livestock and crop sales as major sources of receipts, were equally or more important in the Commercial Area than in the Cut-over Area.

After entry on FR a farm source was most important for 92 percent of the borrowers; the farm sources predominated for 93, 92, and 91 percent of the borrowers on the program 1, 2, and 3 years, respectively. Livestock, as a major source for 80 percent of the borrowers, was more than 15 times as important as either crops or the crop-livestock combination. Off-farm work as a major source of receipts increased in importance according to the length of time borrowers had been on the program at the time of their last record, but was the major source for less than 5 percent of all borrowers with records.

The strong tendency to shift into livestock is brought out by table 49.





6. MAJOR SOURCE OF RECEIPTS YEAR BEFORE: Neither cash receipts nor borrowers classified by source yielding 50 percent or more of total receipts, excluding loans, during year before first standard loan, by period of first standard loan

Major source of receipts year before	Total	Borrowers receiving first standard loan between			
		3/1/36-	3/1/37-	3/1/38-	3/1/39-
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Crop sales	192	8.1	9.7	7.1	7.1
livestock and produce	1,061	44.9	40.1	50.3	46.8
Crop sales and livestock and produce 1/	120	5.1	6.2	4.3	4.4
Other cash from farm	15	0.6	0.5	1.1	0.4
Farm receipts from all farm sources combined 2/	24	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.8
FSA grants	1	*	—	0.2	—
Off-farm work	867	34.1	34.2	31.1	36.4
Other nonfarm income 3/	87	3.7	4.7	2.8	3.1
No major source	35	1.5	2.5	0.9	0.7
No cash receipts	33	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.2
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	2,366	930	634	802	
Number not reporting	114	53	23	38	

\* Less than 0.05 percent.

- 1/ Neither crop sales alone nor livestock and produce alone is 50 percent of the total, but the two combined are 50 percent or more of the total.
- 2/ No single source of farm receipts is 50 percent of the total, but all sources combined are 50 percent or more of the total.
- 3/ Receipts from such sources as direct relief, soldier's bonus, etc.



Table 47. MAJOR SOURCES OF INSECTICIDE YEAR TYPING BY: Number and percentage of households classified by source relative to percent of total of each seedling, excluding farms, during year before first year of use, and by year

[illegible]





Table 1. MAJOR SOURCE OF RECEIPTS LAST YEAR BY NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BORROWERS CLASSIFIED BY SOURCE YIELDING 50 PERCENT OR MORE OF CASH RECEIPTS, EXCLUDING LOANS, DURING LAST YEAR OF RECORD AFTER ENTRY ON STANDARD RR PROGRAM, BY NUMBER OF CROP YEARS AFTER FIRST LOAN.

Major source of receipts during last year of record after entry on RR	Total		Borrowers by number of crop years after first loan			
	Number	Percent	1 year			5 years or more
			Number	Percent	Percent	
Crop sales	43	5.3	5.9	3.7	5.5	
Livestock and produce	41	5.1	4.1	3.7	3.1	
Crop sales and livestock and produce 1/	44	5.5	5.2	3.7	8.3	
Other cash from farm	---	---	---	---	---	---
Farm receipts 2/	6	0.7	1.2	0.5	---	---
Off-farm work	38	4.7	3.6	4.7	7.7	
Other nonfarm income 3/	11	1.4	1.7	0.9	1.2	
No major source	13	1.6	1.7	2.3	0.6	
No cash receipts	3	0.4	0.5	0.5	---	---
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	---	---	431	214	---	---
Number not reporting 4/	14		9	4	1	

1/ Neither crop sales alone nor livestock and produce alone is 50 percent of the total, but the two combined are 50 percent or more of the total.

2/ No single source of farm receipts is 50 percent or more of the total, but all sources combined are 50 percent or more of the total.

3/ Receipts from such sources as direct relief, soldier's bonus, etc.

4/ Exclusive of 1,662 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.









Table 10.—RECEIPTS FROM OFF-FARM WORK YEAR BEFORE 1941: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by receipts from off-farm work during year before first standard RR loan, by period of first standard loan

Receipts from off-farm work year before first standard loan	Total	Borrowers receiving first standard loan between			
		3/1/36 - 3/31/36	4/1/36 - 6/30/36	7/1/36 - 12/31/36	
0	970	41.2	39.3	43.3	41.5
1 to 24	53	2.0	3.4	3.0	2.5
25 to 49	64	2.7	3.8	2.6	1.6
50 to 74	39	1.5	3.1	4.7	3.2
75 to 99	63	2.7	3.1	3.2	1.7
100 to 149	142	5.8	5.5	4.5	3.0
150 to 199	88	3.7	4.5	3.5	3.0
200 to 249	211	8.9	11.3	8.0	7.0
250 to 299	214	9.1	10.6	7.0	8.9
300 to 349	143	5.8	3.4	4.7	3.2
350 to 399	143	5.8	3.4	4.7	3.2
400 to 449	143	5.8	3.4	4.7	3.2
450 to 499	143	5.8	3.4	4.7	3.2
500 and over	300	12.7	7.3	13.7	18.2
Total	1,111	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
After reporting	2,358		930	626	802
Number not reporting	122		53	31	38

Receipts from off-farm work or from work done on farm other than received by the borrower, regardless of the member of the household by whom the work was done.

Note: A comparable table is also available for each Area in the Region.

Forty-one percent of the borrowers had no receipts from off-farm work during the year before the first loan. Thirteen percent had receipts of \$100 or more from this source and the proportion with such large receipts increased from 7 percent in the first to 18 percent in the third period.





Table 21. Receipts from off-farm work during year before first standard RR loan, by Areas I

Receipts from off-farm work year before	Receipts from off-farm work during year before first standard RR loan, by Areas I									
	Total	Area I	Area II	Area III	Area IV	Area V	Area VI	Area VII	Area VIII	Area IX
61 to \$24	43	1.8	2.4	1.6	3.2	1.3	1.7	1.7	2.4	1.7
25 to 44	68	2.7	3.3	2.4	2.5	2.9	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.9
45 to 64	83	3.5	5.0	2.8	5.4	2.0	4.2	2.8	5.5	2.5
65 to 84	63	2.7	3.1	2.4	4.0	2.0	2.8	2.2	2.4	2.9
85 to 104	164	6.0	9.3	5.7	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3
105 to 124	68	3.0	4.2	3.1	2.5	2.2	4.2	4.6	1.3	4.2
125 to 144	113	4.4	10.7	9.1	11.5	7.6	9.4	8.1	12.1	8.4
145 to 164	111	4.1	4.9	9.2	9.4	11.7	8.3	6.8	11.7	12.1
165 to 184	175	6.9	7.5	8.1	7.9	8.1	10.4	12.1	12.1	12.1
185 to 204	127	12.2	11.2	11.1	11.0	11.7	11.8	11.1	11.4	11.4
Total	111	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	7,358	765	1,593	278	458	364	549	124	595	991
Number not reporting	132	17	105	5	22	8	21	4	63	25

1/ Receipts from nonfarm work or from work done on farm other than operation by the borrower, including receipts from off-farm work during year before first standard RR loan, by Areas I



Table 52.—RECEIPTS FROM OFF-FARM WORK DURING LAST YEAR OF RECORD AFTER ENTRY ON STANDARD RR PROGRAM, BY NUMBER OF CROP YEARS AFTER FIRST LOAN 1/

Receipts from off-farm work during last year of record after entry on RR	Total		Borrowers by number of crop years after first loan			
	borrowers		1 year : 2 years : 3 years			
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Total	440	55.3	54.7	56.9	54.0	
1 to 199	47	5.9	5.3	5.2	8.0	
200 to 299	56	7.0	7.2	7.5	6.0	
300 to 399	31	3.9	4.5	3.8	2.4	
400 to 499	27	3.4	3.6	3.3	3.0	
500 to 599	58	7.3	6.4	6.2	6.0	
600 to 699	31	3.9	4.3	4.3	2.4	
700 to 799	30	3.8	4.1	3.3	3.6	
800 to 899	35	4.4	4.5	3.3	5.4	
900 to 999	16	2.0	1.2	2.3	3.0	
1000 and over	25	3.1	2.2	3.3	5.0	
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	796		418	211	167	
Number not reporting 2/	22		12	7	3	

1/ Receipts from nonfarm work or from work done on farms other than operated by the borrower, regardless of the member of the household by whom the work was done.

2/ Exclusive of 1,662 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

Fifty-five percent of the borrowers had no receipts from off-farm work during the last year of record after entry on RR; this was true of 55, 57, and 54 percent of those on the program 1, 2, and 3 years, respectively. Only 3 percent had receipts of \$500 or more from this source during their last year of record.





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Table 53

One-third of the borrowers who had no receipts from off-farm work the year before the first loan did have such receipts after the loan and over half who had such receipts before have continued to have them. There was a marked tendency for borrowers to have less receipts from off-farm work after the loan than before entry on R.R.



1850-1851



Note: A comparable value is also available for borrowers = 1 and 2 or 3 years (1, 2 or 3) after first standard loan.





Table 55.--RECEIPTS FROM AAA YEAR BEFORE RR: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by receipts from AAA during year before first standard RR loan

Receipts from AAA year before first standard loan	Total borrowers	
	Number	Percent
\$0 1/	1,519	80.1
\$1 to \$24	3	.2
\$25 to \$49	5	.3
\$50 to \$74	7	.4
\$75 to \$99	30	1.6
\$100 to \$149	41	2.1
\$150 to \$199	10	.6
\$200 to \$299	4	.2
\$300 to \$399	1	.1
\$400 to \$499	—	—
\$500 and over	—	—
Total reporting	1,719	100.0
Number not reporting	13	

1/ Exclusive of 748 borrowers reporting tenure status as farm laborer or nonfarm during crop year before first standard RR loan.

Eighty <sup>eight</sup> percent of the borrowers who were farm operators did not report any receipts from AAA during the year before the first loan. Another 9 percent received less than \$100 while the remaining 2 percent received \$100 or more from AAA.



Table 26.-RECEIPTS FROM AAA LAST RR RECORD: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by receipts from AAA during last year of record after entry on standard RR program, by number of crop years after first loan.

Receipts from AAA during last year of record after entry on RR	Total borrowers		Borrowers by number of crop years after first loan			
	Number	Percent	1 year	2 years	3 years	
			Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
\$0 1/2	545	67.6	77.1	65.0	47.5	
\$1 to \$4	53	6.6	5.3	6.5	9.5	
\$5 to \$9	78	9.7	7.2	11.6	13.0	
\$10 to \$24	57	7.1	4.7	5.1	15.4	
\$25 to \$49	41	5.1	3.1	3.1		
\$50 to \$99	28	3.5	1.9	4.7	5.0	
\$100 to \$149	10	1.2	1.2	0.9	1.8	
\$150 to \$199	7	0.9	0.6	1.9	1.8	
\$200 to \$299	2	0.2	0.2	0.5		
\$300 to \$499	2	0.2	0.2	0.5		
\$500 and over						
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	82		42	215	1	
Number not reporting 2/	12		8	3	1	

1/ May include an occasional borrower reporting no farm.

2/ Exclusive of 1,662 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

During the last year of record after entry on RR, 68 percent of the borrowers reported no receipts from AAA. No receipts from this source were reported by 77, 65, and 47 percent of those on the program 1, 2, and 3 years, respectively. Another 26 percent received less than \$100 and about 6 percent received \$100 or more in benefit payments.





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Table 56 -NUMBER OF FARM ENTERPRISES YEAR BEFORE RR: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by number of farm enterprises yielding 10 percent or more of cash receipts from crops and livestock during year before first standard RR loan 1/

Number of farm enterprises: year before first standard:		Total borrowers	
loan	:	Number	Percent
1	:	111	18.5
2	:	97	16.6
3	:	85	14.5
4	:	74	12.5
5	:	41	6.9
6	:	25	4.2
7	:	15	2.5
8	:	10	1.7
9 or 10	:	5	.8
11 or more 2/	:	2	.3
Total reporting	:	570	95.0
Number not reporting	:	19	3.2

1/ Exclusive of 733 borrowers reporting no cash receipts from crops or livestock during year before first standard RR loan.

2/ Eleven or more, each yielding less than 10 percent of cash receipts from crops and livestock.

Of the borrowers who had any receipts from crops or livestock during the year before the first loan, 19 percent had only 1 enterprise such as dairy products, hogs, or poultry which contributed 10 percent or more of the total from crops and livestock. Thirty-four percent of the borrowers depended on 2 enterprises; this was the most common number. Another 30 percent had 3 enterprises and 17 percent were classified to the extent of having 4 or more enterprises each accounting for 10 percent or more of the cash income from crops and livestock.





Table 59.—NUMBER OF FARM ENTERPRISES LAST YEAR RECORD: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by number of farm enterprises yielding 10 percent or more of cash receipts from crops and livestock during last year of record after entry on standard RR program, by number of crop years after first loan

Number of farm enterprises: during last year of record after entry on RR	Total		Borrowers by number of crop years after first loan			
	Borrowers		1 year	2 years	3 years	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
0 1/	3	0.1	0.7	—	—	1.2
1	130	16.3	17.6	16.9	—	12.5
2	314	39.2	21.8	39.2	—	30.7
3	137	17.0	28.7	31.3	—	24.5
4	90	11.3	19.0	19.3	—	14.1
5	7	0.9	2.7	1.9	—	2.0
6	2	0.3	0.3	—	—	—
7	—	—	—	—	—	—
8	—	—	—	—	—	—
9 or 10	—	—	—	—	—	—
11 or more 2/	—	—	—	—	—	—
In all	187	100.0	100.0	100.0	—	100.0
Number reporting	187		121	213	—	168
Number not reporting 3/	16		9	5	—	2

1/ No cash receipts from crops or livestock.

2/ Eleven or more enterprises yielding less than 10 percent of cash receipts from crops and livestock.

3/ Exclusive of 1,662 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

Less than 1 percent of the borrowers had no cash receipts from crops or livestock in the last year of record after entry on RR program. This was depended upon by 11 percent of enterprises with 1 or 2 enterprises yielding the number for nearly two-fifths of all borrowers. There seems to be no marked differences between borrowers with 1, 2, and 3 years of record with respect to the classification of crop and livestock enterprises.









Table 61.--FAMILY EXPENDITURES YEAR BEFORE AND: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by cash family-operating expenditures during year before first standard RR loan

Cash family-operating expenditures year before:	Total borrowers	
first standard loan	Number	Percent
Less than \$100	4	2.5
\$100 to \$199	21	13.1
\$200 to \$299	28	17.2
\$300 to \$399	30	18.2
\$400 to \$499	18	10.9
\$500 to \$749	5	3.0
\$750 to \$999	2	1.2
\$1,000 to \$1,499	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999	—	—
\$2,000 and over	—	—
Total reporting	161	100.0
Number not reporting	3	1.9
Median cash family-operating expenditures year before first standard loan	\$292	

Family operating expenditures for the year before the first loan were known for only about 6 percent of the borrowers. The median for those was \$292. Fifty-three percent spent less than \$300; 40 percent spent \$300 to \$500; and 7 percent spent \$500 or more for family purposes.





Table 22.—Cash family expenditures during last year of record, by amount of cash family expenditures during last year of record after entry on standard program

Cash family expenditures during last year of record		
year of record	Number	Percent
Less than \$200	105	29.7
\$200 to \$299	98	27.7
\$300 to \$499	39	11.0
\$500 to \$749	16	4.6
\$750 to \$999	9	2.5
\$1,000 to \$1,499	5	1.4
\$1,500 to \$1,999	1	.3
\$2,000 and over	1	.3
Total reporting	354	100.0
Number not reporting 1/	461	
Median cash family expenditures last year of record	\$301	

1/ Exclusive of 1,062 borrowers with no record after entry on standard program.

Cash family expenditure data for the last year of record were available for only 43 percent of the borrowers reporting other types of data. The median for those reporting was \$301. One-fifth of the borrowers spent less than \$200; 30 percent spent \$200 to \$299; 39 percent spent \$300 to \$499; and 11 percent spent \$500 or more for the family.



... of ...  
 classified by cash family ...  
 first year or standard loan ...  
 standard loan.

Cash family- operating expenditures: planned first year on RA	Total Borrowers		Borrowers including RA ... Standard loan first year			
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Less than \$100	5	0.2	0.1	0.2		
\$100 to \$199	134	5.3	9.3	4.6		
\$200 to \$299	736	30.7	39.0	34.2		
\$300 to \$399	734	30.6	32.7	35.6		
\$400 to \$499	302	12.2	23.6	16.0		
\$500 to \$599	202	8.5	7.1	9.6		
\$600 to \$699	10	0.5	0.3	0.4		
\$700 to \$799						
\$800 to \$899						
\$900 to \$999	200	10.0	10.0	10.0		
\$1,000 or more						
Not reporting	2,723		73	636		
Not reporting	17					
Not reporting	18		5	3		
Can cash family-operating expenditures planned:						

1/ Excludes 339 borrowers for whom data not expected because first standard loan was authorized after August 31, 1938.

2/ A comparable table is also available for each Area in the Region.

The median cash expenditures for the family which borrowers planned to take during their first year on the RA were ...  
 planned to spend less than \$100, about one-half ...  
 \$500, and about 10 percent expected to spend \$500 or more.

The median planned expenditures increased from period to period, being:  
 \$384 for first-period borrowers ...  
 \$354 for third-period borrowers.









classified by cash value of food planned to be furnished during first year on standard loan RE authorized for standard loan. 1/

Cash value of food planned to be furnished by farm first year on RE	Total		Borrowers receiving first standard loan between			
	borrowers		3/1/36- 2/28/37	3/1/37- 2/28/38	3/1/38- 2/28/39	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
\$0	1	0.7	*	—	—	1.5
\$1 to \$99	5	3.3	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199	63	43.7	*	41.8	—	—
\$200 to \$299	52	36.1	*	36.9	—	—
\$300 to \$399	15	11.3	—	12.2	—	7.3
\$400 to \$499	4	2.8	—	—	—	—
\$500 to \$749	3	2.1	—	—	—	—
\$750 to \$999	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$1,000 and over	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	144	100.0	*	100.0	—	100.0
Number reporting	144		31	38	—	—
Number not reporting	2/ 1,397		962	599	2/ 4	—
Median cash value of food planned to be furnished	\$206		**	\$200	\$217	

\* Percentage not computed on a base of fewer than 50 cases.

\*\* Median not computed on a base of fewer than 50 cases.

1/ The cash value of fuel planned to be furnished by the farm is included for some borrowers.

2/ Excludes 194 borrowers for whom data not expected because first standard loan was authorized after August 31, 1938.

Note: A comparable table is available for each Area in the Region.

The value of food planned to be furnished by the farm during the first year on RE was known for only 6 percent of the borrowers. The median for these few borrowers was \$206; it was higher in the third than in the second period, going from \$200 to \$217. Eighty percent of the borrowers planned to produce food at home valued at between \$100 and \$300.



the value of food  
should be determined

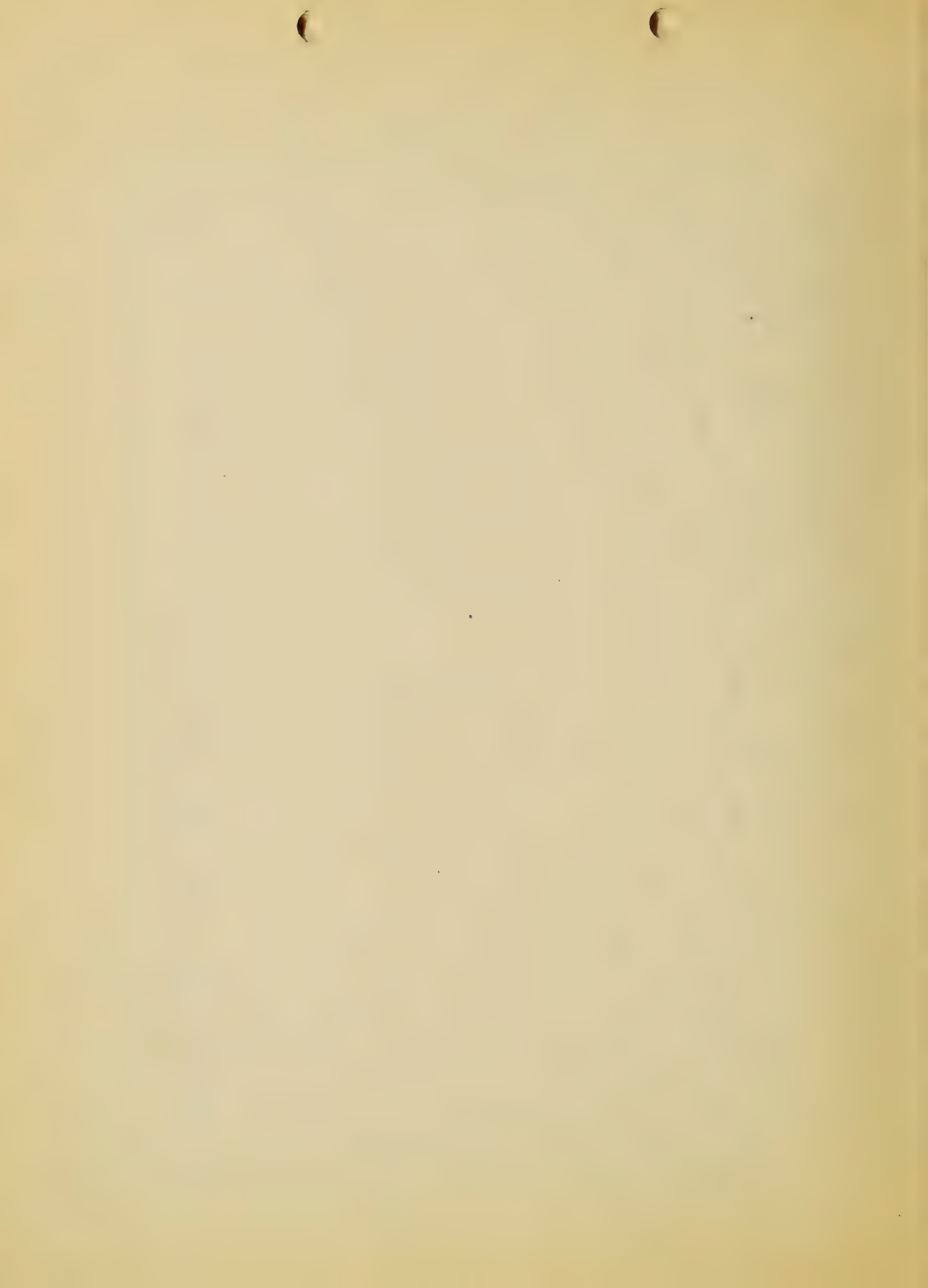




Table 27, 28, 29, 70

The median net worth at the time of the first standard loan increased from period to period whether the net worth includes or excludes equity in farm land and buildings. The net worth was higher with farm real estate equities included particularly for the Cut-over Area which had a larger proportion of farm owners than the Commercial Area.

When the equity in farm land and buildings is excluded from the net worth, there is practically no difference between medians of the Cut-over and Commercial Areas of the Region, \$710 and \$701, respectively. When real estate equities are included, the net worth in the Cut-over area is \$1,123 and in the Commercial is \$850.

When the real estate equities are excluded, the difference between the two areas narrows markedly within each State. Of the three States, Minnesota had the lowest median, both with and without real estate, Michigan had the largest median net worth with real estate included, and Wisconsin had the largest median with real estate excluded.

The differences are summarized as follows:

Median net worth at time of first standard loan

<u>First standard loan</u> <u>between</u>	<u>Including farm</u> <u>real estate equity</u>	<u>Excluding farm</u> <u>real estate equity</u>	<u>Difference</u>
1/1/36-2/28/37	\$ 822	\$597	\$225
1/1/37-2/28/38	966	742	224
1/1/38-2/28/39	1,025	794	231
Total, all periods	929	704	225
<u>Areas</u>			
Cut-over	1,123	710	413
Commercial	850	701	149
Wisconsin	905	\$756	149
Cut-over	1,123	776	347
Commercial	838	742	96
Michigan	1,063	726	337
Cut-over	1,250	714	536
Commercial	964	733	231
Minnesota	803	624	179
Cut-over	1,152	539	613
Commercial	759	642	117



Table 7. NET WORTH AT TIME OF FIRST STANDARD LOAN: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by net worth at time of first standard loan, by period of first standard loan.

Net worth at time of first standard loan	Total borrowers		Borrowers receiving standard loan between			
	Number	Percent	5/1/36- 2/28/37	3/1/37- 2/28/38	3/1/37- 2/28/39	3/1/37- 2/28/40
\$500 or more	35	1.0	1.0	1.2	3.0	
\$499 to -1	10	1.3	2.2	2.1	1.1	
\$0 to \$24	91	3.3	2.1	2.4	3.1	
\$25 to \$249	171	7.1	3.3	4.1	5.1	
\$250 to \$499	292	12.7	5.4	6.1	7.1	
\$500 to \$999	654	26.4	10.3	11.1	12.1	
\$1,000 to \$1,499	444	16.4	12.3	13.1	14.1	
\$1,500 to \$1,999	333	9.2	8.3	9.1	10.1	
\$2,000 to \$2,999	233	11.1	10.3	11.1	12.1	
\$3,000 to \$4,999	144	7.1	4.3	5.1	6.1	
\$5,000 and over	71	2.1	4.0	3.9	4.1	
Total	1,000	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	2,465		972	81	30	
Number not reporting	73		4	10	1	
Median net worth at time of first standard loan	\$929		\$822	\$966	\$1,000	

Note: A comparable table is also available for each Area in the Region.

The median net worth at the time of the first standard loan increased from \$822 for borrowers receiving their first loan during 1936-37 to \$1,000 for those receiving the first loan during 1938-39. Only 1 borrower in 50 had a negative net worth at the time of the first loan. The proportion with a net worth under \$500 decreased from 34 percent of the first-period borrowers to 21 percent of the third-period borrowers. These data include real estate equities.



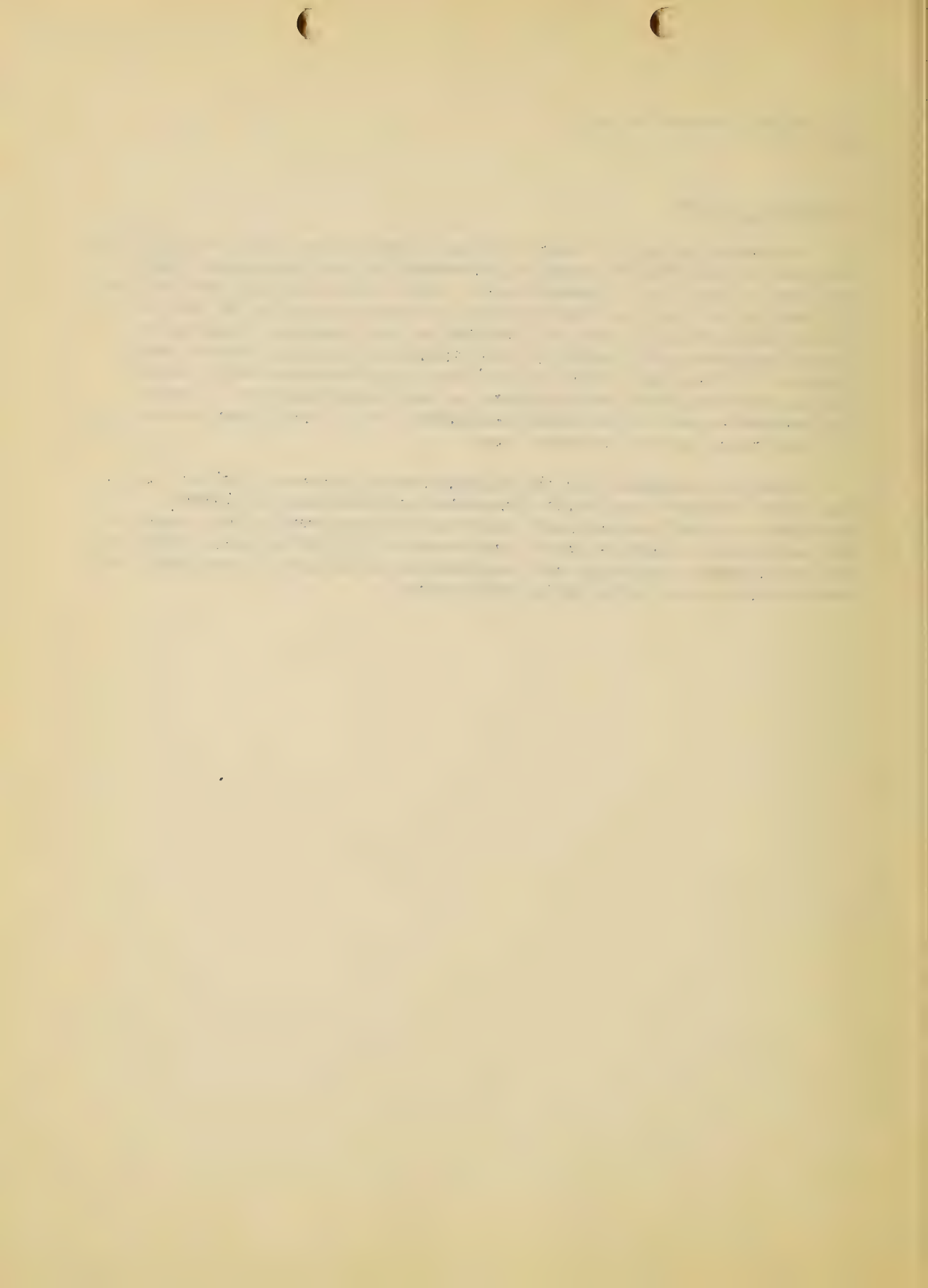
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Tables 68, 69, 70

Borrowers in the Out-over Area had a median net worth of \$1,181 as compared to the \$853 net worth of borrowers in the Commercial Area at the time of the first standard loan. Real estate equities are included in these data. The Out-over Area had a larger proportion of borrowers with a net worth of \$1,000 and over while the Commercial Area had a larger proportion with under \$1,000, including the negative net worth classes. Within each State the Out-over Area borrowers had a larger median net worth than the borrowers in the Commercial Area. These differences appear to be largely accounted for by the higher percentage of farm owners in the Out-over Area.

Michigan borrowers had the highest median net worth at the time of the first standard loan while Minnesota borrowers had the lowest. Michigan also had the smallest proportion of borrowers with a negative net worth and the largest with a net worth of \$1,500 or more. Minnesota had the largest proportion with a minus net worth and the smallest percentage with a net worth of \$1,500 or more.









and period of time between the first and second standard loans, at time of first standard loan

net worth, excluding equity in farm real estate, at time of first standard loan	Total Borrowers	3/1/36-2/28/37	Borrowers receiving first loan between 3/1/37-2/28/38
\$0 or less	52	3.8	1.7
\$499 to -\$1	46	1.9	1.6
\$1 to \$24	109	4.4	6.0
\$25 to \$49	91	7.8	10.6
\$50 to \$99	136	19.8	23.8
\$100 to \$999	874	35.5	34.9
\$1,000 to \$1,999	451	17.7	14.1
\$2,000 to \$2,999	85	3.5	2.1
\$3,000 to \$4,999	24	1.0	0.6
\$5,000 and over	4	0.2	—
Total	1,531	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	2,454	973	847
Number not reporting	26	10	10
Median net worth, excluding equity in farm real estate, at time of first standard loan	\$704	\$597	\$742

Note: A comparable table is also available for each Area in the Region.

The median net worth at the time of the first standard loan, excluding real estate, increased each period, being \$597 in the first, \$742 in the second, and \$794 in the third. Over one-third of the borrowers in each period had a net worth between \$500 and \$1,000.





Table 70

Without real estate, the median net worth of borrowers was practically the same in the Commercial and Out-over Areas. Although a somewhat larger proportion of the Commercial Area borrowers had a minus net worth. A slightly larger proportion of the Commercial Area borrowers also had a net worth of \$1,500 or over at the time of the first standard loan. Only in Minnesota was there much difference in the medians of the borrowers of the two areas, the Out-over Area borrowers of that State having \$519 and the Commercial having \$642 as the median net worth. Within each State, a larger proportion of Commercial than of Out-over Area borrowers had a net worth of \$1,500 or more.

With real estate excluded, Minnesota borrowers had the lowest median net worth at the time of the first standard loan; Wisconsin had a slightly higher median than Michigan.













Tables 72, 73, 74

Table 72

Thirty-six percent of the borrowers for whom a record was available after entry on RR had a lower net worth at the time of the last record than at the time of the first loan; 18 percent incurred a decrease of \$500 or more. Twenty-seven percent increased their net worth by \$500 or more. The median change was an increase of \$181. Thirty-seven percent of the first-period, 34 percent of the second-, and 13 percent of the third-period borrowers decreased their net worth by the time of their last record. The median changes were increases of \$182, \$198, and \$146 for first-, second-, and third-period borrowers, respectively.

Table 73

Over one-third, 36 percent, of all borrowers with any record of change since receiving the first standard loan had a lower net worth, excluding farm real estate, at the time of the last record than at the time of the first loan. This decrease was reported for 39, 31, and 36 percent of the borrowers with records 1, 2, and 3 years, respectively, after the first standard loan. Seven percent of the borrowers incurred decreases of \$500 or more and 22 percent had increases of \$500 or more, excluding real estate. However, the median change for all borrowers with records was a gain of \$149. The median increases were \$113, \$213, and \$149 for those with records 1, 2, and 3 years, respectively, after the first loan.

Table 74

This table shows that the larger the amount of net worth at the time of entry on RR the smaller was the proportion of borrowers reporting an increase by the time of the last record.



72.-CHANGE IN NET WORTH: Borrowers with previous record classified by change in net worth from time of first standard loan to time of last record after entry on standard RR program, by period of first standard loan

Change in net worth	Total		Borrowers receiving first standard loan between			
	borrowers		5/1/36-	5/1/37-	2/1/38-	
	Number	Percent	Percent			
-\$2,000 and down	41	5.1	4.9	12	1	
-\$1,000 to -\$1,999	43	5.5	4.3	17	4.4	
-\$500 to -\$999	66	7.8	1.3	13.6	5.1	
-\$249 to -\$499	64	7.9	4.7	12	1	
-\$124 to -\$249	77	9.5	4.1	1.8	12.7	
\$0 to \$124	92	11.3	7.8	1.3	3	
\$125 to \$249	31	3.8	13.0	1.3	12.1	
\$250 to \$499	142	17.3	14.3	1.8	17.5	
\$500 to \$999	114	14.1	15.2	1.7	11.2	
\$1,000 to \$1,999	50	6.1	5.3	1.6	5.2	
\$2,000 and over	28	3.4	2.3	1	1	
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	216		216	216	216	
Number not reporting 1/	8		6	1	1	
Excluded change in net worth	\$182		\$112	\$148	\$146	

1/ Exclusive of 1,662 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.





Table 23-CHANGE IN NET WORTH, INCLUDING FARM REAL ESTATE: Number and percentage of borrowers closed loans by ending in last year, showing change in net worth, and showing, for each of the years 1936-1937, the change in net worth to specified last year of record after entry on standard FR program, by number of crop years after first loan

Change in net worth, excluding equity in farm real estate	Total	Borrowers by number of crop years after first loan and specified last year of record									
		1 ending between 9/1/36-9/1/37-9/1/38-		2 ending between 9/1/37-9/1/38-		3 ending between 9/1/38-		4 ending between 9/1/38-		5 ending between 9/1/38-	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
1936-1937	11	3.1	1.7	—	—	2.2	2.2	2.0	1.8	—	—
1937-1938	11	3.1	1.7	2.4	2.2	3.0	2.7	4.3	3.9	—	—
1938-1939	10	3.1	3.0	3.6	3.6	4.1	4.1	4.7	4.7	—	—
1939-1940	7	4.7	10.7	11.4	16.3	12.2	17.4	14.0	20.0	—	—
1940-1941	8	3.8	14.3	11.7	24.7	24.5	30.6	27.7	32.7	—	—
1941-1942	10	4.5	12.2	12.8	12.8	12.5	12.5	14.7	14.7	—	—
1942-1943	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1943-1944	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1944-1945	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1945-1946	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1946-1947	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1947-1948	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1948-1949	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1949-1950	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1950-1951	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1951-1952	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1952-1953	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1953-1954	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1954-1955	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1955-1956	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1956-1957	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1957-1958	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1958-1959	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1959-1960	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1960-1961	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1961-1962	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1962-1963	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1963-1964	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1964-1965	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1965-1966	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1966-1967	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1967-1968	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1968-1969	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1969-1970	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1970-1971	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1971-1972	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1972-1973	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1973-1974	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1974-1975	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1975-1976	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1976-1977	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1977-1978	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1978-1979	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1979-1980	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1980-1981	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1981-1982	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1982-1983	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1983-1984	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1984-1985	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1985-1986	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1986-1987	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1987-1988	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1988-1989	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1989-1990	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1990-1991	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1991-1992	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1992-1993	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1993-1994	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1994-1995	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1995-1996	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1996-1997	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1997-1998	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1998-1999	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
1999-2000	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2000-2001	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2001-2002	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2002-2003	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2003-2004	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2004-2005	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2005-2006	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2006-2007	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2007-2008	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2008-2009	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2009-2010	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2010-2011	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2011-2012	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2012-2013	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2013-2014	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2014-2015	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2015-2016	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2016-2017	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2017-2018	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2018-2019	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2019-2020	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2020-2021	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2021-2022	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2022-2023	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2023-2024	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2024-2025	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2025-2026	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2026-2027	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2027-2028	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2028-2029	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2029-2030	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2030-2031	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7	14.7	16.7	15.0	—	—
2031-2032	11	4.6	14.7	15.3	14.8	14.7					









-13146 Ar 1114 (2) Asset at time of first standard loan  
classified by value of assets at time of first standard loan  
period of first standard loan

Value of assets at time of first standard loan	Total borrowers		Borrowers receiving first standard loan between			
	Number	Percent	3/1/28- 2/28/31	2/28/31- 2/28/38	2/28/38- 2/28/39	Percent
less than \$125	38	1.5	2.1	1.3	1.2	
\$125 to \$249	110	4.4	6.6	3.4	3.7	
\$250 to \$499	271	10.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	
\$500 to \$999	528	21.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	
\$1,000 to \$1,499	359	14.5	13.1	16.5	17.6	
\$1,500 to \$1,999	261	10.5	8.1	11.4	14.7	
\$2,000 to \$2,999	326	13.2	13.1	13.7	14.9	
\$3,000 to \$3,999	196	7.9	7.0	8.5	8.5	
\$4,000 to \$4,999	97	3.9	1.3	2.1	2.1	
\$5,000 to \$9,999	182	7.4	5.6	7.8	9.0	
\$10,000 and over	66	2.7	2.2	3.4	4.6	
TOTAL	1114	100	100	100	100	
Number reporting	2,476		980	656	840	
Number not reporting	4		3	1	—	
Median value of assets at time of first standard loan:	\$1,500		\$1,254	\$1,623	\$1,701	

The proportion of borrowers with assets of less than \$500 at the time of the first standard loan decreased from 24 percent during the first period to 13 percent during the third period. The proportion with assets of \$3,000 or more increased, being 22, 28, and 30 percent in the first, second, and third periods, respectively. The median amount of assets also increased, being \$1,254, \$1,623, and \$1,701 in the three periods and \$1,500 for all periods. Assets include real estate but the increase from period to period in the average assets cannot be explained by an increase in the proportion of borrowers accepted who were farm owners; on the contrary, the percentage who were farm owners was highest in the first period.





6. Number of cows and other cattle owned by borrowers at time of first loan and percentage of borrowers classified by number of cows owned at time of first loan.

Number of cows at time of first standard loan	Total Borrowers	
	Number	Percent
No cows, no other cattle	713	29.0
1	351	19.2
2	250	10.1
3	31	1.2
4	193	8.0
5 to 9	314	20.3
10 to 39	207	8.4
20 to 39	14	0.6
40 and over	2	0.1
No cows, but 1 or more other cattle	95	3.9
Cattle, type unknown	1	*
Total reporting	2,470	100.0
Number not reporting	10	

\* Less than 0.05 percent.

At the time of entry on the RR program, 29 percent of the borrowers had no cows or other cattle. Over one-third (35.2 percent), however, had 5 to 9 cows. Less than 1 percent had 20 or more cows. The proportion without any cattle is about the same as the percentage of borrowers who had been farm laborers or "nonfarm" during the major part of the year before the first loan.



7. NUMBER OF COWS LAST RECORDED: Borrowers are classified by number of cows owned at time of last record after entry on standard RR program, by number of crop years after first loan

Number of cows at time of last record after entry on RR	Total		Borrowers by number of c years after first loan			
	borrowers		1 year : 2 years : 3 years			
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
no cows, no other cattle	21	2.6	2.8	1.9	2.1	
1	16	2.0	2.1	2.3	1.1	
2	16	2.0				
3	46	5.5	4.4	5.7	9.0	
4	88	10.3		7.1	10.0	
5 to 9	10	16.5	50.9	43.0	40.0	
10 to 19	219	26.8	24.2	30.0	29.0	
20 to 39	17	2.1	1.6	4.2	0.0	
40 and over	—	—	—	—	—	
no cows, but 1 or more other cattle	15	1.8	2.1	1.9	1.1	
cattle, type unknown	2	0.3	0.5	—	—	
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	816		430	216	170	
Number not reporting 1/	2		—	2	—	

1/ Exclusive of 1,662 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program

Practically all of the borrowers had cows at the time of their last record after entry on RR. Twenty percent had some cows but less than 5. Almost one-half had between 5 and 9 cows, and over one-fourth had 10 to 19 cows. Two percent had 20 or more.





Page 74. Summary of cows owned at time of first standard loan and at time of last record after entry on  
 number of cows owned at time of first standard loan and at time of last record after entry on  
 standard in program

Number of cows at time of first standard	Total	Borrowers by number of cows at time of last record after entry on R.											No cows, but 1 or cattle, byre
		No cows, no other	No cows, no other	No cows, no other	No cows, no other	No cows, no other	No cows, no other	No cows, no other	No cows, no other	No cows, no other	No cows, no other	No cows, no other	
1	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
4	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
5	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
6	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
7	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
8	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
9	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
10	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
11	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
12	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
13	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
14	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
15	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
16	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
17	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
18	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
19	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
20	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
21	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
22	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
23	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
24	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
25	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
26	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
27	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
28	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
29	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
30	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
31	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
32	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
33	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
34	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
35	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
36	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
37	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
38	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
39	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
40	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
41	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
42	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
43	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
44	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
45	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
46	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
47	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
48	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
49	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
50	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
51	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
52	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
53	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
54	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
55	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
56	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
57	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
58	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
59	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
60	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
61	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
62	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
63	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
64	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
65	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
66	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
67	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
68	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
69	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
70	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
71	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
72	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
73	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
74	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
75	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
76	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
77	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
78	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
79	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
80	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
81	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
82	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
83	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
84	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
85	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
86	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
87	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
88	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
89	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
90	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
91	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
92	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
93	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
94	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
95	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
96	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
97	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
98	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
99	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
100	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

27. Estimated at 2,662 borrowers with no record after entry on R.

28. A summary of the number of cows owned at time of first standard loan and at time of last record after entry on R. The number of cows owned at time of first standard loan and at time of last record after entry on R. The number of cows owned at time of first standard loan and at time of last record after entry on R.



e 30. NUMBER OF HENS AT TIME OF FIRST STANDARD LOAN: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by number of hens owned at time of first standard loan

Number of hens at time of first standard loan :	Total borrowers	
	Number	Percent
No hens, no other poultry:	817	33.1
1 to 24	110	4.4
25 to 49	385	15.6
50 to 74	266	10.8
75 to 99	100	4.1
100 to 149	131	5.3
150 to 199	43	1.7
200 and over	50	2.0
No hens, but other poultry:	100	4.1
Poultry, type unknown	155	6.2
Total reporting	2,469	100.0
Number not reporting	11	

One-third of the borrowers had no hens or other poultry at the time of the first standard loan. Another third had less than 50 hens. Only about one-tenth had 100 hens or more. The proportion without any poultry was not much larger than the percentage of borrowers who had been farm laborers or "montaneros" during the earlier part of the year before the first loan.



50. NUMBER OF HENS LAST RECORDED: Borrowers were classified by number of hens owned at time of last record, after entry on standard RR program, by number of years after first loan.

Number of hens at time of last record after entry on RR	Total		Borrowers by number of years after first loan			
	Borrowers		1 year	2 years	3 years	4 years
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
No hens, no other poultry	147	18.2	14.2	21.3	28.7	
1 to 24	94	11.6	14.2	11.3	4.6	
25 to 49	107	13.2	17.7	11.1	7.3	
50 to 74	79	9.8	11.2	11.1	4.3	
75 to 99	33	4.1	4.4	4.6	2.5	
100 to 149	43	5.3	7.0	3.7	3.1	
150 to 199	19	2.4	3.3	2.4	3.2	
200 and over	17	2.1	2.8	1.9	0.6	
Hens, but other poultry	19	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.3	
Poultry, type unknown	250	30.9	22.9	31.5	51.2	
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	808		420	216	16	
Number not reporting	10					

1/ Exclusive of 1,662 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

At the time of the last record after entry on RR, 18 percent of the borrowers had no hens or other poultry, and 21 percent of those who had been on the program 3 years then for those who had been on 1 or 2 years. Interpretation of the data on size of flock is difficult because 21 percent of the borrowers had poultry but the number of hens was not reported. For those reporting number of hens, small flocks - at least under 75 - were most common.





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 Section 11

Table 11. NUMBER OF HENS AT END OF FIRST YEAR AND LAST YEAR IN STANDARD NUMBER OF BORROWERS CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF HENS OWNED AT END OF FIRST YEAR AND LAST YEAR IN STANDARD NUMBER OF BORROWERS CLASSIFIED BY STANDARD PR PROGRAM

Standard PR Program	No. of Hens at End of First Year	No. of Hens at End of Last Year	Borrowers by number of Hens at End of First Year and Last Year in Standard Number of Borrowers Classified by Number of Hens Owned at End of First Year and Last Year in Standard Number of Borrowers Classified by Standard PR Program									
			No. of Hens at End of First Year	No. of Hens at End of Last Year	No. of Hens at End of First Year	No. of Hens at End of Last Year	No. of Hens at End of First Year	No. of Hens at End of Last Year	No. of Hens at End of First Year	No. of Hens at End of Last Year	No. of Hens at End of First Year	No. of Hens at End of Last Year
1 to 24	145	27	27	27	12	16	3	4	1	1	3	50
25 to 49	136	17	24	31	11	3	3	2	2	2	42	3
50 to 74	87	5	3	12	10	5	7	4	2	2	37	2
75 to 99	29	3	1	6	5	2	1	1	1	1	10	1
100 to 149	55	4	1	5	7	1	21	1	3	3	17	2
150 to 199	11	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	3	1
200 and over	19	1	1	3	3	2	2	1	5	2	2	2
No Hens, but other poultry	88	6	9	5	5	2	1	5	1	1	4	1
Poultry	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total	611	147	94	207	99	31	41	19	17	19	96	28

3/ exclusive of 1,600 borrowers with no record after entry in PR program.

Notes: 1/ The number of Hens at End of First Year and Last Year in Standard Number of Borrowers Classified by Standard PR Program is the number of Hens at End of First Year and Last Year in Standard Number of Borrowers Classified by Standard PR Program. 2/ The number of Hens at End of First Year and Last Year in Standard Number of Borrowers Classified by Standard PR Program is the number of Hens at End of First Year and Last Year in Standard Number of Borrowers Classified by Standard PR Program. 3/ The number of Hens at End of First Year and Last Year in Standard Number of Borrowers Classified by Standard PR Program is the number of Hens at End of First Year and Last Year in Standard Number of Borrowers Classified by Standard PR Program.



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Region II

cows and by number of hens owned at time of first standard RR loan

Type of cow	Total	Number of hens at time of first standard loan											
		1 to 25	26 to 50	51 to 75	76 to 100	101 to 125	126 to 150	151 to 175	176 to 200	201 to 225	226 to 250	251 to 275	276 to 300
First standard loan													
other cattle	718	480	76	56	43	18	18	1	7	25			
cows, 40													
other cattle	211	71	50	48	40	5	10	1	6	26			
	380												
	400												
	123	24	27	12	22	17	15		2	8	14		
	506	60	58	41	61	43	28	18	12	23	60		
12 to 19													
20 to 39	12												
40 and over	2												
30 cows, out 1 of													
more owner cattle:													
type unknown	1												
Unknown	20												
	386	266	106	137	43	10							









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Region II

Table 84.—NUMBER OF SOWS AT TIME OF FIRST RR LOAN: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by number of sows owned at time of first standard RR loan

Number of sows at time of first standard loan	Total borrowers	
	Number	Percent
No sows, no other hogs	1,264	55.2
	335	15.6
3	67	2.7
4	33	1.3
5	29	1.2
6 to 10	49	2.0
11 or more	5	0.2
No sows, 1 or more other hogs	245	9.9
Hogs, type unknown	84	3.4
Total reporting	2,470	100.0
Number not reporting	10	

Fifty-five percent of the borrowers had no hogs at the time of their first standard loan; 16 percent had 1 sow. One in 10 had no sow but did have 1 or more other hogs. The percentage without hogs was almost double the proportion of borrowers who were farm laborers or nonfarm during the major part of the crop year before the first loan.



1e 8f.--NUMBER OF SOWS LAST RR RECORD: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by number of sows owned at time of last record after entry on standard RR program, by number of crop years after first loan

Number of sows at time of last record after entry on RR	Total	by number of crop years after first loan			
		1 year	2 years	3 years	4 years
No sows, no other hogs	109	24.6	24.0	22.7	22.8
	144	17.8	20.8	16.7	11.1
	102	12.6	11.7	11.8	12.0
	54	6.7	7.7	5.6	5.4
	34	4.2	4.7	3.7	3.6
	22	2.7	3.3	3.2	0.6
	25	3.1	4.0	3.2	0.6
11 or more	4	0.5	0.2	1.4	---
No sows, 1 or more other hogs	53	6.5	7.7	6.5	3.6
Sows, type unknown	172	21.3	15.9	22.2	33.8
1	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	809	427	216	166	
or not reporting 1/	9	3	2	4	

Exclusive of 1,662 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

Twenty-five percent of the borrowers had no hogs at the time of their last record after entry on RR; the fact that 21 percent of the borrowers were known to have hogs but the number of sows was unknown, makes it difficult to interpret the data on number of sows. However, 1 or 2 sows were not common for the borrowers reporting on the number of sows.





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Region II

Table 86. NUMBER OF LOANS AT TIME OF FIRST AND LAST RECORD: Number of borrowers classified by number of loans owned at time of first standard loan and at time of last record after entry on standard RR program

Number of loans at time of first standard loan	Borrowers by number of loans at time of last record after entry on RR									
	No. of borrowers	No. of borrowers with no other loans	No. of borrowers with 1 other loan	No. of borrowers with 2 other loans	No. of borrowers with 3 other loans	No. of borrowers with 4 other loans	No. of borrowers with 5 other loans	No. of borrowers with 6 or more other loans	No. of borrowers with 10 or more other loans	No. of borrowers with 15 or more other loans
No. of borrowers	478	150	79	57	25	18	12	10	2	27
No. of borrowers with no other loans	133	10	23	20	10	4	—	2	—	9
No. of borrowers with 1 other loan	72	4	9	14	9	5	3	4	—	3
No. of borrowers with 2 other loans	22	3	1	3	4	2	—	1	—	1
No. of borrowers with 3 other loans	23	—	—	2	—	3	2	2	—	2
No. of borrowers with 4 other loans	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No. of borrowers with 5 other loans	18	2	1	2	2	—	2	4	1	—
No. of borrowers with 6 or more other loans	7	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
No. of borrowers with 10 or more other loans	70	20	14	4	4	1	1	1	—	11
No. of borrowers with 15 or more other loans	4	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
No. of borrowers with 20 or more other loans	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
No. of borrowers with 25 or more other loans	218	144	102	54	34	22	25	4	53	172

1/ Exclusive of 1,662 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

Note: A comparable table is also available with borrowers classified by number of crop years (1, 2 or 3) after first standard loan.

Although some may have more than one loan at the time of the first loan with more than one loan at the time of the last record, the number of loans owned at the time of the first standard loan and at the time of the last record after entry on standard RR program are the same.



Number of workstock owned at time of first NR loan, by Areas

Area	Total	Percentage of total owned at time of first NR loan									
		Ark.	Cal.	Col.	Ill.	Ind.	Iowa	Mich.	Mo.	Neb.	N.J.
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
2	20.7	20.7	20.7	20.7	20.7	20.7	20.7	20.7	20.7	20.7	20.7
3	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
4	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
5	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
6	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
7	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
8	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
9	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
10	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
11	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
12	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
13	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
14	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
15	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
16	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
17	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
18	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
19	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
20	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
21	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
22	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
23	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
24	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
25	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
26	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
27	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
28	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
29	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
30	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
31	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
32	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
33	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
34	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
35	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
36	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
37	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
38	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
39	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
40	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
41	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
42	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
43	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
44	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
45	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
46	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
47	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
48	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
49	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
50	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
51	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
52	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
53	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
54	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
55	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
56	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
57	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
58	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
59	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
60	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
61	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
62	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
63	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
64	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
65	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
66	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
67	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
68	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
69	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
70	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
71	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
72	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
73	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
74	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
75	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
76	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
77	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
78	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
79	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
80	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
81	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
82	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
83	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
84	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
85	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
86	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
87	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
88	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
89	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
90	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
91	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
92	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
93	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
94	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
95	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
96	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
97	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
98	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
99	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
100	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1

Note: A comparable table is also available for each of the 100 counties of Illinois.

Forty-four percent of the borrowers had no workstock at the time of the first loan; this is a much higher percentage than for the total of these borrowers who were from Illinois or transferred from the other part of the crop year before the first loan. The percentage with workstock most frequently had a horse.

A larger proportion of borrowers in the Commercial than in the Cut-over Area had 3 or more workstock. The proportion of borrowers with 1 or 2 workstock was larger in the Cut-over Area. The proportion of borrowers with 3 or more workstock was 29 percent in Illinois, 15 in Wisconsin, and 11 percent in Michigan. The proportion of borrowers with some workstock was about the same for all of the Areas. In each Area, the proportion of borrowers in the Commercial Area having no workstock was smaller than that in the Cut-over Area. The same was true for the proportion of borrowers with 1 or 2 workstock. The proportion of borrowers in the Commercial Area having 3 or more workstock was larger than in the Cut-over Area.







Table 88. - JUNE 30, 1933. WORK STOCK IN THE COUNTRY. (Continued) Number and percentage of borrowers classified by number of work stock owned at time of last record after entry on November 31 preceding by Area

Number of work stock at time of last record	Total	Number and percentage of borrowers classified by number of work stock owned at time of last record after entry on November 31 preceding by Area									
		Borrowers	Cut	Gen.	Int.	Gen.	Cut	Gen.	Cut	Gen.	Int.
0	48	5.9	5.3	5.7	5.8	7.0	7.9	8.9	*	2.1	6.6
1	116	14.6	22.4	10.8	19.4	9.1	25.2	17.8	*	0.9	11.5
2	323	39.7	52.1	38.6	57.3	37.6	50.6	65.2	*	22.0	64.7
3	349	38.3	30.0	22.4	9.7	26.5	11.9	18.8	*	21.5	20.5
4	99	12.2	1.9	15.2	4.9	15.7	2.9	7.5	*	20.1	11.6
5 or more	70	6.3	1.3	12.1	3.7	4.4	1.8	2.1	*	25.9	4.4
Total	1000	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	*	100.0	100.0
Number not reporting	4	1	1	3	---	1	---	1	1	1	1

\* Percentages not computed on a base of fewer than 50 cases.

1/ Exclusive of 1,662 borrowers with no record after entry on the program.

Only 6 percent of the borrowers had no work stock at the time of the last record. Forty percent had a loan. The proportion of borrowers in the Commercial Area who had 3 or more work stock was 50 percent, compared with 19 percent of the borrowers in the Out-over Area. Both Areas had about the same proportion of borrowers with no work stock, 6 percent. Minnesota had the largest percentage of its borrowers with 4 or more work stock, 42 percent, and Michigan had the lowest, 7 percent.

It is to be noted that the classification of borrowers by number of work stock owned at time of last record after entry on November 31 preceding by Area was made, the borrowers in the Commercial Area had a









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17. Inclusive of 1,662 borrowers with no record after entry on the program.





Table 90.—LIABILITIES AT TIME OF FIRST RR LOAN: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by liabilities at time of first standard RR loan

Liabilities at time of first standard loan	Total borrowers	
	Number	Percent
\$0	375	15.2
\$1 to \$124	473	19.4
\$125 to \$249	213	8.7
\$250 to \$499	290	11.8
\$500 to \$749	180	7.3
\$750 to \$999	123	5.0
\$1,000 to \$1,499	100	4.1
\$1,500 to \$1,999	139	5.6
\$2,000 to \$2,999	174	7.1
\$3,000 to \$4,999	183	7.3
\$5,000 and over	111	4.5
Total reporting	2,462	100.0
Number not reporting	1	
Median liabilities		\$392

Fifteen percent of the borrowers reported no liabilities at the time of their first loan. An additional 40 percent had liabilities of less than \$500.

One-fourth owed \$1,500 or more, but less than 5 percent had liabilities in excess of \$5,000. The median liabilities was \$392. These data include real estate mortgages.









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3. Exclusive of 1,662 borrowers with no record after entry on IIR program.

with borrowers classified by number of years since last received credit. The results are shown in Table 1.



Table 9. LIABILITIES AS PERCENTAGE OF ASSETS AT TIME OF FIRST STANDARD LOAN, BY PERIOD OF FIRST STANDARD LOAN, BY PERCENTAGE OF BORROWERS AS CONTROLLED BY LIABILITIES AS A PERCENTAGE OF ASSETS AT TIME OF FIRST STANDARD RR LOAN, BY PERIOD OF FIRST STANDARD LOAN

Liabilities as percentage of assets at time of first standard loan	Total Borrowers		Borrowers receiving first standard loan between			
	Number		7/17	7/25	7/37	7/28/3
	Percent		Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
No liabilities	375	15.3	17.3	13.1	14.5	
Less than 20	635	25.4	26.7	23.4	23.1	
20.0 to 39.9	743	30.7	18.7	23.5	21.0	
40.0 to 59.9	441	18.0	17.7	18.3	22.8	
60.0 to 79.9	234	12.4	10.7	14.4	13.8	
80.0 to 99.9	103	4.2	4.6	4.4	3.6	
100.0 to 119.9	30	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.2	
120.0 to 139.9	13	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	
140.0 to 159.9	8	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2	
160.0 to 199.9	4	0.2	—	0.1	0.2	
200.0 and over	6	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.1	
Total	245	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	2,459		979	641	839	
Number not reporting	21		4	16	1	

Over one-seventh, 15 percent, of the borrowers had no liabilities at the time of their first standard loan; this was true of 7, 13, and 14 percent of the borrowers in the first, second, and third periods, respectively.

In each of the periods between 2 and 3 percent of the borrowers had liabilities greater than their assets. Nearly half, 46 percent, had liabilities but had less than 5% in debts for each \$10 in assets.











Table 96.--NUMBER OF LOANS: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by number of standard RR loans authorized before February 28, 1939, by period of first standard loan

Number of standard loans authorized	Total borrowers		Borrowers receiving first standard loan between		
	Number	Percent	Period 1 1/1/37-1/31/37	Period 2 2/1/37-1/31/38	Period 3 2/1/38-1/31/39
	1,874	75.6	57.6	77.0	95.5
	509	20.5	34.0	21.0	4.4
	8	1.4	7.5	1.8	1.1
	13	0.5	1.2	0.2	
Total	2,404	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	2,404		813	871	880

Note: A table is also available for each of the three periods of first standard loan and for all periods combined with a cross-tabulation of number of standard loans authorized and periods during which grants were received.

Seventy-six percent of all borrowers received only 1 standard loan while 24 percent received 2 or more loans. Fifty-eight, 77, and 96 percent of the borrowers receiving their first standard loan during the first, second, and third periods, respectively, received only 1 loan by February 1939.



Standard  
classified by tenure status during year before first standing 1st loan, by number of standard  
associated and by number of loans associated loan 1/

Tenure status		Number and percentage of borrowers									
		One loan					Two or more loans				
1st standard	Total	: 3/1/36-3/1/37-3/1/38- : 3/1/36-3/1/37-3/1/38- : 3/1/36-3/1/37-3/1/38- :									
		Total					Total				
Standard 1/	1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Standard 2/	1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Standard 3/	1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Standard 4/	1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Standard 5/	1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

\* Percentage not computed on a base of fewer than 50 cases.

3/ A part owner rents part and owns part of the farm operated.

There was no clear relationship between tenure status and receiving only 1 or 2 or more loans. Thirty-four percent of the borrowers with 1 loan were ~~land~~ owners while 29 percent of those with 2 or more loans were ~~tenants~~ tenants. Likewise 30, 19, and 11 percent of the borrowers with 1 loan were tenants, part tenants, and nonfarm, respectively, as compared with 39, 22, and 10 percent, respectively, of those borrowers with 2 or more loans.





There was no consistent relationship between size of farm and the level of the farm's output.



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standard loans authorized and by period of first standard loan





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and percentage of borrowers classified by cash item receipts as a percentage of total cash receipts during the year prior to the first standard loan and by period of first standard loan

Period of first standard loan	Number of borrowers	Percentage of total cash receipts	Borrowers by number of standard loans and percentage of first standard loan									
			Total	First year between	Second year between	Third year between	Fourth year between	Fifth year between	Sixth year between	Seventh year between	Eighth year between	Ninth year between
Year before first standard loan				1/1/36-3/1/37	3/1/37-3/1/38	3/1/38-3/1/39	3/1/39-3/1/40	3/1/40-3/1/41	3/1/41-3/1/42	3/1/42-3/1/43	3/1/43-3/1/44	3/1/44-3/1/45
			Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Less than 10	46	1.0	21	2.2	1.6	2.4	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
10 to 19	65	2.7	2.7	2.3	2.8	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
20 to 29	62	2.6	2.2	3.6	2.9	2.6	1.8	2.7	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
30 to 39	77	3.2	3.3	5.0	2.8	2.4	2.7	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
40 to 49	73	3.0	2.9	3.4	2.2	2.9	3.3	3.6	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3
50 to 59	109	4.5	4.4	5.6	4.6	3.5	4.6	5.1	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3
60 to 69	94	2.9	3.4	3.6	3.8	3.1	3.1	3.6	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1
70 to 79	122	4.6	4.8	3.8	5.4	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1
80 to 89	164	6.8	6.7	6.1	7.1	6.8	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
90 to 99	180	8.0	8.8	7.9	10.7	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.4
100 to 109	210	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
110 to 119	241	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7
120 to 129	281	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4
130 to 139	321	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
140 to 149	361	16.6	16.6	16.6	16.6	16.6	16.6	16.6	16.6	16.6	16.6	16.6
150 to 159	401	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2
160 to 169	441	19.8	19.8	19.8	19.8	19.8	19.8	19.8	19.8	19.8	19.8	19.8
170 to 179	481	21.4	21.4	21.4	21.4	21.4	21.4	21.4	21.4	21.4	21.4	21.4
180 to 189	521	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0
190 to 199	561	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.6
200 to 209	601	26.2	26.2	26.2	26.2	26.2	26.2	26.2	26.2	26.2	26.2	26.2
210 to 219	641	27.8	27.8	27.8	27.8	27.8	27.8	27.8	27.8	27.8	27.8	27.8
220 to 229	681	29.4	29.4	29.4	29.4	29.4	29.4	29.4	29.4	29.4	29.4	29.4
230 to 239	721	31.0	31.0	31.0	31.0	31.0	31.0	31.0	31.0	31.0	31.0	31.0
240 to 249	761	32.6	32.6	32.6	32.6	32.6	32.6	32.6	32.6	32.6	32.6	32.6
250 to 259	801	34.2	34.2	34.2	34.2	34.2	34.2	34.2	34.2	34.2	34.2	34.2
260 to 269	841	35.8	35.8	35.8	35.8	35.8	35.8	35.8	35.8	35.8	35.8	35.8
270 to 279	881	37.4	37.4	37.4	37.4	37.4	37.4	37.4	37.4	37.4	37.4	37.4
280 to 289	921	39.0	39.0	39.0	39.0	39.0	39.0	39.0	39.0	39.0	39.0	39.0
290 to 299	961	40.6	40.6	40.6	40.6	40.6	40.6	40.6	40.6	40.6	40.6	40.6
300 to 309	1001	42.2	42.2	42.2	42.2	42.2	42.2	42.2	42.2	42.2	42.2	42.2
310 to 319	1041	43.8	43.8	43.8	43.8	43.8	43.8	43.8	43.8	43.8	43.8	43.8
320 to 329	1081	45.4	45.4	45.4	45.4	45.4	45.4	45.4	45.4	45.4	45.4	45.4
330 to 339	1121	47.0	47.0	47.0	47.0	47.0	47.0	47.0	47.0	47.0	47.0	47.0
340 to 349	1161	48.6	48.6	48.6	48.6	48.6	48.6	48.6	48.6	48.6	48.6	48.6
350 to 359	1201	50.2	50.2	50.2	50.2	50.2	50.2	50.2	50.2	50.2	50.2	50.2
360 to 369	1241	51.8	51.8	51.8	51.8	51.8	51.8	51.8	51.8	51.8	51.8	51.8
370 to 379	1281	53.4	53.4	53.4	53.4	53.4	53.4	53.4	53.4	53.4	53.4	53.4
380 to 389	1321	55.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	55.0
390 to 399	1361	56.6	56.6	56.6	56.6	56.6	56.6	56.6	56.6	56.6	56.6	56.6
400 to 409	1401	58.2	58.2	58.2	58.2	58.2	58.2	58.2	58.2	58.2	58.2	58.2
410 to 419	1441	59.8	59.8	59.8	59.8	59.8	59.8	59.8	59.8	59.8	59.8	59.8
420 to 429	1481	61.4	61.4	61.4	61.4	61.4	61.4	61.4	61.4	61.4	61.4	61.4
430 to 439	1521	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.0
440 to 449	1561	64.6	64.6	64.6	64.6	64.6	64.6	64.6	64.6	64.6	64.6	64.6
450 to 459	1601	66.2	66.2	66.2	66.2	66.2	66.2	66.2	66.2	66.2	66.2	66.2
460 to 469	1641	67.8	67.8	67.8	67.8	67.8	67.8	67.8	67.8	67.8	67.8	67.8
470 to 479	1681	69.4	69.4	69.4	69.4	69.4	69.4	69.4	69.4	69.4	69.4	69.4
480 to 489	1721	71.0	71.0	71.0	71.0	71.0	71.0	71.0	71.0	71.0	71.0	71.0
490 to 499	1761	72.6	72.6	72.6	72.6	72.6	72.6	72.6	72.6	72.6	72.6	72.6
500 to 509	1801	74.2	74.2	74.2	74.2	74.2	74.2	74.2	74.2	74.2	74.2	74.2
510 to 519	1841	75.8	75.8	75.8	75.8	75.8	75.8	75.8	75.8	75.8	75.8	75.8
520 to 529	1881	77.4	77.4	77.4	77.4	77.4	77.4	77.4	77.4	77.4	77.4	77.4
530 to 539	1921	79.0	79.0	79.0	79.0	79.0	79.0	79.0	79.0	79.0	79.0	79.0
540 to 549	1961	80.6	80.6	80.6	80.6	80.6	80.6	80.6	80.6	80.6	80.6	80.6
550 to 559	2001	82.2	82.2	82.2	82.2	82.2	82.2	82.2	82.2	82.2	82.2	82.2
560 to 569	2041	83.8	83.8	83.8	83.8	83.8	83.8	83.8	83.8	83.8	83.8	83.8
570 to 579	2081	85.4	85.4	85.4	85.4	85.4	85.4	85.4	85.4	85.4	85.4	85.4
580 to 589	2121	87.0	87.0	87.0	87.0	87.0	87.0	87.0	87.0	87.0	87.0	87.0
590 to 599	2161	88.6	88.6	88.6	88.6	88.6	88.6	88.6	88.6	88.6	88.6	88.6
600 to 609	2201	90.2	90.2	90.2	90.2	90.2	90.2	90.2	90.2	90.2	90.2	90.2
610 to 619	2241	91.8	91.8	91.8	91.8	91.8	91.8	91.8	91.8	91.8	91.8	91.8
620 to 629	2281	93.4	93.4	93.4	93.4	93.4	93.4	93.4	93.4	93.4	93.4	93.4
630 to 639	2321	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0
640 to 649	2361	96.6	96.6	96.6	96.6	96.6	96.6	96.6	96.6	96.6	96.6	96.6
650 to 659	2401	98.2	98.2	98.2	98.2	98.2	98.2	98.2	98.2	98.2	98.2	98.2
660 to 669	2441	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8
670 to 679	2481	101.4	101.4	101.4	101.4	101.4	101.4	101.4	101.4	101.4	101.4	101.4
680 to 689	2521	103.0	103.0	103.0	103.0	103.0	103.0	103.0	103.0	103.0	103.0	103.0
690 to 699	2561	104.6	104.6	104.6	104.6	104.6	104.6	104.6	104.6	104.6	104.6	104.6
700 to 709	2601	106.2	106.2	106.2	106.2	106.2	106.2	106.2	106.2	106.2	106.2	106.2
710 to 719	2641	107.8	107.8	107.8	107.8	107.8	107.8	107.8	107.8	107.8	107.8	107.8
720 to 729	2681	109.4	109.4	109.4	109.4	109.4	109.4	109.4	109.4	109.4	109.4	109.4
730 to 739	2721	111.0	111.0	111.0	111.0	111.0	111.0	111.0	111.0	111.0	111.0	111.0
740 to 749	2761	112.6	112.6	112.6	112.6	112.6	112.6	112.6	112.6	112.6	112.6	112.6
750 to 759	2801	114.2	114.2	114.2	114.2	114.2	114.2	114.2	114.2	114.2	114.2	114.2
760 to 769	2841	115.8	115.8	115.8	115.8	115.8	115.8	115.8	115.8	115.8	115.8	115.8
770 to 779	2881	117.4	117.4	117.4	117.4	117.4	117.4	117.4	117.4	117.4	117.4	117.4
780 to 789	2921	119.0	119.0	119.0	119.0	119.0	119.0	119.0	119.0	119.0	119.0	119.0
790 to 799	2961	120.6	120.6	120.6	120.6	120.6	120.6	120.6	120.6	120.6	120.6	120.6
800 to 809	3001	122.2	122.2	122.2	122.2	122.2	122.2	122.2	122.2	122.2	122.2	122.2
810 to 819	3041	123.8	123.8	123.8	123.8	123.8	123.8	123.8	123.8	123.8	123.8	123.8
820 to 829	3081	125.4	125.4	125.4	125.4	125.4	125.4	125.4	125.4	125.4	125.4	125.4
830 to 839	3121	127.0	127.0	127.0	127.0	127.0	127.0	127.0	127.0	127.0	127.0	127.0
840 to 849	3161	128.6	128.6	128.6	128.6	128.6	128.6	128.6	128.6	128.6	128.6	128.6
850 to 859	3201	130.2	130.2	130.2	130.2	130.2	130.2	130.2	130.2	130.2	130.2	130.2
860 to 869	3241	131.8	131.8	131.8	131.8	131.8	131.8	131.8	131.8	131.8	131.8	131.8
870 to 879	3281	133.4	133.4	133.4	133.4	133.4	133.4	133.4	133.4	133.4	133.4	133.4
880 to 889	3321	135.0	135.0	135.0	135.0	135.0	135.0	135.0	135.0	135.0	135.0	135.0
890 to 899	3361	136.6	136.6	136.6	136.6	136.6	136.6	136.6	136.6	136.6	136.6	136.6
900 to 909	3401	138.2	138.2	138.2	138.2	138.2	138.2	138.2	138.2	138.2	138.2	138.2
910 to 919	3441	139.8	139									





For Administrative Use Only  
Region II

Table 101. BY MONTH, EXCLUDING FARM REAL ESTATE, AT END OF FIRST PAYMENT AND NUMBER OF PAYMENTS, NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BORROWERS CLASSIFIED BY NET WORTH, EXCLUDING EQUITY IN FARM REAL ESTATE, AT TIME OF FIRST STANDARD LOAN, BY NUMBER OF STANDARD LOANS AUTHORIZED AND BY PERIOD OF FIRST STANDARD LOAN

Net worth, exclusive equity in farm real estate, at time of first standard loan	Borrowers by number of standard loans and period of first loan										
		One loan		Two or more loans		First loan between		First loan between			
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	3/1/36-3/1/37	3/1/37-3/1/38	3/1/36-3/1/37	3/1/37-3/1/38	2/28/37-2/28/38	2/28/38-2/28/39
\$100 or more	77	1.5	1.6	0.7	2.0	1.9	1.3	1.4	1.3	1	*
\$499 to \$1	48	2.0	2.0	1.6	2.0	2.3	1.8	2.2	1.3	*	*
\$0 to \$124	210	4.5	3.9	5.0	4.0	5.1	6.1	7.2	4.0	*	*
\$125 to \$249	190	7.7	6.9	9.5	4.8	6.3	10.5	12.0	6.0	*	*
\$250 to \$499	486	15.8	18.3	23.1	18.5	14.8	24.4	24.8	24.0	*	*
\$500 to \$999	876	34.6	36.0	37.3	34.7	36.2	34.4	31.9	40.7	*	*
\$1,000 to \$1,499	1,430	17.6	18.6	14.9	18.9	20.9	14.8	16.5	12.7	*	*
\$1,500 to \$1,999	162	6.6	7.2	4.3	9.1	8.1	4.7	4.8	5.3	*	*
\$2,000 to \$2,999	85	3.5	4.1	2.9	5.2	4.3	1.5	1.0	3.3	*	*
\$3,000 to \$4,999	24	1.0	1.2	0.9	0.6	1.8	0.3	0.2	0.7	*	*
\$5,000 and over	4	0.2	0.2	—	0.2	0.3	0.2	—	0.2	*	*
Total	XX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	*	*
Number reporting	2,455	12,853	558	477	798	602	415	150	37		
Number not reporting	25	21	8	9	4	4	2	1	1		

\* Percentages not computed on a base of fewer than 50 cases.  
Percentages with 2 to 4 cases not reported on the average. The 4 loans who received 2 or more loans (2/28-3/1)



is 100.00 percent of the amount received by the first-period borrowers. The median amount of all loans received from FSA, by period of first standard loan 1/

Total amount of all loans received from FSA	Total	3/1/36	1/1/37	1/1/38	1/1/39
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
\$0 2/	29	1.0	0.2	0.2	0.4
\$1 to \$124	1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.4
\$125 to \$249	95	3.8	3.7	3.7	4.0
\$250 to \$499	384	15.5	13.2	13.2	14.0
\$500 to \$749	51	2.1	21.1	22.7	23.0
\$750 to \$999	49	2.0	22.9	22.2	23.0
\$1,000 to \$1,499	34	1.4	17.8	17.1	17.0
\$1,500 to \$1,999	255	10.3	9.9	11.4	9.9
\$2,000 to \$2,999	81	3.3	3.6	4.9	1.7
\$3,000 to \$3,999	7	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.0
\$4,000 to \$4,999	1	*	0.1	0.0	0.0
\$5,000 and over	—	—	—	—	—
Total	100	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total reporting	2,430	983	657	840	
Median amount of loan	\$827	\$803	\$864	\$829	

\* Less than 0.05 percent.

1/ Amount received from beginning of period of first standard loan through February 28, 1939.

2/ Loan authorized but not received by February 28, 1939.

Note: A comparable table is also available for each Area in the Region.

The median amount of loans received by February 28, 1939, was \$827. The median were \$803, \$864, and \$829 for first-, second-, and third-period borrowers, respectively. Loans were larger for second- and third-period than for first-period borrowers, despite the fact that the latter had a longer time during which to receive loans.





Table 101

Two-thirds of the borrowers in the Cut-over Area had loans of less than \$750; two-thirds of the borrowers in the Commercial Area had loans of \$750 or larger. The median total amount received by borrowers in the Commercial Area was \$926 as compared with \$639 in the Cut-over Area.

Michigan borrowers received smaller loans than Minnesota and Wisconsin borrowers. Only 14 percent of the Michigan borrowers received \$1,000 or more, as compared with 18 percent of those in Minnesota and 47 percent of those in Wisconsin. Close to two-thirds, 62.5 percent, of the Michigan borrowers had loans of less than \$750 but only 31 percent of the Minnesota and 32 percent of the Wisconsin borrowers had loans as small as this. The medians were \$965, \$643, and \$976 in Wisconsin, Michigan, and Minnesota, respectively.

Within each State the tendency was consistent for a larger proportion of the Commercial Area than Cut-over Area borrowers to have the larger loans. A larger proportion of the borrowers in the Cut-over Area of Wisconsin than of the other 2 States had loans of \$750 or more. Among the Commercial Area borrowers, the loans of \$1,000 and over were least frequent in Michigan.







TYPE OF LOANS: Percentage of standard loan RR borrowers receiving  
 first standard loan 1/

Type of loan	Borrowers receiving first standard loan between		
	3/1/36- 2/28/37	3/1/37- 2/28/38	3/1/38- 2/28/39
	Percent	Percent	Percent
Standard	100.0	100.0	100.0
Emergency	0.9	0.9	---
Cooperative and community service	0.6	0.5	0.7
Total number of borrowers	983	657	840

1/ Exclusive of emergency or cooperative and community service loans received before period of first standard loan.

Note: A comparable table is also available for each Area in the Region.

Less than 1 percent of the borrowers receiving their first standard loan in any of the 3 periods received either emergency or cooperative and community service loans.





Table 122

Capital goods, primarily livestock, was the purpose for which 65 percent of all the money was loaned; 25 percent was loaned for debt settlement and refinancing; and 8 percent for current farm operating expenses. Family expenses and current farm nonoperating expenses each accounted for 1 percent or less of the loans. In the years of supplemental loans as well as the year of the initial loan, more money went for capital goods than for any other purpose. Livestock loans were of outstanding importance for all periods and for both initial and supplemental loans. For first-, second-, and third-period borrowers, debt settlement and refinancing was the second most important purpose during the year of the initial loan and was much more important for second- and third-period than for first-period borrowers. Twelve percent of the money was loaned for machinery and equipment, one of the three classifications of capital goods.

Table 123

Borrowers in the Cut-over Area had a larger proportion of money loaned to them for capital goods and a smaller proportion for debt settlement and refinancing than did the borrowers in the Commercial Area. Seventy percent of the money loaned to the borrowers in the Cut-over Area was to be spent for capital goods as compared with 54 percent of the money loaned in the Commercial Area. Livestock loans were more important in the Cut-over Area than in the Commercial Area; machinery loans were a larger proportion in the Commercial than in the Cut-over Area. The Minnesota borrowers received a larger proportion of their loans for machinery and debt settlement than did the Michigan and Wisconsin borrowers. Minnesota borrowers received a smaller proportion of their loans for livestock than did the Wisconsin or Michigan borrowers. The differences between the Commercial and Cut-over Areas for the Region as a whole also applied to each of the 3 States. More than 97 percent of the money loaned in each of the States went for capital goods, current farm operating expenses, and debt settlement.

Table 127

Ninety-two percent of all borrowers received loans for some form of capital goods and 13 percent for farm operating expenses. Eighty-eight percent received loans for livestock and poultry, 57 percent for machinery and equipment, 44 percent for debt settlement, 26 percent for current farm nonoperating expenses, 8 percent for improvement of land and buildings, and 5 percent for family expenses.

The proportion of borrowers loaned money for debt settlement increased from 12 percent of the first-period to 13 percent of the third-period borrowers but the percentage loaned money for current farm operating expenses decreased from the third of the first-period to 38 percent of the third-period borrowers.

One-fourth of the first-period borrowers received a loan during the second year on the RR program and 16 percent received a loan during their third year on RR. Borrowers most frequently received supplemental loans for livestock or machinery or current farm operating expenses.





[illegible]

included current rent, taxes, interest, recording fees, etc. The balance of the proceeds from the assignment were not known or were not otherwise classifiable.

1. The first of these is the fact that the system is not a simple one, and that it is not possible to describe it in a simple way. It is a complex system, and it is not possible to describe it in a simple way.





106.-ANNUITY OF 10/100 FOR 40 YEARS: Total amount and percentage of loans authorized to standard loan in by 100, classified by major purposes, by Areas

For which loans	Total	Percentage of first standard loan									
		Wisconsin	Michigan	Minnesota	Illinois	Indiana	Ohio	Missouri	Arkansas	Louisiana	Alabama
Investment and	11.7	7.8	13.0	7.4	10.2	8.5	12.0	7.1	15.7	9.3	10.8
Improvement of land	12.5	55.5	40.5	60.5	55.5	56.7	53.1	57.1	45.3	57.0	54.4
Current farm operation	1.1	5.1	0.5	2.3	0.5	3.7	0.3	4.0	0.3	1.0	1.9
Current farm operation	1.2	1.7	1.1	1.8	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.7	0.7	1.6	1.3
Current farm operation	1.3	1.5	1.1	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.7	0.7	1.6	1.3
Current farm operation	1.4	1.6	1.2	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.8	0.8	1.7	1.4
Current farm operation	1.5	1.7	1.3	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.9	0.9	1.8	1.5
Current farm operation	1.6	1.8	1.4	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.5	2.0	1.0	1.9	1.6
Current farm operation	1.7	1.9	1.5	2.1	1.8	1.8	1.6	2.1	1.1	2.0	1.7
Current farm operation	1.8	2.0	1.6	2.2	1.9	1.9	1.7	2.2	1.2	2.1	1.8
Current farm operation	1.9	2.1	1.7	2.3	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.3	1.3	2.2	1.9
Current farm operation	2.0	2.2	1.8	2.4	2.1	2.1	1.9	2.4	1.4	2.3	2.0
Current farm operation	2.1	2.3	1.9	2.5	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.5	1.5	2.4	2.1
Current farm operation	2.2	2.4	2.0	2.6	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.6	1.6	2.5	2.2
Current farm operation	2.3	2.5	2.1	2.7	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.7	1.7	2.6	2.3
Current farm operation	2.4	2.6	2.2	2.8	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.8	1.8	2.7	2.4
Current farm operation	2.5	2.7	2.3	2.9	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.9	1.9	2.8	2.5
Current farm operation	2.6	2.8	2.4	3.0	2.7	2.7	2.5	3.0	2.0	2.9	2.6
Current farm operation	2.7	2.9	2.5	3.1	2.8	2.8	2.6	3.1	2.1	3.0	2.7
Current farm operation	2.8	3.0	2.6	3.2	2.9	2.9	2.7	3.2	2.2	3.1	2.8
Current farm operation	2.9	3.1	2.7	3.3	3.0	3.0	2.8	3.3	2.3	3.2	2.9
Current farm operation	3.0	3.2	2.8	3.4	3.1	3.1	2.9	3.4	2.4	3.3	3.0
Current farm operation	3.1	3.3	2.9	3.5	3.2	3.2	3.0	3.5	2.5	3.4	3.1
Current farm operation	3.2	3.4	3.0	3.6	3.3	3.3	3.1	3.6	2.6	3.5	3.2
Current farm operation	3.3	3.5	3.1	3.7	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.7	2.7	3.6	3.3
Current farm operation	3.4	3.6	3.2	3.8	3.5	3.5	3.3	3.8	2.8	3.7	3.4
Current farm operation	3.5	3.7	3.3	3.9	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.9	2.9	3.8	3.5
Current farm operation	3.6	3.8	3.4	4.0	3.7	3.7	3.5	4.0	3.0	3.9	3.6
Current farm operation	3.7	3.9	3.5	4.1	3.8	3.8	3.6	4.1	3.1	4.0	3.7
Current farm operation	3.8	4.0	3.6	4.2	3.9	3.9	3.7	4.2	3.2	4.1	3.8
Current farm operation	3.9	4.1	3.7	4.3	4.0	4.0	3.8	4.3	3.3	4.2	3.9
Current farm operation	4.0	4.2	3.8	4.4	4.1	4.1	3.9	4.4	3.4	4.3	4.0
Current farm operation	4.1	4.3	3.9	4.5	4.2	4.2	4.0	4.5	3.5	4.4	4.1
Current farm operation	4.2	4.4	4.0	4.6	4.3	4.3	4.1	4.6	3.6	4.5	4.2
Current farm operation	4.3	4.5	4.1	4.7	4.4	4.4	4.2	4.7	3.7	4.6	4.3
Current farm operation	4.4	4.6	4.2	4.8	4.5	4.5	4.3	4.8	3.8	4.7	4.4
Current farm operation	4.5	4.7	4.3	4.9	4.6	4.6	4.4	4.9	3.9	4.8	4.5
Current farm operation	4.6	4.8	4.4	5.0	4.7	4.7	4.5	5.0	4.0	4.9	4.6
Current farm operation	4.7	4.9	4.5	5.1	4.8	4.8	4.6	5.1	4.1	5.0	4.7
Current farm operation	4.8	5.0	4.6	5.2	4.9	4.9	4.7	5.2	4.2	5.1	4.8
Current farm operation	4.9	5.1	4.7	5.3	5.0	5.0	4.8	5.3	4.3	5.2	4.9
Current farm operation	5.0	5.2	4.8	5.4	5.1	5.1	4.9	5.4	4.4	5.3	5.0
Current farm operation	5.1	5.3	4.9	5.5	5.2	5.2	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.4	5.1
Current farm operation	5.2	5.4	5.0	5.6	5.3	5.3	5.1	5.6	4.6	5.5	5.2
Current farm operation	5.3	5.5	5.1	5.7	5.4	5.4	5.2	5.7	4.7	5.6	5.3
Current farm operation	5.4	5.6	5.2	5.8	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.8	4.8	5.7	5.4
Current farm operation	5.5	5.7	5.3	5.9	5.6	5.6	5.4	5.9	4.9	5.8	5.5
Current farm operation	5.6	5.8	5.4	6.0	5.7	5.7	5.5	6.0	5.0	5.9	5.6
Current farm operation	5.7	5.9	5.5	6.1	5.8	5.8	5.6	6.1	5.1	6.0	5.7
Current farm operation	5.8	6.0	5.6	6.2	5.9	5.9	5.7	6.2	5.2	6.1	5.8
Current farm operation	5.9	6.1	5.7	6.3	6.0	6.0	5.8	6.3	5.3	6.2	5.9
Current farm operation	6.0	6.2	5.8	6.4	6.1	6.1	5.9	6.4	5.4	6.3	6.0
Current farm operation	6.1	6.3	5.9	6.5	6.2	6.2	6.0	6.5	5.5	6.4	6.1
Current farm operation	6.2	6.4	6.0	6.6	6.3	6.3	6.1	6.6	5.6	6.5	6.2
Current farm operation	6.3	6.5	6.1	6.7	6.4	6.4	6.2	6.7	5.7	6.6	6.3
Current farm operation	6.4	6.6	6.2	6.8	6.5	6.5	6.3	6.8	5.8	6.7	6.4
Current farm operation	6.5	6.7	6.3	6.9	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.9	5.9	6.8	6.5
Current farm operation	6.6	6.8	6.4	7.0	6.7	6.7	6.5	7.0	6.0	6.9	6.6
Current farm operation	6.7	6.9	6.5	7.1	6.8	6.8	6.6	7.1	6.1	7.0	6.7
Current farm operation	6.8	7.0	6.6	7.2	6.9	6.9	6.7	7.2	6.2	7.1	6.8
Current farm operation	6.9	7.1	6.7	7.3	7.0	7.0	6.8	7.3	6.3	7.2	6.9
Current farm operation	7.0	7.2	6.8	7.4	7.1	7.1	6.9	7.4	6.4	7.3	7.0
Current farm operation	7.1	7.3	6.9	7.5	7.2	7.2	7.0	7.5	6.5	7.4	7.1
Current farm operation	7.2	7.4	7.0	7.6	7.3	7.3	7.1	7.6	6.6	7.5	7.2
Current farm operation	7.3	7.5	7.1	7.7	7.4	7.4	7.2	7.7	6.7	7.6	7.3
Current farm operation	7.4	7.6	7.2	7.8	7.5	7.5	7.3	7.8	6.8	7.7	7.4
Current farm operation	7.5	7.7	7.3	7.9	7.6	7.6	7.4	7.9	6.9	7.8	7.5
Current farm operation	7.6	7.8	7.4	8.0	7.7	7.7	7.5	8.0	7.0	7.9	7.6
Current farm operation	7.7	7.9	7.5	8.1	7.8	7.8	7.6	8.1	7.1	8.0	7.7
Current farm operation	7.8	8.0	7.6	8.2	7.9	7.9	7.7	8.2	7.2	8.1	7.8
Current farm operation	7.9	8.1	7.7	8.3	8.0	8.0	7.8	8.3	7.3	8.2	7.9
Current farm operation	8.0	8.2	7.8	8.4	8.1	8.1	7.9	8.4	7.4	8.3	8.0
Current farm operation	8.1	8.3	7.9	8.5	8.2	8.2	8.0	8.5	7.5	8.4	8.1
Current farm operation	8.2	8.4	8.0	8.6	8.3	8.3	8.1	8.6	7.6	8.5	8.2
Current farm operation	8.3	8.5	8.1	8.7	8.4	8.4	8.2	8.7	7.7	8.6	8.3
Current farm operation	8.4	8.6	8.2	8.8	8.5	8.5	8.3	8.8	7.8	8.7	8.4
Current farm operation	8.5	8.7	8.3	8.9	8.6	8.6	8.4	8.9	7.9	8.8	8.5
Current farm operation	8.6	8.8	8.4	9.0	8.7	8.7	8.5	9.0	8.0	8.9	8.6
Current farm operation	8.7	8.9	8.5	9.1	8.8	8.8	8.6	9.1	8.1	9.0	8.7
Current farm operation	8.8	9.0	8.6	9.2	8.9	8.9	8.7	9.2	8.2	9.1	8.8
Current farm operation	8.9	9.1	8.7	9.3	9.0	9.0	8.8	9.3	8.3	9.2	8.9
Current farm operation	9.0	9.2	8.8	9.4	9.1	9.1	8.9	9.4	8.4	9.3	9.0
Current farm operation	9.1	9.3	8.9	9.5	9.2	9.2	9.0	9.5	8.5	9.4	9.1
Current farm operation	9.2	9.4	9.0	9.6	9.3	9.3	9.1	9.6	8.6	9.5	9.2
Current farm operation	9.3	9.5	9.1	9.7	9.4	9.4	9.2	9.7	8.7	9.6	9.3
Current farm operation	9.4	9.6	9.2	9.8	9.5	9.5	9.3	9.8	8.8	9.7	9.4
Current farm operation	9.5	9.7	9.3	9.9	9.6	9.6	9.4	9.9	8.9	9.8	9.5
Current farm operation	9.6	9.8	9.4	10.0	9.7	9.7	9.5	10.0	9.0	9.9	9.6
Current farm operation	9.7	9.9	9.5	10.1	9.8	9.8	9.6	10.1	9.1	10.0	9.7
Current farm operation	9.8	10.0	9.6	10.2	9.9	9.9	9.7	10.2	9.2	10.1	9.8
Current farm operation	9.9	10.1	9.7	10.3	10.0	10.0	9.8	10.3	9.3	10.2	9.9
Current farm operation	10.0	10.2	9.8	10.4	10.1	10.1	9.9	10.4	9.4	10.3	10.0
Current farm operation	10.1	10.3	9.9	10.5	10.2	10.2	10.0	10.5	9.5	10.4	10.1
Current farm operation	10.2	10.4	10.0	10.6	10.3	10.3	10.1	10.6	9.6	10.5	10.2
Current farm operation	10.3	10.5	10.1	10.7	10.4	10.4	10.2	10.7	9.7	10.6	10.3
Current farm operation	10.4	10.6	10.2	10.8	10.5	10.5	10.3	10.8	9.8	10.7	10.4
Current farm operation	10.5	10.7	10.3	10.9	10.6	10.6	10.4	10.9	9.9	10.8	10.5
Current farm operation	10.6	10.8	10.4	11.0	10.7	10.7	10.5	11.0	10.0	10.9	10.6
Current farm operation	10.7	10.9	10.5	11.1	10.8	10.8	10.6	11.1	10.1	11.0	10.7
Current farm operation	10.8	11.0	10.6	11.2	10.9	10.9	10.7	11.2	10.2	11.1	10.8
Current farm operation	10.9	11.1	10.7	11.3	11.0	11.0	10.8	11.3	10.3	11.2	10.9
Current farm operation	11.0	11.2	10.8	11.4	11.1	11.1	10.9	11.4	10.4	11.3	11.0
Current farm operation	11.1	11.3	10.9	11.5	11.2	11.2	11.0	11.5	10.5	11.4	11.1
Current farm operation	11.2	11.4	11.0	11.6	11.3	11.3	11.1	11.6	10.6	11.5	11.2
Current farm operation	11.3	11.5	11.1	11.7	11.4	11.4	11.2	11.7	10.7	11.6	11.3
Current farm operation	11.4	11.6	11.2	11.8	11.5	11.5	11.3	11.8	10.8	11.7	11.4
Current farm operation	11.5	11.7	11.3	11.9	11.6	11.6	11.4	11.9	10.9	11.8	11.5
Current farm operation	11.6	11.8	11.4	12.0	11.7	11.7	11.5	12.0	11.0	11.9	11.6
Current farm operation	11.7	11.9	11.5	12.1	11.8	11.8	11.6	12.1	11.1	12.0	11.7
Current farm operation	11.8	12.0	11.6	12.2	11.9	11.9	11.7	12.2	11.2	12.1	11.8
Current farm operation	11.9	12.1	11.7	12.3	12.0	12.0	11.8	12.3	11.3	12.2	11.9
Current farm operation	12.0	12.2	11.8	12.4	12.1	12.1	11.9	12.4	11.4	12.3	12.0
Current farm operation	12.1	12.3	11.9	12.5	12.2	12.2	12.0	12.5	11.5	12.4	12.1
Current farm operation	12.2	12.4	12.0	12.6	12.3	12.3	12.1	12.6	11.6	12.5	12.2
Current farm operation	12.3	12.5	12.1	12.7	12.4	12.4	12.2	12.7	11.7	12.6	12.3















showed that the average amount loaned to second- and third-period borrowers for the purposes specified was larger than for first-period borrowers. The average amount loaned to second- and third-period borrowers for the purposes specified was larger than for first-period borrowers. The average amount loaned to second- and third-period borrowers for the purposes specified was larger than for first-period borrowers.

Purposes for which loans were authorized	1/1/34 - 1/31/34	2/1/34 - 2/28/34	3/1/34 - 3/31/34
	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Capital goods	573	542	565
Machinery and equipment	179	357	280
Livestock and poultry	360	512	523
Improvement of land and buildings	306	315	149
Current farm non-operating expenses 2/	70	15	20
Current farm operating expenses	158	142	144
Debt settlement and refinancing	429	612	531
Family expenses	48	17	36
All other 2/	139	1	240
Total	903	910	913

Average not computed on a basis of fewer than 50 cases.

- 1/ Averages are based upon the number of borrowers authorized loans for specified purposes.
- 2/ Includes current rent, taxes, interest, recording fees, etc.
- 3/ Includes loans for which the purposes were not known or were not otherwise classifiable.

Note: A comparable table is also available for each Area in the Region.

This table shows the increase in the average amount loaned to second- and third-period borrowers for machinery and for improvement of land and buildings as compared to the amount loaned first-period borrowers. Loans for current farm operating and non-operating expenses averaged less for third-period than for second-period borrowers and less for second-period than for first-period borrowers, as would normally be expected. Livestock averaged only \$31 less for third-period than for first-period borrowers. Loans for debt settlement averaged largest for first-period borrowers and were larger for third than for first-period borrowers.



Table 110.--BORROWERS AUTHORIZED LOANS FOR SPECIFIED CAPITAL GOODS: NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BORROWERS AUTHORIZED BY FSA FOR SPECIFIED TYPES OF CAPITAL GOODS, BY STATES 1/

Type of capital goods for which loans were authorized	Total borrowers		Borrowers' State of residence at time of first standard loan			
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Cattle	1,748	70.5	74.3	65.5	72.8	
Hogs	87	3.4	3.1	3.2		
Poultry	85	3.3	2.1	3.2		
Workstock	1,625	65.3	65.4	65.5	60.8	
Tractors	57	2.3	1.0	1.0	5.1	
Both workstock and tractors 2/	36	1.5	0.9	0.6	3.3	
Total number of borrowers 3/	2,480		76	92		

- 1/ The percentage of borrowers authorized loans for each of the specified types of capital goods is under-reported to some extent because some borrowers were known to have been authorized loans for livestock or for machinery, although the type of livestock or machinery was not specified or was not classifiable into the specified types.
- 2/ Data for "both workstock and tractors" are also included in the data for "workstock" and for "tractors," each considered separately.
- 3/ Percentage for each item within States is based upon total number of borrowers in the State.

Note: The total and average amount authorized to borrowers is also available for each of the purposes and States designated in this table.

Seven out of every 10 borrowers received loans to buy cattle, 66 percent to buy workstock, 36 percent to buy hogs, 28 percent to buy poultry, and 2 percent to buy tractors. Less than 2 percent received loans for both a tractor and workstock. Cattle and hog loans were most frequent in Michigan but poultry loans were more frequent in that State than in either of the other two. Loans for hogs and tractors were most frequent in Minnesota. The proportion of borrowers receiving loans for workstock was about the same for each State.









Table 111. ALIQUOT OF LOANS FOR SPECIFIED CURRENT FARM OPERATING EXPENSES: Total amount and percentage of loans authorized to borrowers by FSA for specified types of current farm operating expenses by period of first standard FR loan and by specified year during which loans were authorized.

Types of operating expenses for which loans were authorized	Borrowers receiving first standard loan between			
	3/1/36-2/28/37	3/1/37-2/28/38	3/1/38-2/28/39	3/1/39-2/28/40
	Specified	Specified	Specified	Specified
	Percent of loans	Percent of loans	Percent of loans	Percent of loans
Total amount of loans	:(3/1/36-2/28/37):	:(3/1/37-2/28/38):	:(3/1/38-2/28/39):	:(3/1/39-2/28/40):
Percent of loans	:(3/1/36-2/28/37):	:(3/1/37-2/28/38):	:(3/1/38-2/28/39):	:(3/1/39-2/28/40):
Operating expenses	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.5
Gas, oil and grease	2.3	1.8	1.6	1.5
Other current expenses	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Total amount	\$187,862	\$203,109,875	\$229,029,205	\$24,783,120,610
Percent of loans	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.5
Total amount	\$187,862	\$203,109,875	\$229,029,205	\$24,783,120,610
Percent of loans	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.5

The operating expenses specified for gas and oil, fertilizer and lime, gas, oil and grease, and labor are authorized to be used for the purpose of operating the farm. The amount of loans authorized for these expenses is based on the type of expense and not classified into those specified types.

Table 112. ALIQUOT OF LOANS FOR SPECIFIED CURRENT FARM OPERATING EXPENSES: Total amount and percentage of loans authorized to borrowers by FSA for specified types of current farm operating expenses by period of first standard FR loan and by specified year during which loans were authorized.

The above information is for informational purposes only and does not constitute an offer of insurance. The amount of loans authorized for these expenses is based on the type of expense and not classified into those specified types.





Amount of loans					
authorized by the					
for family	total				
1949-1950	1949-1950				
	1949-1950				

\$1 to \$24	71	1.0	3.4	0.3	0.6
\$25 to \$49	18	0.7	0.9	0.3	0.2
\$50 to \$74	13	0.5	3.2	---	0.7
\$75 to \$99	32	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.7
\$100 to \$124	3	0.1	0.2	---	0.1
\$125 to \$149	1	---	0.2	---	---
\$150 to \$174	1	---	---	---	0.2
\$175 to \$199	---	---	---	---	---
\$200 to \$249	2	0.2	---	---	0.2
\$250 to \$299	1	---	0.1	---	---
\$300 and over	3	0.1	---	0.3	0.1
Total	74	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
ending	2.4	---	983	657	4.1

\* Less than 0.05 percent.

1/ The amount of loans for family expenses is under-reported to some extent because some borrowers were known to have been authorized loans for family expenses although the amount was not specified.

2/ A table is also available for each of the three years of financial standard loan with a cross-tabulation of amount of loans authorized for family expenses and amount of grants.

Only 5 percent of the borrowers were loaned money for family expenses. Most of the loans which were made were small; only 1 percent of the borrowers received \$75 or more.





Table 115. Repayments on loans made under the program, by date of first scheduled loan, by amount of first scheduled loan, by date of first scheduled loan, by amount of first scheduled loan, by date of first scheduled loan, by amount of first scheduled loan.

Repayment period	Total	100.00 to 199.99	200.00 to 499.99	500.00 to 999.99	1,000.00 and over
1940-1944	1,773	1,773	0	0	0
1945-1949	273	273	0	0	0
1950-1954	237	237	0	0	0
1955-1959	556	556	0	0	0
1960-1964	101	101	0	0	0
1965-1969	66	66	0	0	0
1970-1974	31	31	0	0	0
1975-1979	0	0	0	0	0
1980-1984	0	0	0	0	0
1985-1989	0	0	0	0	0
1990-1994	0	0	0	0	0
1995-1999	0	0	0	0	0
2000-2004	0	0	0	0	0
2005-2009	0	0	0	0	0
2010-2014	0	0	0	0	0
2015-2019	0	0	0	0	0
2020-2024	0	0	0	0	0
2025-2029	0	0	0	0	0
2030-2034	0	0	0	0	0
2035-2039	0	0	0	0	0
2040-2044	0	0	0	0	0
2045-2049	0	0	0	0	0
2050-2054	0	0	0	0	0
2055-2059	0	0	0	0	0
2060-2064	0	0	0	0	0
2065-2069	0	0	0	0	0
2070-2074	0	0	0	0	0
2075-2079	0	0	0	0	0
2080-2084	0	0	0	0	0
2085-2089	0	0	0	0	0
2090-2094	0	0	0	0	0
2095-2099	0	0	0	0	0
2100-2104	0	0	0	0	0
2105-2109	0	0	0	0	0
2110-2114	0	0	0	0	0
2115-2119	0	0	0	0	0
2120-2124	0	0	0	0	0
2125-2129	0	0	0	0	0
2130-2134	0	0	0	0	0
2135-2139	0	0	0	0	0
2140-2144	0	0	0	0	0
2145-2149	0	0	0	0	0
2150-2154	0	0	0	0	0
2155-2159	0	0	0	0	0
2160-2164	0	0	0	0	0
2165-2169	0	0	0	0	0
2170-2174	0	0	0	0	0
2175-2179	0	0	0	0	0
2180-2184	0	0	0	0	0
2185-2189	0	0	0	0	0
2190-2194	0	0	0	0	0
2195-2199	0	0	0	0	0
2200-2204	0	0	0	0	0
2205-2209	0	0	0	0	0
2210-2214	0	0	0	0	0
2215-2219	0	0	0	0	0
2220-2224	0	0	0	0	0
2225-2229	0	0	0	0	0
2230-2234	0	0	0	0	0
2235-2239	0	0	0	0	0
2240-2244	0	0	0	0	0
2245-2249	0	0	0	0	0
2250-2254	0	0	0	0	0
2255-2259	0	0	0	0	0
2260-2264	0	0	0	0	0
2265-2269	0	0	0	0	0
2270-2274	0	0	0	0	0
2275-2279	0	0	0	0	0
2280-2284	0	0	0	0	0
2285-2289	0	0	0	0	0
2290-2294	0	0	0	0	0
2295-2299	0	0	0	0	0
2300-2304	0	0	0	0	0
2305-2309	0	0	0	0	0
2310-2314	0	0	0	0	0
2315-2319	0	0	0	0	0
2320-2324	0	0	0	0	0
2325-2329	0	0	0	0	0
2330-2334	0	0	0	0	0
2335-2339	0	0	0	0	0
2340-2344	0	0	0	0	0
2345-2349	0	0	0	0	0
2350-2354	0	0	0	0	0
2355-2359	0	0	0	0	0
2360-2364	0	0	0	0	0
2365-2369	0	0	0	0	0
2370-2374	0	0	0	0	0
2375-2379	0	0	0	0	0
2380-2384	0	0	0	0	0
2385-2389	0	0	0	0	0
2390-2394	0	0	0	0	0
2395-2399	0	0	0	0	0
2400-2404	0	0	0	0	0
2405-2409	0	0	0	0	0
2410-2414	0	0	0	0	0
2415-2419	0	0	0	0	0
2420-2424	0	0	0	0	0
2425-2429	0	0	0	0	0
2430-2434	0	0	0	0	0
2435-2439	0	0	0	0	0
2440-2444	0	0	0	0	0
2445-2449	0	0	0	0	0
2450-2454	0	0	0	0	0
2455-2459	0	0	0	0	0
2460-2464	0	0	0	0	0
2465-2469	0	0	0	0	0
2470-2474	0	0	0	0	0
2475-2479	0	0	0	0	0
2480-2484	0	0	0	0	0
2485-2489	0	0	0	0	0
2490-2494	0	0	0	0	0
2495-2499	0	0	0	0	0
2500-2504	0	0	0	0	0
2505-2509	0	0	0	0	0
2510-2514	0	0	0	0	0
2515-2519	0	0	0	0	0
2520-2524	0	0	0	0	0
2525-2529	0	0	0	0	0
2530-2534	0	0	0	0	0
2535-2539	0	0	0	0	0
2540-2544	0	0	0	0	0
2545-2549	0	0	0	0	0
2550-2554	0	0	0	0	0
2555-2559	0	0	0	0	0
2560-2564	0	0	0	0	0
2565-2569	0	0	0	0	0
2570-2574	0	0	0	0	0
2575-2579	0	0	0	0	0
2580-2584	0	0	0	0	0
2585-2589	0	0	0	0	0
2590-2594	0	0	0	0	0
2595-2599	0	0	0	0	0
2600-2604	0	0	0	0	0
2605-2609	0	0	0	0	0
2610-2614	0	0	0	0	0
2615-2619	0	0	0	0	0
2620-2624	0	0	0	0	0
2625-2629	0	0	0	0	0
2630-2634	0	0	0	0	0
2635-2639	0	0	0	0	0
2640-2644	0	0	0	0	0
2645-2649	0	0	0	0	0
2650-2654	0	0	0	0	0
2655-2659	0	0	0	0	0
2660-2664	0	0	0	0	0
2665-2669	0	0	0	0	0
2670-2674	0	0	0	0	0
2675-2679	0	0	0	0	0
2680-2684	0	0	0	0	0
2685-2689	0	0	0	0	0
2690-2694	0	0	0	0	0
2695-2699	0	0	0	0	0
2700-2704	0	0	0	0	0
2705-2709	0	0	0	0	0
2710-2714	0	0	0	0	0
2715-2719	0	0	0	0	0
2720-2724	0	0	0	0	0
2725-2729	0	0	0	0	0
2730-2734	0	0	0	0	0
2735-2739	0	0	0	0	0
2740-2744	0	0	0	0	0
2745-2749	0	0	0	0	0
2750-2754	0	0	0	0	0
2755-2759	0	0	0	0	0
2760-2764	0	0	0	0	0
2765-2769	0	0	0	0	0
2770-2774	0	0	0	0	0
2775-2779	0	0	0	0	0
2780-2784	0	0	0	0	0
2785-2789	0	0	0	0	0
2790-2794	0	0	0	0	0
2795-2799	0	0	0	0	0
2800-2804	0	0	0	0	0
2805-2809	0	0	0	0	0
2810-2814	0	0	0	0	0
2815-2819	0	0	0	0	0
2820-2824	0	0	0	0	0
2825-2829	0	0	0	0	0
2830-2834	0	0	0	0	0
2835-2839	0	0	0	0	0
2840-2844	0	0	0	0	0
2845-2849	0	0	0	0	0
2850-2854	0	0	0	0	0
2855-2859	0	0	0	0	0
2860-2864	0	0	0	0	0
2865-2869	0	0	0	0	0
2870-2874	0	0	0	0	0
2875-2879	0	0	0	0	0
2880-2884	0	0	0	0	0
2885-2889	0	0	0	0	0
2890-2894	0	0	0	0	0
2895-2899	0	0	0	0	0
2900-2904	0	0	0	0	0
2905-2909	0	0	0	0	0
2910-2914	0	0	0	0	0
2915-2919	0	0	0	0	0
2920-2924	0	0	0	0	0
2925-2929	0	0	0	0	0
2930-2934	0	0	0	0	0
2935-2939	0	0	0	0	0
2940-2944	0	0	0	0	0
2945-2949	0	0	0	0	0
2950-2954	0	0	0	0	0
2955-2959	0	0	0	0	0
2960-2964	0	0	0	0	0
2965-2969	0	0	0	0	0
2970-2974	0	0	0	0	0
2975-2979	0	0	0	0	0
2980-2984	0	0	0	0	0
2985-2989	0	0	0	0	0
2990-2994	0	0	0	0	0
2995-2999	0	0	0	0	0
3000-3004	0	0	0	0	0
3005-3009	0	0	0	0	0
3010-3014	0	0	0	0	0
3015-3019	0	0	0	0	0
3020-3024	0	0	0	0	0
3025-3029	0	0	0	0	0
3030-3034	0	0	0	0	0
3035-3039	0	0	0	0	0
3040-3044	0	0	0	0	0
3045-3049	0	0	0	0	0
3050-3054	0	0	0	0	0
3055-3059	0	0	0	0	0
3060-3064	0	0	0	0	0
3065-3069	0	0	0	0	0
3070-3074	0	0	0	0	0
3075-3079	0	0	0	0	0
3080-3084	0	0	0	0	0
3085-3089	0	0	0	0	0
3090-3094	0	0	0	0	0
3095-3099	0	0	0	0	0
3100-3104	0	0	0	0	0
3105-3109	0	0	0	0	0
3110-3114	0	0	0	0	0
3115-3119	0	0	0	0	0
3120-3124	0	0	0	0	0
3125-3129	0	0	0	0	0
3130-3134	0	0	0	0	0
3135-3139	0	0	0	0	0
3140-3144	0	0	0	0	0
3145-3149	0	0	0	0	0
3150-3154	0	0	0	0	0



Tables 115, 116

Table 115, studied in conjunction with table 114, shows that although 28 percent of the borrowers were originally scheduled to make no repayments before February 28, 1939, only 15 percent made no repayments; more borrowers than expected made repayments. Only 1 borrower in 83 of those who received the first loan during 1936-37 made no repayments; this was true of about 1 in 23 of those with loans during 1937-38. Of the third-period borrowers, 38 percent made no repayments as compared to the 82 percent not supposed to make any before February 1939. Third-period borrowers thus did much better than originally scheduled.

Table 116 shows that usually repayments made varied from the original schedule. Over half of the borrowers not scheduled to make any repayments by February 1939 did make repayments. More than half of those scheduled to repay something, but less than \$375, met their schedule or did better, while about one-third of the borrowers scheduled to repay \$375 or more did as good or better than planned at the time the loans were first made.





1. Repayment of loans made before and after January 1, 1934, and before and after January 1, 1935, by number of loans made standard in June 1934.

Repayment made before 2/28/39	Total borrowers	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
\$1 to \$24		395	15.9	6.6	10.4	31.2	
\$25 to \$74		372	15.0	10.5	20.2	15.6	
\$75 to \$249		314	12.7	19.4	15.4	2.6	
\$250 to \$374		183	7.4	12.8	7.8	0.7	
\$375 to \$499		182	7.3	14.9	4.9	0.5	
\$500 to \$749		40	1.6	3.1	1.5		
\$750 to \$1,249		8	0.3	0.7	0.2		
\$1,250 to \$2,499		5	0.2	0.4	0.2		
\$2,500 and over							
Total		XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting		2,480		983	657	30	

1/ Standard loan was received for borrowers receiving a loan other than standard in an earlier period.



# For Administrative Use Only Region VI

Table 114 - REPAYMENTS BY MONTHLY AND REPAYMENT PERIODS. Number of payments received classified by amount originally scheduled to be repaid before February 28, 1939 and by repayment made before February 28, 1939

Amount originally scheduled to be repaid before 2/28/39	Total	Total repayments made before 2/28/39											
		\$1 to \$62	\$63 to \$124	\$125 to \$249	\$250 to \$499	\$500 to \$749	\$750 to \$999	\$1,000 to \$1,499	\$1,500 to \$1,999	\$2,000 to \$2,499	\$2,500 and over	Total	
2/28/39													
No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
\$0	694	302	218	92	62	11	4	4	1	2	2	2	2
\$1 to \$62	66	3	20	31	8	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$63 to \$124	237	10	39	81	74	22	5	5	1	1	1	1	1
\$125 to \$249	536	26	59	81	231	83	42	19	12	4	4	4	4
\$250 to \$499	406	10	36	50	98	101	56	40	12	4	1	1	1
\$500 to \$749	209	4	10	19	37	47	31	33	18	9	1	1	1
\$750 to \$999	66	1	3	2	8	8	12	18	2	1	1	1	1
\$1,000 to \$1,499	31	2	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
\$1,500 to \$1,999	8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$2,000 to \$2,499	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$2,500 and over	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total	2,480	361	595	372	550	314	183	182	70	40	8	8	8

1/ Exclusive of repayments scheduled to be made before period during which first standard loan was received for borrower's receiving a loan other than standard in an earlier period.  
2/ Exclusive of repayments made before period during which first standard loan was received for borrower's receiving a loan other than standard in an earlier period.

Notes: A comparable table is also available for each of the three periods of first standard loan.





Tables 117, 118, 119

Only 1 borrower in 10 had his loan renewed before February 28, 1939. Most of those with renewals had been on the program from 2 to 3 years. Loans were renewed before February 28, 1939 by 20 percent of the borrowers receiving first loans during 1936-37, by 6 percent of those with first standard loans during 1937-38, and by less than 1 percent of those with first loans during 1938-39.

Tables 117, 118, and 119 must be used with caution, because the repayment schedules refer to the original and not the revised schedules. In addition, repayments include interest but scheduled repayments do not.

However, table 117 shows that only 2 percent of the borrowers had scheduled repayments and failed to repay anything by February 28, 1939. Nearly two-thirds of the borrowers did as good or better than planned on repayments; 14 percent made repayments although it was not planned they should until after March 1, 1939, 77 percent repaid about as much or more than originally scheduled, and 12 percent were not scheduled to make repayments and made none. About 52 percent of the first-period, 55 percent of the second-period, and 89 percent of the third-period borrowers did as well or better than originally scheduled.

Forty-seven percent of the third-period borrowers made repayments although they had none scheduled by the end of the period covered by the study.

Tables 118 and 119, considered together, show that Wisconsin borrowers repaid 25 percent more than the amount originally scheduled to be repaid by February 28, 1939 while Michigan borrowers repaid 90 percent and Minnesota borrowers 84 percent of the amount scheduled to be repaid. For the Region, the second- and third-period borrowers repaid 5 and 104 percent, respectively, more than originally scheduled to be repaid while the first-period borrowers repaid 90 percent of the amount first scheduled. Sixty-eight percent of the amount originally scheduled to be repaid before February 28, 1939 was repaid.





Table 117.—RENEWALS AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED REPAYMENTS MADE: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by percentage of scheduled repayments made before February 28, 1939 and by whether or not loans were renewed or extended before February 28, 1939 and by period of first standard RR loan 1/

Percentage of scheduled repayments made before 2/28/39	Total borrowers	Borrowers receiving first standard loan between											
		3/1/36-2/28/37				3/1/37-2/28/38				3/1/38-2/28/39			
		Not		Not		Not		Not		Not		Not	
		Re-	re-	Re-	re-	Re-	re-	Re-	re-	Re-	re-	Re-	re-
		Total	new	Total	new	Total	new	Total	new	Total	new	Total	new
		No.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
No repayments, but repayments scheduled	59	2.4	1.2	1.5	1.1	4.4	*	4.7	2.1	*	*	2.2	
Less than 30.0	210	8.5	11.7	16.2	10.6	9.9	*	9.2	3.6	*	*	3.4	
30.0 to 49.9	172	6.9	10.1	13.8	9.2	8.1	*	7.6	2.4	*	*	2.4	
50.0 to 69.9	222	9.0	13.1	17.7	12.0	12.2	*	11.8	1.6	*	*	1.4	
70.0 to 89.9	197	7.9	11.5	14.1	10.3	10.7	*	10.7	1.7	*	*	1.4	
90.0 to 109.9	246	9.9	14.9	15.7	14.8	11.9	*	12.3	2.5	*	*	2.6	
110.0 to 129.9	193	7.9	10.9	8.1	11.6	12.0	*	12.1	1.2	*	*	1.2	
130.0 to 149.9	84	3.4	4.7	2.6	5.2	6.3	*	5.5	0.4	*	*	0.4	
150.0 to 199.9	191	7.7	12.2	8.6	13.1	10.0	*	10.2	0.6	*	*	0.6	
200.0 and over	209	8.4	9.7	2.0	11.6	15.2	*	15.9	1.7	*	*	1.7	
No repayments, no repayments scheduled	302	12.2	---	---	---	---	*	---	36.0	*	*	36.2	
Repayments, no repayments scheduled	392	15.8	---	---	---	0.3	*	0.3	46.3	*	*	46.6	
Total	LII	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	*	100.0	100.0	*	*	100.0	
Number reporting		2,480	983	198	785	657	39	618	840	5	836		

\* Percentage not computed on a base of fewer than 50 cases.

1/ Exclusive of repayments scheduled and repayments made before period during which first standard loan was received for borrowers receiving a loan other than standard in an earlier period.

1. The first part of the report is a general introduction to the subject of the study. It discusses the importance of the problem and the objectives of the research.

2. The second part of the report is a detailed description of the methods used in the study. It includes a discussion of the experimental design, the data collection procedures, and the statistical analysis techniques.

3. The third part of the report is a presentation of the results of the study. It includes a discussion of the findings, the interpretation of the data, and the conclusions drawn from the research.

4. The fourth part of the report is a discussion of the implications of the study. It includes a discussion of the theoretical and practical significance of the findings and the suggestions for further research.

5. The fifth part of the report is a summary of the study. It includes a brief overview of the main points of the report and a final conclusion.

6. The sixth part of the report is a list of references. It includes a list of the books, articles, and other sources used in the study.

7. The seventh part of the report is an appendix. It includes a list of the tables, figures, and other supplementary material used in the study.

8. The eighth part of the report is a glossary. It includes a list of the terms and symbols used in the study and their meanings.

9. The ninth part of the report is a bibliography. It includes a list of the books, articles, and other sources used in the study.

10. The tenth part of the report is a list of the authors' names and their affiliations. It includes a list of the names of the authors and the institutions to which they are affiliated.



Table 118. - TOTAL REPAYMENTS SCHEDULED: Total amount of loans originally scheduled to be repaid to FRA before February 28, 1939, by period of borrowers' first standard RR loan, by States 1/

Borrowers' State:	Amount originally scheduled to be repaid			
of residence at :	before 2/28/39 by borrowers receiving			
time of first : Total :	first standard loan between			
standard loan : amount :	3/1/36-2/28/37	3/1/37-2/28/38	3/1/38-2/28/39	
	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Wisconsin	175,964	128,083	45,034	4,841
Michigan	181,971	137,729	32,149	12,108
Minnesota	217,545	135,033	71,784	6,724
Total, all States	575,482	399,836	148,972	23,674
Total number				
of borrowers	2,480	983	657	840

1/ Exclusive of repayments scheduled to be made before period during which first standard loan was received for borrowers receiving a loan other than standard in an earlier period.

(26HT)

Table 119. - TOTAL REPAYMENTS MADE: Total amount of repayments made to FRA before February 28, 1939 by period of borrowers' first standard RR loan, by States 1/

Borrowers' State:	Repayments made before 2/28/39 by			
of residence at :	borrowers receiving first			
time of first : Total :	standard loan between			
standard loan : amount :	3/1/36-2/28/37	3/1/37-2/28/38	3/1/38-2/28/39	
	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Wisconsin	220,074	145,106	57,803	17,155
Michigan	163,847	110,777	34,528	18,942
Minnesota	175,736	102,339	63,757	12,640
Total, all States	562,657	357,822	156,088	48,747
Total number				
of borrowers	2,480	983	657	840

1/ Exclusive of repayments made before period during which first standard loan was received for borrowers receiving a loan other than standard in an earlier period.





the 1936-37 period, 1937-38, and 1938-39, respectively. The number of grants received during each of these periods is shown in the following table:

Periods during which grants were received:		Number receiving first standard loan during period:		Number receiving second standard loan during period:		Number receiving third standard loan during period:	
between	total	1936-37	1937-38	1938-39	1936-37	1937-38	1938-39
1936-2/28/39	100	33	160	204	1.3	6.5	8.2
1936-37 only	33	33			1.3		
1936-37;							
1937-38	160		160			12.4	
1936-37; 1937-38;							
1938-39	204			204			16.1
1936-37;							
1938-39	3			3			0.1
1936-37 only	123	123			5.0		
1936-37;							
1938-39	177			177			14.1
1936-37 only	240	240			9.7		
1936-37;							
1938-39	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	2,480	983	666	831			
1936-37	181	181			18.1		
1937-38	666		666			26.9	
1938-39	633			633			25.2

Note: A table is also available, for each of the three periods of first standard loan and for all periods combined, with a cross-tabulation of periods during which grants were received and number of standard loans authorized.

Nearly two-thirds, 62 percent, of the borrowers did not receive any grants between March 1, 1936 and February 28, 1939. This was true for 59, 53, and 77 percent of the first-, second-, and third-period borrowers, respectively. Fifteen percent received grants at some time during the 3-year, 14 percent during 2 years, and 8 percent during all 3 years. One out of every 6 first-period borrowers received grants at some time during each of the 3 years covered by the study. During 1937-38 and 1938-39, about 1 out of every 4 borrowers received grants as compared to only 1 out of 6 during 1936-37.



121.-AMOUNT OF GRANTS: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by amount of grants received before February 28, 1939, by period of first standard RR loan 1/

Amount of grants received before 2/28/39	Total borrowers	Borrowers receiving first standard loan between			
		3/1/37-2/28/37	3/1/37-2/28/38	3/1/38-2/28/39	
10	1,563	62.9	51.8	58.2	80.0
\$11 to \$24	67	2.7	2.2	2.7	2.9
\$25 to \$49	163	6.6	6.0	8.5	5.7
\$50 to \$74	183	7.4	7.2	10.2	5.4
\$75 to \$99	118	4.8	6.4	5.8	2.0
\$100 to \$149	168	6.8	10.4	7.2	2.4
\$150 to \$399	81	3.3	5.4	3.7	0.5
\$400 to \$599	32	1.3	7.4	2.2	0.2
\$600 to \$999	32	1.3	2.4	1.2	—
\$1000 to \$4999	14	0.6	1.3	0.2	—
\$5000 and over	1	*	0.1	—	—
Total	2,411	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Enter 1939-40	2,412	91	157	82	—

\* Less than 0.05 percent.

1/ Amount received from beginning of period of first standard loan through February 28, 1939.

Note: A table is also available for each of the three periods of first standard loan with a cross-tabulation of amount of grants and amount of loans authorized for family expenses.

Nearly two-thirds of all borrowers received no grants during or after the period of the first standard loan; this was true for 52, 58, and 80 percent of the first-, second-, and third-period borrowers, respectively. Twenty-seven, 11, and 3 percent of the borrowers in the 3 respective periods received \$100 or more in grants.





Table 122. GRANTS IN RELATION TO REPAYMENTS: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by grants received in relation to repayments made after period of first standard loan and before February 28, 1939, by period of first standard RR loan.

Relation of grants to repayments	Total		Borrowers receiving first standard loan between	
	Number	Percent	3/1/36- 2/28/37	3/1/37- 2/28/38
No grants, no repayments	92	5.6	4.2	7.7
No grants, some repayments	905	55.1	50.0	62.8
Some grants, no repayments	41	2.5	1.9	3.3
Some grants, some repayments	602	35.8	43.9	26.2
Grants as percentage of repayments				
Less than 30	213	13.0	16.2	7.2
30.0 to 49.9	113	6.9	0.0	3.2
50.0 to 69.9	66	4.0	4.1	4.0
70.0 to 89.9	52	3.2	2.0	2.0
90.0 to 109.9	26	1.6	1.7	1.4
110.0 to 129.9	24	1.5	1.7	1.1
130.0 to 149.9	18	1.1	0.9	1.4
150.0 to 199.9	34	2.1	3.1	0.6
200.0 and over	56	3.4	3.5	3.3
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	1,640		981	657

1/ Exclusive of borrowers receiving first standard loan between 3/1/38-2/28/39.

Half of the first-period borrowers and nearly two-thirds of the second-period borrowers made repayments but received no grants following the period of the first standard loan.

Over two-fifths, 44 percent, of the first-period borrowers made repayments and also received some grants after their first year on RR; 11 percent received grants in excess of repayments. Of the second-period borrowers only one-fourth made repayments and also received some grants, 10 percent received more in grants than they repaid on loans.





Table 123.--DEBT ADJUSTMENT: Number and percentage of standard loan  
 borrowers classified by type of debt adjustment service  
 received through FSA before February 1, 1938, by period  
 of first standard loan 1/

Type of debt adjustment	Total		Borrowers receiving debt adjustment service			
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Debt reduction	235	9.5	5.7	15.4	3.2	
Adjustments other than debt reduction 2/	16	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.5	
Adjustments, type unknown:						
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	2,480		983	657	340	

1/ Borrowers receiving debt reduction and additional type of debt adjustment are included only in the "debt reduction" classification.

2/ Includes extension of payments, interest rate reductions, etc.

Note: A comparable table is also available for each Area in the Region.

One borrower in 10 had his debts reduced through FSA's debt-adjustment service. Six, 15, and 9 percent of the first-, second-, and third-period borrowers, respectively, had their debts reduced.

Only a few borrowers had other forms of debt adjustment than debt reduction.



ITEMS ON PUNCH CARD  
 For Each Borrower Included in  
 Study of PSA Standard Loan RR Borrowers

This list of items on the punch card prepared for each borrower is included with this set of tabular data because it summarizes the type of information obtained from the records in the regional offices which is being used in the detailed analyses. The number entered parenthetically after the items indicates the number of classes into which each is broken down for analytical purposes.

<u>Punch card</u> <u>column</u>	<u>Item and number of classes for each item</u>
1	Region
2	State (or comparable area)
3	Period borrower received first standard RR loan (3)
4, 5	County
6, 7	Line number (case identification on transcription sheets)
8, 9	Number of crop years between first standard RR loan and last available record of performance after entry on standard RR program, in combination with period of first standard RR loan and specified last year of record (11)
10	Total amount of all loans received (12)
11	Number of standard loans authorized (6)
12*	Amount originally scheduled to be repaid (12)
13	Amount of repayments made (12)
14	Amount of grants received (12)
15	Debt reduction (2)
16*	Tenure status year before RR (7)

\* Data for Region III not comparable with data for other 11 Regions





Final Card  
Follows

Item and number of classes for each item

- 17#      Taxes on the year of last RR record (7)
- 18#      Type and length of lease year before RR (9)
- 19#      Type and length of lease year of last RR record (9)
- 20#      Receipts from AAA year before RR (12)
- 21      Receipts from off-farm work year before RR (12)
- 22      Family operating expenses year before RR (12)
- 23      Net cash income, year before RR (12)
- 24#      Receipts from AAA year of last RR record (12)
- 25      Receipts from off-farm work year of last RR record (12)
- 26#      Major source of receipts year before RR (12)
- 27#      Major source of receipts year of last RR record (12)
- 28      Family operating expenses year of last RR record (12)
- 29      Net cash income year of last RR record (12)
- 30#      Number of agricultural enterprises year before RR (12)
- 31#      Number of agricultural enterprises year of last RR record (12)
- 32      Acres in crops year before RR (10)
- 33      Size of farm year before RR (10)
- 34#      Garden year before RR (4)
- 35      Acres in crops year of last RR record (12)
- 36      Size of farm year of last RR record (10)
- 37#      Garden year of last RR record (4)
- 38#      Number of cows at time of first standard RR loan (12)

\* Data for Region III not available  
\*\* Not available for Region III



Item	Number of answers for each item
39**	Number of cows at time of last RR record (12)
40**	Number of sows at time of first standard RR loan (11)
41**	Number of sows at time of last RR record (11)
42**	Number of hens at time of first standard RR loan (11)
43**	Number of hens at time of last RR record (11)
44**	Number of times changed farms since first standard RR loan (6)
45*	Repayments made as percentage of scheduled repayments (12)
46	Grants as percentage of repayments made subsequent to period of first standard loan (12)
47	Farm receipts year before RR (12)
48	Amount change in farm receipts from year before RR to year of last RR record (12)
49	Total cash receipts, excluding loans, year before RR (12)
50	Amount change in total cash receipts, excluding loans, from year before RR to year of last RR record (12)
51	Farm receipts as percentage of total cash receipts, year before RR (12)
52	Farm receipts as percentage of total cash receipts, year of last RR record (12)
53	Actual as percentage of planned total cash receipts in 1933-37 (8)
54	Value of farm land and buildings owned at time of first standard RR loan (12)
55***	Value of livestock and equipment owned at time of first standard RR loan (12)

\* Data for Region III not comparable with data for other 11 Regions

\*\* Not available for Region III

\*\*\* Data for Region X not comparable with data for other 11 Regions



Item and number of classes for each item

- 45 Value of assets at time of first standard RR loan (12)
- 57 Amount change in value of farm land and buildings owned from time of first standard loan to time of last RR record (12)
- 58 Amount change in value of livestock and equipment owned from time of first standard loan to time of last RR record (12)
- 59 Liabilities at time of first standard RR loan (12)
- 60 Amount change in liabilities from time of first standard loan to time of last RR record (12)
- 61 Net worth, including farm real estate, at time of first standard RR loan (12)
- 62 Liabilities as percentage of assets at time of first standard RR loan (12)
- 63 Net worth, excluding farm real estate, at time of first standard RR loan (12)
- 64 Amount change in net worth, including farm real estate, from time of first standard loan to time of last RR record (12)
- 65 Amount change in net worth, excluding farm real estate, from time of first standard loan to time of last RR record (12)
- 66 Amount of loans authorized for capital goods (12)
- 67 Amount of loans authorized for debt settlement and re-financing (12)
- 68 Amount of loan authorized for family expenses (12)
- 69 Amount of loan authorized for current farm operating and non-operating expenses and family expenses (12)
- 70 A. Years on farm to be operated crop year of first standard RR loan (4)  
B. Relief aid received prior to first standard RR loan (3)
- 71 Family type (10)

\* Data for Region III not comparable with data for other 11 Regions  
\*\* Data for Region X not comparable with data for other 11 Regions





- 73 Age of head (7)
- 74 Education of head (12)
- 75\* Number of male youth (nonheads) aged 16-24 (5)
- 76\*\* Disabilities of head and other family members (5)
- 77\* A. Status of borrower on FSA standard RR program as of February 28, 1939 (8)  
B. Loans renewed or extended (2)
- 78 A. Color (3)  
B. Years during which grants received (8)

\* Data for Region III not comparable with data for other 11 Regions  
\*\* Not available for Region III

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